

THE WOMAN VOTER

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No. 21



New Year Greetings

The New Year brings to Women a field of usefulness such as we have never before enjoyed.

Education, enfranchisement, opportunity, an awakened conscience, spiritual enlightenment—all these attend our entrance into the new era.

Amid the confusion and uncertainty of changing world conditions, Woman's path is clearly marked and is less hedged by entangling customs than ever before.

Let us resolve for the New Year to follow this path of service and to help others to find it. Let us give ourselves to study and promotion of child welfare, higher standards of education and social hygiene, law enforcement, cleaner political methods, and to keep our minds free from bitterness and prejudice.

May Christ's spirit of Love and Justice attend us on our way.

Helen M. Beardsley

THE WOMAN VOTER

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Women Voters

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The season's greetings, with all good wishes for a Happy New Year in helpful service, to try to bring about a better international understanding that will put the world many steps forward toward the great goal of Peace on Earth, Good Will Toward Men.

The past year has been one to look back upon with grateful hearts that the Disarmament Conference has proved a success and we commend President Harding and our American delegates for their wise, straightforward, unafraid utterances and propositions, on the subjects under consideration and express our abiding faith and confidence in their ability to accomplish the desired results.

Disarmament cannot be expected at once and we realize we are only at the foot of the climb—but our spokesmen have made a most successful start which, with the pressure of public sentiment backing the project, it is bound to win. Our spokesmen have but one way to know the will of the people, and that is through the people's expressed comments, and every voter's wish has weight, therefore in this great movement for universal disarmament, I urge you to never allow an opportunity for approval or commendation to go by, no matter how many times before you have written, telegraphed or spoken.

To stand firm for a just and righteous cause needs much encouragement and push, from the thinking peoples who help to mould public sentiment by their generous support through written or spoken words. Do not let any one discourage you by saying, "It does no good." We know the force of expressed public opinion and the hour has come to strike.

We are all of one mind that war is an unnecessary, wasteful, inhuman, brutal way to settle disagreements and heartily approve an Association of Nations founded upon good will and not force, as proposed by President Harding and must put all our strength and influence behind the movement where men and women of all nations may sit down together and adjust matters of importance to the well being of the peoples of the world in a sane, intelligent, Christian way. No nation can be selfishly set apart — what affects one vitally, sooner or later permeates the whole world.

Aside from letters and telegrams that can be used to advantage at all times, when warranted, I would urge Disarmament Forums with intelligent leaders, taking up the questions under discussion in the Conferences, Senate or Congress, such as the submarine which now seems the all-important question and the poisonous gases, etc., and not failing to pass suitable resolutions to be sent on to proper persons. Correct information brings sound public sentiment. Continue the petitions until every woman in your county has signed. Distribute all the literature you possibly can afford — write Congressional headquarters, 918 Munsey Bldg., Washington, D. C., for "List of Publications" and use them; it is money well spent. Keep in touch with "National Council for Limitation of Armaments", 532-17th St., N. W. Washington, D. C., and the "Foreign Policy Association", 3 West 29th Street, New York City—they send out Harry Emerson Fosdick's Sermon (5c) on "Shall We End War?" well worth reading and distributing, as is Will Ervin's book, "The Next War."

It seems now or never, so work and pray without ceasing, and in due time Victory.

ELIZABETH CLAYPOOL EARL.

State Chairman, Committee on Reduction of Armament by International Agreement.

INDEPENDENT CITIZENSHIP FOR WOMEN

At the meeting of the Directors of the National League of Women Voters held in Chicago recently, the decision was made to make the question of independent citizenship for women the next item on the League's general program to receive active support. A bill is being introduced into Congress embodying the principle that an American woman while she continues to reside in the United States shall not lose her citizenship through marriage to a foreigner. And that hereafter no foreign-born woman will become an American citizen through marriage alone—she must take out naturalization papers for herself. Under present laws marriage to an American has conferred on foreign-born women the rights of full citizenship, in many cases without the women even knowing of the change in their status, and in many other cases without their being at all ready for the rights and privileges of American citizenship.

It is also true that the present law causes an American-born woman to automatically lose her citizenship through marriage to a foreign-born man who has not been naturalized.

Mrs. Edwards, first national vice-president of the League, stated to The Woman Voter: "There are many National issues in which women are actively interested, but just at this time while the re-organization of Federal Department is pending and there is a nation-wide insistence on reduction of federal expenditures and consequently of federal taxes, it seemed wise to ask for no legislation that will require new appropriations."

"There is other legislation pending which we are following closely. But we feel that our efforts for better standards of citizenship will be aided by the passage of this bill which would secure citizenship for American-born women and require foreign-born women to go through the same process of naturalization, as is required of foreign-born men. It is important to make clear that this bill will not take away the right of citizenship from any foreign-born woman who now has it, so that it will in no way affect conditions now existing in the various states."

Through the Woman's Congressional Committee, representing fourteen National organizations of women, in Washington, women are watching with deep interest to see how far the political parties are making good on their platform promises. In the recent passage of the maternity and infancy bill is seen the redemption of President Harding's promise made in his speech at Marion on Social Justice Day, and in his message to the special session of congress and then also this fulfills a pledge in the Democratic party platform.

Another plank in each of the party platforms and endorsed by leaders of both Republican and Democratic National Conventions last year was the resolution favoring independent citizenship for married women

"WHAT'S THE LIMIT"?

Is the title of a really great picture relating to the Washington Peace Conference. The film has been prepared by the Educational Films Corporation and has just been released. This is the first picture ever made urging Disarmament. It is a striking argument, well depicted. Everyone who is willing to do something to help accomplish world peace, should urge her local motion picture theaters to show this film—"What's the Limit?" by Ollendorff. The film runs for only eight minutes and if you request it, surely the theater manager will include it in his list of educational films to be shown.

Ask for it, insist upon it, have the date announced, and urge every one you possibly can to see it. The necessity for Disarmament must be kept continually before the minds of the people. This is just one way for you to help.

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THE GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY INSTITUTE

By Miss Belle Sherwin, National Chairman.

The institute of the Department of Efficiency in Government, held in Chicago, December 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 1921, realized its main purpose—to consider "How Can the People Control the Government", both from the point of view of practical political experience and from that of the political scientist's interest in governmental reform. It was not intended to offer a program of reforms guaranteed to ensure popular control of government. The object was rather to provide the means of demonstrating the factors, in the failure of our election system, and of creating a wide-spread understanding of the practical necessity for participation in all the election processes, for the simplification of those processes and the ballot, and for a true principle of representation by which every vote can be made to count.

Most of the men who spoke have been actively engaged in politics, many of the women attending each session had had experience in getting out the women's vote in recent municipal elections. Therefore, the discussion of who votes, for whom we vote, by what means we vote, whom we elect and who controls elections and why, was never anything but practical.

It is expected that discussions of those topics will be held as a part of the program of Efficiency in Government in the ten states represented at the Institute and from the same point of view, using the same method wherever possible. A school of two or three days is not necessary. In fact, the program of the Institute was planned so that it could be broken up into several subjects for single meetings of local leagues, such as the Problem of Getting Out the Whole Vote, the Direct Primary Goes Hand in Hand with Democracy, What's the Matter With Our Ballot, Whose Vote Counts, the Necessity for Popular Knowledge of Election Laws.

It is recommended that each program begin or end in a practical inquiry of one kind or another, such as a thorough canvass of a small area, on why women do not vote, or in conferences with political workers on the convention and primary, or with officials of local election boards on ballots and election methods. Every program maker should consider introducing talks by men of political experience with an effort to get both the optimist's and pessimist's point of view concerning the machinery of voting and proposed reforms. Illustrations by lantern slides or actual ballot forms and demonstrations of methods of voting should be used wherever they can be arranged.

The outstanding recommendation of the Institute was that each state prepare a popular digest of its own Election Laws with the intention of putting it in women's hands generally before the next primaries and making it the means of training women to become officials. The Department of Efficiency in Government has already begun upon a plan which will be proposed individually to the State Leagues for their immediate cooperation.

The subject matter of the Institute can hardly be summarized briefly. Mr. Merriam condensed the discussion on the Direct Primary into the sentence, "The primary is as successful as democracy is and for the same reason." Mr. Hatton put his case for the Short Ballot in the injunction to secure the ballot form which affords the best opportunity for an individual choice for an individual office. Judge Bernon gave the Long Ballot as one of three causes for the control of elections by "politics". His other causes were "efficient party organization which ministers 365 days in the year to neighborhood needs," and the "assistance of well meaning citizens" who fail to put their reforms in the plain terms of the people's experience.

The canvass on Why Men Do Not Vote showed the largest number of non-voters to be the unnaturalized, though precincts of foreign-born residents were the exception among the precincts chosen to canvass. There were more unnaturalized non-voters than were estimated by the practical political workers consulted. The non-voters expressing "general indifference to elections"

ranked second on the canvass cards and first in the estimates of the precinct captains and ward leaders. The number of cards returned from the four states participating in the canvass was not sufficient to do more than illustrate Mr. Merriam's discussion which left us with a new sense of tolerance on the one hand for the 53 percent of our voting population who, for so many not always shabby reasons, did not vote in 1920, yet filled us with a zeal to put within reach of all voters the simplest means of voting on issues that are intelligible and vital.

The programs of the Institute were a novelty in form, heavy manilla envelopes on whose face were printed the items of the three-day sessions. Sheets of paper for notes were inclosed and all the printed matter and outlines of addresses given were of a size to slip conveniently inside the envelope. There were several fresh publications forming the modest beginning of a selected bibliography for the Department.

For general use there are three publications:

- 1—Whose Government Is This? An address by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, including the working plan for the Department this year..... .01
- 2—A Brief Reading List on Government and Politics. By H. H. B. Meyer, Chief Bibliographer, Congressional Library, especially prepared for the League of Women Voters, annotated and supplied with a subject index..... .10
- 3—Parties, Politics and People. By Raymond Moley..... .60

There is also good reference material to offer for the special subject matter of the Institute at reasonable rates, plus postage.

- 1—Convention and Primary. Charles E. Merriam..... No charge
- 2—The Direct Primary. Charles E. Merriam and Charles E. Hughes..... .05
- 3—Outline on "Nominating Processes." P. Orman Ray..... .05
- 4—Outline on "What's the Matter With the Ballot?" A. R. Hatton..... .05
- 5—Proportional Representation Leaflets..... No charge
- 6—Sample cards for a canvass on Why Men or Women Do Not Vote..... .03

Everything listed can be had in quantity from the headquarters of the Efficiency in Government Department of the National League of Women Voters, 2728 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

OUR NATIONAL DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE

The Christmas number of the Women Citizen has an excellent account of the activities of this Committee from its organization shortly after the National Convention last April, up to the present time. It is well worth the price of the magazine to have the information in this one article alone.

In a recent bulletin Miss Hauser, national chairman of the committee, calls attention to the fact that 1,043,000 requests for open sessions of the Peace Conference were received in Washington of which approximately one million were from women and women's organizations. Another interesting fact is that up to December 1st letters and petitions expressing the sentiment of more than twelve million people were received and that a total of 1,066,000 individuals had expressed themselves as favoring some form of an association of nations and that 5,910 favored the abolition of the submarine.

Up to December 1st NO communications opposing a limitation of armament had been received, but from December 1st to 15th 403 such communications were received. This shows that some agency is at work against the success of the Peace parley in Washington and emphasizes the importance of continued agitation of the subject of Disarmament.

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STATE NEWS

The League at Bloomington, December 20th, held a very interesting meeting to discuss the work of various Social Service Organizations of Monroe County, especially as relating to Child-Welfare. In connection with the meeting a "pound" party was held, the donations to be given by the League to the city's needy ones.

At the meeting of the Delphi League, December 14th, Professor O. L. Scales spoke on the Disarmament Conference and Judge Carr on "Our National Government."

Miss Ada Wright, Chairman of City Work for the Marion League, entertained the members of the Board of Directors at a luncheon December 16th at her home.

The Anderson League met at the home of Mrs. Kehrer on December 13th. Mrs. John C. Williams gave an account of the Disarmament Conference, Mrs. Kehrer spoke on the Sheppard-Towner Bill, Mrs. I. E. May discussed plans of raising money and Mrs. H. C. Durbin led in the discussion of future work of the League on Local Affairs.

A mass meeting to urge Limitation of Arms was held in Ft. Wayne December 4th under the auspices of the League of Women Voters, The College Club, Woman's Club and several other social and religious societies of the city. Resolutions were passed and sent to Secretary Hughes asking not only for limitation of battleships but rapid limitation downward to the zero point of poison gas, battle planes and sub-marines.

The following quotation is made from an editorial in the South Bend News-Times: "There is reason and substance behind the assertion of Mrs. A. H. Beardsley of Elkhart that the League of Women Voters has justified its existence by results. The League in Indiana has secured because its members have the ballot, a compulsory education law that will raise the standards of citizenship and of living for the next generation. When its members were simply mothers and women, their influence was negligible.

"The League is also responsible for a law that makes the mother an equal guardian with the father of her own children. The part which the League played in the changing of the Constitution restricting voting to citizens was important if not the determining factor.

"The record of its year's work is unequalled and is significant of the direction in which this new force in affairs is taking. Its eye is upon the preservation of the American ideal, the American home, the American Standard of Life.

"Its methods are those of broad enthusiasm for causes, rather than personalities and its activities are an answer to any doubt that was raised as to what the woman with a vote would do with it. The claims advanced by this state leader of a movement which is already of imposing proportions are not boasts but a mere statement of accomplishment and give reasons to believe that there is more than prophecy in words when she says: 'The great privilege of women today lies along lines of constructive work, not only in the interests of their sex and of children but in the interests of all the people.'

The Committee appointed by the Ft. Wayne League to investigate conditions of the city jail reported, "Dark cells, improper ventilation and unsanitary plumbing." The committee made a number of recommendations of which the League approved and which it is hoped may be carried out with the co-operation of the Judge, Chief of Police and the City Safety Board.

The South Bend League created such a favorable impression with its first series of civic concerts held on Sunday afternoons that it has been decided by the Finance Committee to give a second series beginning early in February.

Judge Florence E. Allen has been engaged to speak at the annual banquet of the Elkhart League on Monday, March 27th and on April 17th, Mrs. Ben Hooper,

President of the Wisconsin League, will come to speak at the Disarmament meeting.

The regular January meeting of the Board of Directors will be held in Indianapolis on Tuesday, January 10th, at the Claypool Hotel.

Miss Adah Bush of Indianapolis and Mrs. Richard Edwards of Peru, while in Washington, attended sessions of the Armament Conference and also a meeting of the Woman's congressional committee of which Mrs. Maud Wood Park is chairman. Fourteen national women's organizations are represented in this committee which acts as a clearing house for all congressional matters relating to women and children. Mrs. Edwards conferred with President Harding in regard to plans for the Pan-American Conference to be held in Baltimore in April.

Mrs. Maude Murray, chairman of the 12th district, gave a reception to the members of the Stroh League at her home in the Braemore Farm recently. Miss Clara Gilbert of Kendallville spoke on Disarmament and the League members made plans for a rummage sale to be held late in December.

Mrs. C. C. Warrington visited State headquarters December 17th enroute from South Bend to Goshen.

A generous offer has been made by Mrs. Bruce Wheatcraft of Whiteland, Indiana, to speak to the Leagues of Women Voters free of charge on the subject of Fire Prevention and kindred subjects. It is hoped that a number of the Leagues will take advantage of this opportunity as Mrs. Wheatcraft is an interesting speaker and fully informed on subjects of greatest concern to women. Mrs. Wheatcraft is county chairman for the League in Johnson County and a short time ago was appointed assistant state fire marshal. The work entailed by this appointment permits her to make the trips to speak to the Leagues without expense to them.

The Stroh League which is always active and always generous has just sent \$10 to the State office on the Amendment Fund. This little League has already paid in full its pledge for the year, paid all membership dues in excess of the pledge and has now contributed to the Amendment Fund.

The Washington Township, Delaware County League held its annual meeting and election December 7th at the home of Mrs. Ralph Hall. The new officers elected are Mrs. C. M. Lewis, president; Mrs. Chas. Barnhart, first vice-president; Mrs. Wm. McCreery, secretary; Mrs. Will Clark, assistant secretary; Mrs. G. C. Hinton, corresponding secretary, and Miss Eva Wills, treasurer. The next meeting held, December 21st, was an all-day sewing bee, comforts were knotted and Christmas baskets prepared for the poor. Following the picnic luncheon, Mrs. Chas. Lillum spoke of the work done in Delaware County to prevent tuberculosis. Each member present contributed twenty-five cents to purchase new phonograph records for the school.

A NEW-YEAR'S BARGAIN—For a short time only the Woman Citizen which is the best National political and civic magazine published, and the Woman Voter, our own State organ, may be secured for an entire year for only \$2. That is the price of the Woman Citizen alone, but through the generous co-operation of the publishers we are able to make this special offer for the month of January. The subscriptions must be sent to the State office, 430 Monger Bldg., Elkhart, Indiana, in order to secure the two magazines at the above price. The two magazines are issued twice each month.

"Mrs. Raymond Brown, managing director of the Woman Citizen, wrote to the Woman Voter, December 17th, as follows: "Thank you very much for sending us the Woman Voter. You are getting out a very helpful sheet—one of the best that comes to us from the State Leagues."

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WORK OF THE WOMEN'S BUREAU

Mary B. Anderson, Director.

Readers of the Woman Voter will be interested in much that Miss Anderson reports of the work of the Women's Bureau, Department of Labor of which she is Director. The full report has been received at headquarters and copies may be secured by direct application to Miss Anderson, if desired.

The Women's Bureau was established in July, 1918, as the Woman in Industry Service and in June, 1920, it was made permanent under the name of the Women's Bureau. The Bureau has been in existence a little over three years and the following excerpts from the third annual report are of especial interest.

"The duty of the Women's Bureau is to formulate standards and policies which shall promote the welfare of wage-earning women, improve their working conditions, increase their efficiency, and advance their opportunities for profitable employment. To accomplish this the Bureau was given authority to investigate and report upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of women in industry. The field of work for such an agency is very large. Conservatively estimated there are at least 12,000,000 women in the industries of this country. Their activities are manifold and are daily becoming more varied. Conditions vary from state to state and from industry to industry, so that blanket recommendations are not always applicable, and each problem must be studied separately and qualifying factors carefully investigated before recommendations are made or standards promulgated. With an appropriation of only \$75,000 it is obvious that the Women's Bureau can touch only some of the significant conditions affecting the employment of women in the industries of the United States. This selective policy of considering only the most significant phases of industrial conditions affecting women is followed throughout the studies conducted by the Bureau.

During the past year the Bureau has investigated wages, hours and working conditions for more than 24,000 women in three states and hours and working conditions for more than 20,000 women in two other states. It has made studies of working conditions of women employed in two departments of the Federal Government. Other important activities have been: An investigation of wages of women in the candy industry, study of negro women in industry, compilation of a working woman's budget, tabulation of wage schedules for Minnesota and study of the home responsibilities of wage-earning women.

There is every indication that interest in industrial conditions is becoming thoroughly aroused among women throughout the country and that with their new power of suffrage they are seeking very definite information upon which to base their actions. The establishment of adequate and satisfying standards as a goal for this new interest is of vital significance to the future well being of all women. In some instances state labor officials, in others influential women's organizations have appealed to the Bureau for assistance in securing facts upon which to base recommendations for higher standards in the employment of women.

The vital need for definite information on the subject of wage rates paid to women is illustrated by some of the findings as the result of the Women's Bureau surveys. In nine states minimum wage commissions have been established, but their activities are hampered in many cases by difficulties in securing adequate awards, in administering the awards, and in covering the large number of industries which come within their jurisdiction. Awards have been made as high as \$16 a week for women in all manufacturing industries in California; \$16.50 for women in mercantile establish-

ments in the District of Columbia and \$18 for women employed in hotels and restaurants in the State of Washington. On the other hand, awards in Kansas of \$8.50 a week for women in mercantile establishments and \$12 in Minnesota for women in all occupations, indicate that even with minimum wage commissions women in industry are not always assured an adequate living wage. That the public should be informed of these facts has seemed of greatest moment. * * * *

A More Comprehensive Program Needed.

The experience of three years spent by the Women's Bureau in close contact with the problems of the woman in industry emphasizes the need of a more comprehensive program than it has yet been possible for the Bureau to undertake. The new census figures will show the greatly increased number of women in industry and the many new activities women have taken up in the past decade, but they will not show the deeper significance to the country which underlies the new industrial value of women. Many problems are connected with making this industrial value a true value to the country and to women as a whole.

The present day is witnessing a very searching examination of the regulations which surround the employment of women in industry. This investigation is being made by two distinct groups, those who want to extend wisely the protection which has been found necessary for women and those who want to cancel all protective measures under the plea that they have proved to be a discrimination against the very groups they were designed to protect. It is urgent that this conflict of opinion should be settled without delay as the situation to which it has lead is proving a great handicap to those who are working for the best protection of women in industry and has resulted in much confusion in the minds of honestly interested persons of differing opinions.

A very comprehensive study of this subject should be made without delay in order that the present uncertainty may be settled.

The massing of women in low-paid industries which has been prevalent for so many years is a condition which still continues. Bureau surveys show that many women are being paid far less than a living wage and that it is necessary to give continuous attention to this subject. Experience, training, age, occupation and organization are all related very closely to the wage rates and a definite program of study of conditions is recommended.

Another important aspect of the wage question is that of equal pay for equal work for men and women. As a principle this has been generally recognized but as a practice it has not. The country and industry must be made to recognize that wages should be based on occupation and not on sex. Long hours of work prevail for both men and women in many industries and this condition should be corrected for both sexes but it bears more heavily upon women than men. The many hours of housework which are part of the days' work for almost every wage-earning woman, combined in many cases with the care of children, make the matter of long hours for women in industry of tremendous significance to the community, to the industry and to the women and their families. Hours of work for women, therefore is one of the most important subjects with which the Women's Bureau is concerned.

The standards which are recommended by the Bureau should not be regarded as applying only to women as in many instances they apply equally to both men and women. Questions such as lighting, heating and ventilation of the workroom and the guarding of dangerous machinery are matters of concern for both men and women in industry."

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THE MATERNITY AND INFANCY BILL

Copies of the Sheppard-Towner Act for the promotion of the welfare and hygiene of maternity and infancy are now available and can be obtained free of charge by writing to the Children's Bureau, Department of Labor, Washington, D. C.

A question in which all women are interested at this time is: How can our own state avail itself of the appropriations provided for in the law? We have not space to print the full text of the bill but the following paragraphs may answer definitely some of the inquiries that are being made.

Sec. II. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act there is authorized to be appropriated for the current fiscal year \$480,000 to be equally apportioned among the several states \$10,000 to each state) and for each subsequent year for a period of five years \$240,000 equally apportioned among the several states provided: that there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the use of the states for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, an additional sum of \$1,000,000 and annually thereafter for a period of five years, an additional sum not to exceed \$1,000,000. Provided further, that no payment out of the additional appropriation herein authorized shall be made in any year to any state until an equal sum has been appropriated for that year by the Legislature of such state for the maintenance of the services provided for in this act.

Sec. III. There is hereby created a Board of Maternity and Infant Hygiene, which shall consist of the Chief of the Children's Bureau, the Surgeon General of the U. S. Public Health Service and the U. S. Commissioner of Education. The Board shall elect its own chairman and perform the duties provided for in this act. The Children's Bureau of the Department of Labor shall be charged with the administration of this Act and the Chief of the Children's Bureau (Miss Grace Abbott) shall be the executive officer.

Sec. IV. In order to secure the benefit of the appropriation authorized in Section II any state shall, through the legislative authority thereof accept the provisions of this act and designate or authorize the creation of a State Agency with which the Children's Bureau shall have all necessary powers to co-operate: provided, that in any state having a child-welfare or child-hygiene division in its state agency of health, the said State Agency of Health shall administer the provisions of this act through such divisions. If the legislature of any state has not made provision for accepting the provisions of this act the governor of such state may, in so far as he is authorized to do so by the laws of such state, accept the provisions of this act and designate or create a State Agency to co-operate with the Children's Bureau until six months after the adjournment of the first regular session of the legislature in such state following the passage of this act.

Sec. IX. No official, agent, or representative of the Children's Bureau shall, by virtue of this act, have any right to enter any home over the objection of the owner thereof, or to take charge of any child over the objections of the parents, or either of them, or of the persons standing in loco parentis or having custody of such child. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as limiting the power of a parent or guardian or persons standing in loco parentis to determine what treatment or correction shall be provided for a child or the agency to be employed for such purpose.

Sec. X. Within sixty days after any appropriation authorized by this act has been made, and as often thereafter while such appropriation remains unexpended as changed conditions may warrant, the Children's Bureau shall ascertain the amount that has been appropriated by the legislatures of the several states and shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the amount to which the state is entitled under the provisions of this act.

Under the provisions of this Act Governor McCray can accept the appropriations and assign to the Child-Hygiene Division of the State Board of Health the direction and administration of the work in Indiana. According to the provisions of the Act, Indiana is entitled to the Federal appropriation of \$10,000 for the first year and the remaining years of the five-year period must appropriate \$5,000 from the state funds in order to secure Federal appropriation of \$5,000. In addition to this \$5,000 Federal appropriation the State will be entitled to a portion of the \$1,000,000 annual appropriation based on the state's population in proportion to the total population of the United States. This would make available for Indiana from the Federal Government \$24,763 annually or a total of \$34,763, including the special appropriation made by the state.

NATIONAL TID BITS

The Leagues of Women Voters of the First Region, comprised of the New England States, will hold a Regional Conference in Boston January 25th and 26th. Miss Katherine Ludington, Regional Director, and Mrs. Geo. R. Fearing, President of Massachusetts League, will preside. Miss Belle Sherwin, National Second Vice-President, and Mrs. Larue Brown, National Chairman of Child-Welfare, will be present and take part in the Conference.

Secretary of State Hughes has accepted the invitation of the League of Women Voters to be the principal speaker at the mass meeting to be held in Washington, April 28th, in connection with the Pan-American Conference of Women and the National Convention of the League of Women Voters. The Pan-American delegates will go from Baltimore April 28th to spend the day in Washington and for the big mass meeting arranged in their honor.

Mrs. Maud Wood Park, National President, started the first of January on a six weeks' speaking tour. Her first engagement was at the Georgia State Convention, held in Savannah January 5th and 6th. From Savannah she went to attend the Florida State Convention at Jacksonville. After visiting several cities in Florida she will go to Jackson, Miss., Montgomery, Ala., and New Orleans, La. She will be in Bloomington, Ind., January 18th, to speak for the local League and before the University assembly and will be in Indianapolis on the 19th. Mrs. Park will visit California and the north-western states before returning to Washington.

Virginia was the first state to officially co-operate with the League of Women Voters in the movement for more efficient government. Governor Davis recently issued a call "to the people of Virginia" for a conference "for promoting good government in Virginia and stimulating a wider public interest in the problems of state and local administrations." The governor gave credit to the League in the wording of his message thus: "I have therefore, at the request of the Virginia League of Women Voters, called a two-day conference to discuss governmental efficiency." The conference was a marked success and Virginia has set an enviable record in thus bringing into real co-operation men and women of all political faiths in the endeavor to have better government.

Miss Emma Dumke, National organizer, who did some work in Indiana last summer, is doing organization work in the state of Wisconsin this month and is associated with Miss Janet M. Drew, state organizer for Wisconsin.

THE WOMAN VOTER

THE FEBRUARY PROGRAM

By Mrs. W. S. Greenough.

The Department of AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP is very broad in its scope, but the bill for Independent Citizenship for Married Women now before Congress is the one important piece of legislation on which the National League of Women Voters is concentrating its effort. It seems advisable, therefore, to devote the February program to the study of this bill and to the recommendations concerning naturalization of alien citizens, made by the State Chairman, Mrs. E. A. Torrance. The following program is suggested:

1. Business Session.
 2. Report of Committee on Local Affairs.
 3. American Citizenship.
- A. Bill introduced by Senator Chas. Curtis, Dec. 12, 1921.
- B. Provisions of Bill.
1. American Women who marry foreigner but who continue to reside in the United States will not lose their citizenship.
 2. Foreign Women who marry citizens of the United States do not acquire citizenship by marriage.
 3. The Bill is not retroactive: i. e. it does not affect the citizenship of women married previous to the passage of this bill. It will only refer to foreign-born women who may marry American citizens after the bill becomes a law.
- C. History of the movement for Independent Citizenship for Women.

The National League of Women Voters at their first convention, 1920, adopted the following resolution: "Believing that the American born women residing in the United States should not forfeit their citizenship by marriage with aliens, and that alien women should not acquire citizenship by marriage with Americans, but rather by meeting the same requirements as those provided for the naturalization of alien men, we urge federal legislation insuring to the women of the United States the same independent status of citizenship as that which now obtains for men."

This plank or resolution was adopted by the Democratic and Republican National Conventions as part of their party platforms in 1920.

The decision to make this question the next matter on the League's general program of legislation was voted by the Executive Board in Chicago, November, 1921.

The Curtis Bill which is now before the Senate is similar to the Rogers Naturalization Bill introduced by John J. Rogers in the 66th and 67th Congress.

D. Reason for Passage:

"We feel that our efforts for better standards of citizenship will be aided by the passage of the Curtis Bill which would secure citizenship for American-born women and require foreign-born women to go through the same process of naturalization as is required of foreign-born men. The League believes that an American woman who retains her home, her friends and her interests in the United States does not lose her loyalty because she marries a foreign-born man. Nor does the League believe that marriage to an American automatically fits a foreign-born woman for citizenship. Knowledge of American ideals, principles and laws, are as essential for women citizens as for men—perhaps more so, for the first lessons in the fundamentals of good citizenship are taught by mothers. The League of Women Voters believes that foreign-born women who desire the privilege of American citizenship should prove their fitness in the making of America and if America is to keep her place as a leader among civilized countries her ideals must be carried out by the daily application of high principles to the duties of citizenship."—Mrs. Maud Wood Park.

E. Conditions at present.

Under present laws marriage to an American has conferred on foreign-born women the rights of citizen-

ship in many cases before they were ready or fitted for its privileges.

At present many American-born women who have married foreigners have lost their citizenship rights and may be deprived of many opportunities such as instances where legislation forbids employment of aliens as teachers in the public schools; in civil and federal positions and in the practice of law. It may also deprive them of land holdings and the right of public benefits.

* * * * *

Study of citizenship in Indiana is recommended by Mrs. E. A. Torrance, State Chairman of American Citizenship. Mrs. Torrance investigated requirements and procedure of naturalization in Indiana and reports as follows:

An alien may take out first papers on arrival by declaring his intention to become a citizen. He must keep the first papers two years before filing petition for second papers for complete citizenship. This petition cannot be filed before expiration of two years nor after the expiration of seven years. To secure second papers he must have two witnesses testify that he has been a resident of the United States five years and in the jurisdiction of the court where his application is filed at least one year. The witnesses must testify as to the character and loyalty of the applicant.

Petition for second papers must be filed 90 days before the applicant will be examined. Examinations of applicants are held every three months, usually March, June, September and December. There are about forty examiners in the United States and the headquarters for Federal examiners are located in Cincinnati.

The Committee attended examinations held in a prominent city in the state and the following questions are examples of the questions asked of the applicants: "Under what circumstances, if any, might the President and Vice-President be of different political parties? Do you believe in organized government? What kind of government have we? How does our form of government differ from the German?"

Aside from general questions the applicant, on oath, answers the following personal questions: Are you a property owner? Do you believe in the Constitution of the United States? Have you been arrested or in any legal trouble? Are you married? Do you believe in anarchy? Do you believe in polygamy (in every instance the judge had to explain the meaning of polygamy)? How old were you when you came to the United States? How long have you lived here? Were you voting previous to the war? Have you been out of this country during the past five years? Are you willing to serve this country in time of war?

The examiner was easy with the old men but strict and exacting with the young, explaining that they had opportunities available for information and instruction and should make use of them. If the applicant is "passed" by the examiner he receives his certificate and the second papers are issued, if he does not pass the examination, he may be examined again in 90 days.

My investigations have convinced me that citizenship class especially for our foreign-born citizens should be provided in every city or town where there are sufficient numbers of aliens to make such classes possible. I would recommend that the League of Women Voters in Indiana investigate this matter in their own communities and see that provision is made for education in citizenship. In many states the law requires that such classes be provided in the city public night schools and provides for pay of the teachers. This is done throughout Ohio and the larger cities have made appropriations in their city budgets for financing such classes. Cincinnati has an appropriation of \$5,000; Cleveland \$13,000. The law requires also that applicants for citizenship must attend the classes and they are not examined for citizenship until the teacher of the class recommends it.

The two things that the State Committee would especially advocate are, the formation of citizenship classes and providing the means for them.

THE WOMAN VOTER

STATE NEWS

The Board of Directors met at Indianapolis January 10th and among other important matters they accepted the invitation of the Tippecanoe County League to hold the annual convention in LaFayette May 11th and 12th. Tippecanoe County and the Tenth District are anxious to entertain the Convention and it is hoped that there will be a very large and representative attendance.

League presidents are urged to begin now to plan for delegates to the State Convention at LaFayette. Mrs. Walter Greenough, well known to the women of the state is chairman of the Committee for Convention Program and Procedure.

Mrs. A. T. Stuart of LaFayette, Mrs. W. H. Myers, Hammond, Mrs. H. C. Clippenger, Greencastle, and Mrs. H. Trent were visitors attending the Board meeting in Indianapolis.

The Ft. Wayne League has arranged for a benefit bridge party to be given at the Chamber of Commerce rooms Friday, January 20th.

Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch, State Vice-President of the League will leave the latter part of the month for an extended Mediterranean trip. Other members of the party are her daughter Betty and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Foster.

Indiana will be entitled to twenty-three delegates to the National Convention at Baltimore. There will be fifteen delegates chosen from the state directors and the chairmen of the eight standing committees are also eligible. Next month we hope to print the Convention program in full.

The Elkhart League prepared Christmas gifts for all inmates of the County Infirmary. A committee from the League took to the home 70 pounds of candy, fruit cake for all, slippers and handkerchiefs for 45 men, aprons, handkerchiefs and combs for 20 women.

Chas. F. Coffin, President of the Chamber of Commerce spoke to the Indianapolis League January 7th on Civic Opportunities. On February 10th Thomas A. Reiley, member of the Indiana Industrial Board will give an address on "The Unemployment Problem." The women are taking much interest in these talks on timely subjects.

The women of the Democratic party who met in Indianapolis on January 9th gave expression to the convictions, if not desires, of all women in passing a resolution asking that the women of the Democratic Party of Indiana be placed upon an equal status with the men of the party and that such provisions be incorporated in the Party rules.

The Logansport League has planned an "open afternoon meeting for January 31st and have invited the women of rural communities to attend. The program committee is arranging a special program for this occasion.

The Sullivan League met in the High School Building January 12th, the subject for discussion being Indiana's Laws Concerning Women.

The Delphi League had a fine meeting Wednesday, January 11th. The meeting was made unusually interesting by all members of the City Council being present and taking part in the discussions. The subjects discussed were: Our Corporations; The Waterworks; The School Board; The Park System and The City Budget System.

The Secretary of the Indiana Tuberculosis Association wrote the Woman Voter as follows: "May I thank you heartily for the splendid co-operation and support given in the seal sale? The Christmas number of The Woman Voter was received and we appreciate deeply the prominence given our sale, particularly the front

page cover. You may be sure that we shall always be grateful for your help in making the campaign possible for 1922. From present reports the returns from the sale of seals in 1921 exceeds that of any previous year."

Mrs. Chas. Arthur Carlisle, State Chairman of Membership, has left with her husband for an extended trip in the orient and the far east. They sailed from San Francisco January 16th. Before sailing Mrs. Carlisle refuted the statement made in a number of newspapers that she was to head the "Beveridge for Senator" campaign in Indiana. In her statement Mrs. Carlisle said she would not take any active part in the campaign for either candidate and that she would support only one who would give promise of the greatest opportunities to women for constructive work and assurance that women's interests would be duly considered.

WHAT CAN THE SMALL TOWN LEAGUE ACCOMPLISH?

From time to time the question is asked, What is there for a League in a small town or a rural community to do and the best possible answer is an account of the work undertaken and successfully accomplished by the Washington Township League, Delaware County, with headquarters at Gaston. This rural League has planned its own work and has co-operated most admirably in every way with the suggestions or requests from the State office. The League has about eighty members drawn from a community of about five hundred people. The annual meeting of this League was held in December and a brief statement of their activities throughout the past year may encourage other Leagues to find something close at hand to do.

The Gaston League helped to secure a Township Library; supported a splendid musical Lyceum course; brought an Eyden Art exhibit to the public schools; gave prizes to school children for the best art work and exhibited more than 1,000 pieces of the children's work; sold home-grown flower seeds to school children for one cent per package and the children sold them for ten cents. The proceeds were invested in bulbs to beautify the homes of the children selling the most seeds; conducted a flower and shrub exchange among members of the League; had the Child-Welfare films shown at the picture theaters; had a refreshment booth on Fourth of July and for the three days of the fair; has furnished a hospital cot, bedding, screen and first aid to the injured outfit for the domestic science department in the school and to be used by and for injured or sick pupils. Distributed literature and worked for the passage of the Citizenship Amendment; has undertaken to secure closed session of the court for juvenile cases; distributed Disarmament literature; sent telegrams and letters to the representatives of the Peace Conference and have kept the members in touch with the Peace Conference proceedings. Regular meetings of the League and of the Board of Directors have been held each month.

In every community there are just such things to be done and there are always fields of endeavor waiting for the workers to see the need of the harvesting. With Such an example as given by the Gaston League no League should find it necessary to ask—What is there for us to do? Why have a League of Women Voters?

"Every man is sometimes at the point where everything seems lost, where right wing is broken and left wing is crushed. There is victory for him who can then say, as Foch said at the Marne: 'I propose to charge with my center.'"

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THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Vol. II

ELKHART, IND., FEB. 1, 1922

No. 1

The Call to the Third Annual Convention

The Call to the Third Annual Convention of the National League of Women Voters and the Pan American Conference of Women, to be held in Baltimore, Maryland, from April 20th to 29th.

"The National League of Women Voters calls its affiliated and associated members to send delegates to the Third Annual Convention of the League at the Hotel Belvedere, Baltimore, Maryland, from April 24th to 29th.

"The League Calls Women from all the Americas to meet in Conference from April 20th to 23rd on subjects of special concern to women—Education, Child Welfare, Women in Industry, Prevention of Traffic in Women, Civil and Political Status of Women and International Friendliness.

"Peace among nations is essential to the work that women have most at heart. A definite step toward the maintenance of peace has been taken by the Conference on the Limitation of Armament. The National League of Women Voters has borne its full share of responsibility for making known to the Conference the profound hope of the people of this land that war may cease. But hope can never be wholly realized until friendly cooperation for common ends takes the place of international rivalry. The League believes that friendliness with our neighbor countries will be stimulated and strengthened if women from all parts of the western hemisphere gather for sympathetic study of their common problems.

"In the Third Annual Convention of the League its members, rejoicing over the success of the past year and earnestly mindful of the things that are yet to be done, will have opportunity to determine together their plans for the coming year.

"The League needs the counsel of all its workers.

"Its usefulness has been made clear. Its field for service is wide. It has faith in the ideals of government by the people and zeal for their fulfillment. Its goal of intelligent, conscientious, effective citizenship will be won only by wisdom and consecration.

"The League calls YOU to come and give of your best."

THE WOMAN VOTER

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Roberta L. Stahr, Editor.

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OUR FIRST BIRTHDAY

With this issue THE WOMAN VOTER begins its second year, the first issue appearing February 1st, 1921, and it makes an appeal to you to give it your support, and strengthen it by your encouragement so that it may grow out of the toddling age and be able to walk alone.

There is a revised version of an old adage to this effect, "Girls that whistle and hens that crow, will win their way wherever they go." We have been whistling for our own encouragement for the past year trying to build up a paying subscription list and at the same time give to our readers the greatest amount of information possible to crowd into four small pages. We have been limited to four pages not because we did not have more material, but because we had no money. Many of our readers have accepted THE WOMAN VOTER for months without paying the subscription price — perhaps payment was overlooked because the subscription price is so small. However that may be, it is the hope of the League that the paper will pay for itself in its second year. It is like any other baby, all expense the first year. We hope very soon to outgrow the whistling stage and we have already begun to "crow" a little by publishing in the last two issues some favorable comments that have come to us. This month you will notice we are crowing just a little louder and if the subscription money pours in during this month as we have confidence that it will, you will surely hear us crow next month.

Here is a quotation from the February Woman's Home Companion over which we feel justified in crowing:

"The Woman Voter, that snappy bulletin issued monthly by the Indiana League of Women Voters, presents a resume of Federal measures that are of interest to women's organizations and excellent program outlines. Its editor invites Indiana women to send any question concerning civic or League matters which they would like to have answered or discussed."

The editor of the Good Citizenship page in the Companion is Mrs. Anna Steese Richardson who first made the acquaintance of "The Woman Voter" at the Cleveland Convention last April when it wasn't old enough to even "coo", but Mrs. Richardson thought it a child of promise and has several times expressed her appreciation of it. She is a "paid" subscriber and in one of her letters to us stated: "I read everything in it and find it interesting and full of information."

Enclosed with this issue you will find a subscription blank which will remind you to send by

return mail your subscription for this year. It is only fifty cents. Why not enclose a dollar bill and send the paper as a gift to some friend? Your subscription will be just the kind of birthday gift that will please us most. THANK YOU!

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION

We are just in receipt of some information concerning the National convention that will be of interest to Indiana League members. The hotel headquarters for the convention is the Hotel Belvedere where reservations for accommodations should be made at an early date. The room rates quoted to us range from \$3.00 per day for two or more in a room to \$5.00 per day for single rooms. The hotel management urges early reservations with stated dates as to arrival and departure of convention guests.

The Pan-American Conference during which the National League Committees on Child-welfare, Education, Women in Industry, Social Hygiene, Civil Status of Women and Government Efficiency will be in session will be held April 20th, 21st and 22nd, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Sunday, April 23rd, is "Annapolis Day", the delegates going to that city by invitation of the Governor of Maryland. A great mass meeting will be held in the afternoon.

The National League Convention begins Monday evening, April 24th, with the great banquet which combines the delegates and guests of both convention bodies. The regular business sessions of our National Convention are held Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, April 25th, 26th and 27th.

Friday, April 28th, is "Washington Day" when visits will be made to the Capitol, the Pan-American Union and other places of interest. A mass meeting will be held in the evening when Secretary Hughes, Dr. L. S. Rowe, Director General of the Pan-American Union and delegates to the Conference, will speak.

There were never so many privileges and opportunities offered in so short a period of time as afforded by these two great conferences of women held at the country's seat of government. It is hoped that every woman in Indiana who can possibly arrange to do so, will attend. Those who are planning to go will confer a favor by notifying the State President, Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, Elkhart, Indiana.

PREPARING FOR CITIZENSHIP. PUBLIC CHARITIES.

- 1—What provision is made in Indiana for the defective classes, such as the deaf, blind, insane, feeble-minded?
- 2—Make a list of the institutions, associations or organizations in your own community for the care of the poor or of defectives.
- 3—Which of these are public and which are private enterprises?
- 4—Where is your local almshouse (infirmary for the poor) located?
- 5—Are the different classes of inmates separated? Is the place well managed? What improvements in equipment or management can you suggest?
- 6—How are the funds raised for the county infirmaries?
- 7—How are tramps or vagrant poor dealt with in your community?
- 8—What are the arguments against promiscuous giving of alms?
- 9—If a street beggar asks for money should you give it to him?
- 10—What are the arguments for an organized Associated Charities?
- 11—How are dependent children provided for in your community? Is your plan a satisfactory one?
- 12—Is there a free dispensary in your community and are physicians employed to care for the poor?

THE WOMAN VOTER

- 13—What are the chief causes of poverty in your community?
- 14—Ask local officials or representatives of charitable organizations what are the chief causes of poverty in your own community?
- 15—Should imposters be exposed? Have you an employment agency to assist in providing work?

NATIONAL NEWS

Two of our National officers, Mrs. Park and Mrs. Edward Costigan, Chairman of the National Food Supply and Demand Committee, were included among the twenty-six women invited to participate in the Agricultural Conference in Washington, beginning January 23. Mrs. Costigan, aside from her relation to the League of Women Voters, is a vice-president of the National Consumers' League and is perhaps better informed on the vital subject on Food Supply and Demand than any other woman in the country. Mrs. Costigan says: "Women are, of course, most anxious to have sufficient and nourishing food brought within reach of every home and especially of all children. They are also deeply interested in every conference which looks toward more satisfactory conditions and a healthful movement of population back to the land from our crowded cities."

Forty-four states, through legislative action, official acceptance by the Governor or indication by other responsible state officials have signified their interest in the Maternity and Infancy Act which became effective last November. Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Mexico, Delaware and Oregon have accepted the act through legislative action. The three states that have not yet taken any official action are New York, New Jersey and North Carolina. Several state legislatures now in session have invited officials of the League of Women Voters to address them on The Maternity Bill. Mrs. Park spoke before the Legislatures of Mississippi and Kentucky in January. Mrs. Cunningham, executive secretary of the National League, spoke before the Virginia Legislators; Mrs. Julian Salley, third regional director and the State president of the South Carolina League personally secured the official acceptance of South Carolina.

Lady Astor, Chairman of the Women's organizations of England, has sent to Mrs. Park a resolution on Disarmament adopted by thirty-two National Women's organizations of England. The resolution urged the representatives of the English government to do all in their power "to achieve a general limitation of armament by agreement with other nations and by promoting a policy of international co-operation whereby the security of states may be assured without resort to force." It also stated that the women of England welcomed "joyfully the expression of convictions akin to their own from the women of America." Lady Astor has been especially invited by the National League to attend the Pan-American Conference and the National Convention of the League in April.

The Illinois League of Women Voters is holding its second annual school of citizenship in Chicago at the Fine Arts Building January 23rd to February 4th. The program covers practically every phase of civic and political life and a very unusual list of noted speakers have been secured for the school. League members of Indiana visiting Chicago during the session of the school will be permitted to attend any of the sessions on payment of a small fee.

The Massachusetts League has resumed publication of "The Beacon" a printed Bulletin issued by the League during legislative sessions.

The Missouri League is conducting a state-wide membership drive and the city of St. Louis is organized for a membership of 5000 "contributing members".

Miss Marie B. Ames of Missouri who has so successfully conducted citizenship schools for the National League was the discoverer of a clause in the State Constitution which made it legal and therefore possible, for women to be elected as delegates to the State Con-

stitutional Convention. The women of the State were greatly disappointed when the voters of the city of St. Louis failed to elect Miss Ames as one of the delegates.

The Illinois League has secured Miss Edith Rockwood who has served for the past two years as Civic Director for the Woman's City Club of Chicago, as Executive Secretary and Miss Rockwood has already taken charge of the State headquarters office in Chicago. Up to this time the Illinois League has been without an executive secretary and it is now hoped that a larger program may be developed and successfully carried out under her leadership.

Mrs. Walter Brookings has accepted appointment of Chairman of National League American Citizenship Committee and has already sent her suggestions for state work to State chairmen.

NATIONAL LEGISLATION OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

A number of inquiries have come to the Woman Voter relative to the bills being considered by Congress that are of special interest to women. The number of inquiries received has made it seem advisable to specifically mention the following bills:

The Lehlbach Reclassification Bill which provides for the reclassification of civil service employees equalizing wages and opportunities for both men and women in various departments of the Federal Government. This bill passed the House after stormy opposition on December 15th by a vote of 245 to 65. It is in committee now to be brought before the Senate. The bill has the active support of the National Women's Trade Union League and the National League of Women Voters has sent out letters and telegrams in support of the bill as needed. It is thought that some changes will be made by the Senate which will be acceptable and wise.

The Sterling-Towner Educational Bill which favors the creation of a department of education whose head will be a member of the President's cabinet. The authors of the bill have asked for either a department of education or a department of education and welfare. The bill at present is in the hands of the Reorganization Committee of the House of which Walter F. Brown is chairman.

The Curtis Independent Citizenship Bill which has already been explained in the Woman Voter and which provides for the independent citizenship of women. It was introduced in the Senate on December 12th and in the House it has been included in the Naturalization Bill by the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization. The bill was not entirely satisfactory and has been revised by the Committee. The revised version is expected to be presented in the House within the next few days.

The "blanket" Amendment which has also been fully discussed in the Woman Voter and which is the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution removing all "civil inequalities of women." The League of Women Voters heartily favors the removal of legal and political discriminations against women but it also believes that the proposed blanket amendment to the Constitution and the "blanket bills" that have been presented in some State Legislatures are not the proper procedure to remove such inequalities. It has already been explained that such "blanket" legislation seriously endangers the protective laws for women already enacted and that each state should individually remove such legal discriminations as exist in that state without disturbing the existing protective measures such as limited hours of labor and minimum wage laws relating to women in industry. The National League of Women Voters at two National Conventions has emphatically stated its belief in the importance of protective legislation for women and girls. Therefore it cannot support the "blanket" measures which might annul them.

THE WOMAN VOTER

STATE NEWS

The Indianapolis League entertained for a few hours on January 19th the national president, Mrs. Maud Wood Park. Mrs. Park very highly complimented the Capitol City League on its progressive activities and stated that the Indianapolis League had been for some time listed at national headquarters as one of the most active and efficient Leagues in the United States.

Mrs. Richard E. Edwards, of Peru has been appointed on the State Board of Education by Governor McCray.

Mrs. A. H. Beardsley entertained at a luncheon, January 19th, the officers, directors, ward and committee chairmen of the Elkhart League and led in discussion of plans to be promulgated for civic and educational work for the year.

Some of the local Leagues seem to be slow in resuming regular meetings since the holiday season, but with the approaching State and National Conventions and the primary election campaign there will be much interesting work to be done.

Mrs. Maud Wood Park spoke at Blooming ton, January 18th, to the university students in the morning and to the League members in the afternoon. To the students she gave an excellent address on "The Responsibility of Being a Woman", and in the afternoon held before the women high ideals in a talk entitled "Equally Sovereign". The League entertained at a reception and luncheon at the noon hour with more than 150 women present. Mrs. Park, since she has been president of the National League, has visited all but seven of the 48 states and will visit those seven on the trip she is now making. Mrs. Park stated that the thing which impressed her most in visiting the Leagues is the seriousness with which women are taking up the political conditions in their own communities and the co-operation which is being given by colleges, universities and normal schools.

Remember the State Convention at LaFayette May 11th and 12th. Also that Leagues will not be entitled to delegates in the convention unless membership dues are paid.

Indiana will not be entitled to its quota of twenty-three delegates to the National convention in Baltimore April 20th to 29th unless its quota of \$1500 pledged at the Cleveland Convention is paid by April 1st. All Leagues reap the benefit of both State and National Conventions throughout the year and therefore should be interested and responsible for paying their share of the expense.

The Valparaiso League at their regular monthly meeting heard their Mayor speak on the Commission Form of Government and the County Chairman, Mrs. W. H. Myers spoke on Uniform Laws for Women.

Mrs. Grace Julian Clark of Indianapolis, State Chairman of the Anna Howard Shaw Memorial Fund, reports that more than \$400 has been received on the fund during the year but that a number of the convention pledges are still unpaid. If those who pledged will forward the money to Mrs. Clark it will be greatly appreciated.

The January meeting of the Sullivan League included an interesting talk by Norval K. Harris on Indiana Laws Concerning Women. The meeting was well attended and a number who were not members of the League were present.

The regular meeting of the Aurora League was held January 16th and the following program given. Music by Mrs. Geo. Baker; Elective City Offices of Aurora, Mrs. J. R. Houston; Appointive Offices, Mrs. August Stoll and How Our City Problems Are Being Met, by Mrs. Tom Carmichael.

The League of Women Voters at Stroh have presented to the town a mammoth "Slate" or bulletin board to be used to announce important news. It has been placed just north of the postoffice on an excellent "vantage point" and is greatly appreciated by the citizens as the little town has no newspaper to chronicle such announcements.

The Child-welfare department of the Elkhart League made its financial report to the Chamber of Commerce January 25th. The report showed that \$2088.85 had been expended of which \$1500 had been received from the community chest and the balance had been earned by the League in various enterprises. It is estimated that the cost of the work for the current year will be not less than \$2500. The Elkhart League's Welfare work has been highly commended by the Children's Division of the State Health Department and by the Federal Children's Bureau. The work was started and the expense borne entirely by the League for five months before any help was provided for by finances for the city "chest".

Mrs. Bessie O'Neal Lee of Hazelton, League Chairman for Gibson County, has resigned because of leaving the County to reside in Indianapolis. Mrs. John Hitch of Princeton has been chosen to fill the unexpired term of County Chairman. Mrs. Lee did very efficient work in the organization of her County, and League members there will regret to have her go.

The Indianapolis League had charge of the opening performance of "East Is West" at the Murat Theater January 26th. Miss Fay Bainter is starred in the play and she is a member of the Indianapolis League of Women Voters. The League receives a part of the receipts from the performance and made a very delightful occasion of it. A reception was given for Miss Bainter by Mrs. Ovid B. Jamison and League members served tea during the intermission at the afternoon performance. Mrs. David Lurvey was general chairman of the benefit performance.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912.

Of THE WOMAN VOTER, published twice a month at Elkhart, Indiana, for October, 1921.
State of Indiana, County of Elkhart, ss:

Before me, a notary public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Roberta L. Stahr, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that she is the editor of THE WOMAN VOTER and that the following is, to the best of her knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed in the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:
Publisher—Indiana League of Women Voters, Elkhart, Ind.
Editor—Roberta L. Stahr, Elkhart, Ind.
Managing Editor—None.
Business Managers—None.

2. That the owners are:
Indiana League of Women Voters, who publish the paper as a bulletin of information to organization members. There are no stockholders.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 percent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: None.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

5. That the average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the six months preceding the date shown above is 600.

ROBERTA L. STAHR, Editor.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 27th day of January, 1922.
(Seal)

CARRIE M. BECKNER,
(My commission expires May 4, 1925.)

THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Vol. II

ELKHART, IND., FEB. 15, 1922

No. 2



Mrs. A. T. Cox.

BETTER WORKING CONDITIONS NEEDED IN INDIANA

Mrs. Luella Cox, director of the Women and Children's Department of the State Industrial Board, in her annual report made a number of recommendations that should be studied and considered by the citizens of Indiana. The League of Women Voters, both State and National, include in their program of work the study of working conditions and the effort to better them wherever and whenever possible.

Mrs. Cox is chairman of the Indiana League Committee on Women in Industry and our League members are urged to co-operate with her and her committee and in their own community to acquaint other citizens with prevailing conditions whenever possible. In her report Mrs. Cox states:

"We call attention to the importance of the enactment, as a health measure, of a law limiting the hours of employment for women. As the state now has no limit on the number of hours women may work, except the limit on night work in manufacturing plants, a nine-hour law would greatly improve present conditions.

The extending of vocational guidance to all minors of eighteen years of age who leave school to enter employment. This service is provided for in the junior section of the State Free Employment Act, but should be widely extended.

The broadening of the scope of the work of the Board of the Children's Guardian Law until it will be unnecessary for children under sixteen years of age to remain out of school to relieve economic pressure in the homes. Extending this work will do much to ward off the enactment of a Mother's Pension Law which might not be as effective as our present law if adequately administered.

The amending of the Workmen's Compensation Law to include children where legally employed and providing for triple compensation in cases of injury to

children illegally employed. This would do away with the possibility of suits for damages under the common law and it would seem to be fairer to both injured children and employers.

The making of part-time schools mandatory in all school corporations having twenty or more children working on certificates.

The above recommendations evidence the fact that Mrs. Cox thoroughly understands both the prevailing conditions and the remedy for them. Some striking facts briefly stated in her report are: "From a study of women's working conditions in 502 business organizations employing 10705 women, it shows 28% of the firms working on an eight-hour basis, 29% on nine-hour basis, more than 21% on a ten-hour basis and more than 2% on more than a ten-hour basis. Only 13% of the women employed were on an eight-hour basis, 34% on nine-hour basis, 14% on ten-hour basis and nearly 3% working in excess of ten hours. These figures take no overtime into account and the data was taken at a time when employment was light and production at a very low mark. The figures do not include hotels and other firms working employees seven days a week."

Mrs. Cox attributes much of the beneficial change in the figures as to child employment and school attendance to the new child-labor and school attendance law which the League of Women Voters successfully carried through the legislature last year. More boys and girls under sixteen years of age were in school this year than last. Of the number leaving school this year 6.2% more than last year had completed the eighth grade and about the same percent had finished one or more years of high school. Within the last year the percentage of boys leaving school has decreased nearly 2% while the girls has increased nearly the same percent.

"A modern definition of Child-labor is the employment of any child under 18 at any task with or without pay under direction or independently, which deprives the child of the proper measure of schooling, recreation and healthy development. The state does not disapprove of all work for children for work is essential to the proper development of the child. Indiana is interested in the difference between child work and child labor. There is little illegal child labor in Indiana. The enforcement of the State laws is responsible for that and the accidents to children in industry decreased 51% last year."

BIRTHDAY GREETINGS FROM MISSOURI

The following letter has been received from the Missouri League of Women Voters.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 7, 1922.

Congratulations on the first birthday of the Woman Voter. It is one of the most interesting bulletins that comes into our office and I have been wanting to tell you for a long time how much we enjoy it, peruse it, and frequently copy and quote from it.

We trust that our own League bulletin will last a whole year and that we may sometime have a birthday party together.

Most cordially yours,

LAURA K. WILLIAMS, Pres.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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ELKHART, IND.

Roberta L. Stahr, Editor.

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THE DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE

The International Conference which just closed in Washington is generally conceded by the statesmen of all the world as having set an entirely new standard for diplomatic gatherings and as marking an epoch of change in the policies and relations to prevail among nations. Never before have the statesmen of a number of nations met in such open frankness and never have the proceedings of such a gathering been open to the people. In this conference it was admitted by all the nations represented that the United States Government which had issued the call for the Conference, had no ulterior motives and no special concessions to seek. This confidence in our government made it possible for the foreign delegates to join with our representatives and to discuss in a friendly, dignified and sincere manner the tremendous question of lessening the burdens of the people and as far as possible to avert the terrific ravages of war.

Probably the conference did not entirely satisfy all the people, but there has never been a conference in which the delegates interchanged in as frank and candid a manner their ideas, fears, hopes and purposes. Some of the most prominent decisions and agreements attained at this conference may be stated briefly.

Provision was made for future conferences to continue the work that the present session was unable to complete. A commission representing the "big five powers" is to be created within three months after this adjournment. The American government will then call a meeting of the commission, fixing time and place. This commission is to determine whether or not the rules of war affirmed by the Hague Conference in 1907 are to be changed.

Mr. Balfour, the great British statesman, stated, "The greatest day of the conference was when America boldly and honestly stated her position on the reduction of armaments. It has set a new light in the world and the meeting in Washington has demonstrated the efficiency of conference methods for settlement of international disputes." The Naval Holiday which Secretary Hughes proposed in his first speech to the conference seemed at first practically impossible but its tremendous shock was followed by a remarkable clearing of vision and the program outlined was practically the one adopted. The ten-year holiday results in the scrapping of 28 capital warships by the United States, 20 scrapped by Great Britain and 10 by Japan, France and Italy will not have to scrap any. The United States will retain 18, Great Britain 22, Japan 10. There are various stringent restrictions governing the building of ships, submarines and other naval war paraphernalia.

Great Britain, Japan and the United States agreed to maintain the present situation as to fortifications and naval bases in the Pacific and not to add to their existing naval facilities or coast defenses. Japan and the United States thus agree to stop further competition in naval preparedness in the Pacific. It now looks as if a thorough friendly understanding had been reached between these two nations. One of the Japanese delegates said that "the intelligent, straightforward and sympathetic attitude taken by the United States had worked a miracle in wiping out distrust and jealousy."

One of the main achievements of the conference was the settlement of the Shantung question. For a time it looked as though an agreement could not be reached, but the American government calmly but firmly insisted

that the question should be faced squarely and disposed of. Japan is to turn Shantung back to China within five years. The Tsingtao railroad which had been the bone of contention is to be bought by China. Within six months the road is to be delivered into the control of China but Japanese interests will be protected by a Japanese traffic manager and accountant. Great Britain is to give up her leasehold territory in China in recognition of Japan's withdrawal from Shantung, and France also has indicated her willingness to yield her leasehold interests in China. Japan will withdraw her troops from Siberia as soon as order can be restored. The Chinese Eastern railroad, through Manchuria, is to remain under international control until things are more settled and the rights of all concerned can be adjusted.

There will be at least 8 treaties resulting from the conference and to be verified by the governments of the nations involved.

President Harding in his farewell speech to the delegates said that the world expected these nations to keep their agreements and to carry out the programs they had adopted. The eyes of the world will follow the proceedings and conduct of the nations, but with greater confidence because of the understanding friendliness that has been established.

HOW SENATORS ARE NOMINATED IN INDIANA

The United States senate consists of two members from each state, and the terms of the members are for six years. In the beginning, to secure for the senate at all times a large proportion of experienced members its personnel was divided into three classes—the term of the first to be two years, of the second four years and of the third, six years. Prior to the ratification of the 17th amendment to the constitution in 1913 United States senators were chosen by the state legislatures, the honor falling to the candidate receiving the majority vote of the joint session of the upper and lower houses of the general assembly. Since the amendment became effective the senators have been elected by direct vote of the people.

The national government does not prescribe details of election regulation, leaving to each state the control of the franchise. In Indiana we have the primary system. It provides means whereby the individual voter may express directly his preference among the various candidates of his party for the offices of president and vice-president of the United States senator, governor, representatives in congress and all the train of legislative, administrative and judicial office holders, excepting judges of the supreme and appellate courts and the state officers. But the results of the primary are directly and per se conclusive only in the cases of all the various offices beginning with congressional representatives and running downward in the list. In the cases of president, vice-president, United States senator and governor the party conventions have yet to deal.

If any candidate for United States senator or governor receives a majority of all votes cast for such office, he "shall" be declared the nominee by the state convention, when it meets subsequently to the primary. If no such majority has been received, the convention is empowered to exercise its judgment in the selection of nominees for senator and governor as well as for supreme and appellate court judges and state offices not involved in the primary. The delegates to the state convention are elected at the primary.

Prospective candidates for nomination by the primary for president, vice-president, senator or governor must file petitions bearing the signatures of 500 voters at least 60 days before the primary. Candidates for all other offices to be voted at the primary must file simply a "declaration" at least 60 days before the primary. Candidates for delegate to the state convention are named by petition by at least 10 legal voters.

Primaries are only required for political parties that cast 10 percent or more of the total vote at the last preceding general election.

THE WOMAN VOTER

THE MARCH PROGRAM

1. Business Session.
2. Report of Committee on Local Affairs.
3. Study of The Department of Efficiency in Government.

(There is no sure cure-all for our governmental ills. The wrong system with the right man at its head functions as well as the right system with wrong personal leadership. But the minds of those who have been studying the problem of efficiency in government have been working along certain definite lines, which are as follows:

- (a) The state election law.
- (b) Election officers.
- (c) How election booths may be improved.
- (d) Ballots; model forms; voting machines against printed ballots; the long and short ballot plan.
- (e) The primary law, and how it may be improved.
- (f) The elimination from politics of corruption and trickery; campaign funds; corrupt practice acts.
- (g) Proportional representation.
- (h) How to make national government more efficient and representative.
- (i) How to make county, township and state government more efficient.
- (j) How to make city government more efficient.

(1) The city manager plan.

(Under the city manager plan the people elect on a non-partisan ballot a council of popular representatives, usually five in number. The council hires, supervises and controls, reserving the right to remove the city manager. This city manager is a well-paid, full-time non-political executive, who appoints supervises and removes the heads of all departments. These in turn control the rank and file of the administration. The city manager plan is claimed to be democratic in that it is based upon two principles—i. e. (1) the short ballot (the electors are called on only to investigate and vote for five non-partisan candidates. These candidates are directly responsible and responsive to the people). (2) Unification of powers. (It is becoming more obvious that a trained executive is needed to handle the affairs of our cities.)

(Bibliography:

The following pamphlets may be obtained for nominal sums at the National Literature Headquarters, League of Women Voters, Peru, Ind.:

- "The Direct Primary."
- "The Convention and the Primary."
- "The Story of the City Manager Plan."
- "The Short Ballot."
- "Proportional Representation."

The following is a bibliography, prepared by the Efficiency in Government Department, Miss Belle Sherwin, chairman:

- (1) Government and Politics in General.
 - "Modern Democracies"—James Bryce.
 - "Principles and Problems of Government"—Charles Haines.
 - "The State and the Nation"—Edward Jenks.
 - "An Introduction to Political Parties and Practical Politics"—P. O. Ray.
- (2) The Government of the United States.
 - "The New Civics"—R. L. Ashley.
 - "American Government and Politics"—C. A. Beard.
 - "The American Commonwealth"—James Bryce.
 - "The National Government of the U. S."—Everett Kimball.
 - "American Government in 1921"—F. A. Magruder.
 - "The Government of the United States, National, State and Local"—W. B. Munro.
 - "Constitutional Government in the United States"—Woodrow Wilson.

(3) State Governments.

- "State Government in the United States"—A. N. Holcombe.
- "Principles of American State Administration"—J. M. Mathews.

(4) Local Governments.

- "American City Government"—C. A. Beard.
- "Are Cities Awake?"—M. L. Cooke.
- "Experts in City Government"—E. A. Fitzpatrick.
- "The County—The Dark Continent of American Politics"—H. S. Gilbertson.
- "Local Government in the United States"—H. G. James.
- "The Government of American Cities"—W. B. Munroe.
- "The Government of European Cities"—W. B. Munro.
- "American Municipal Progress"—Chas. Zueblin.

STATE NEWS

Mrs. J. J. Littrell, Chairman of the Thirteenth District, and Mrs. J. C. Boss of Elkhart attended a Convention of the Lady Maccabees at South Bend, February 7. Over 500 women were present and Mrs. Littrell spoke on the "Purpose and Value of the League of Women Voters," which organization was the only one represented other than the Maccabees. Many of the women present were members of the Leagues in Michigan and Indiana and were for that reason anxious to give it a place on their program. Every possible courtesy was extended by their State and National officers to the representatives of the Indiana League.

Mrs. J. Albert Harris, Chairman of the Civic Department of the South Bend League is arranging and managing concert tours for Madam "Peggy" Righter of Chicago and South Bend, and is anxious to obtain dates with Leagues desirous of raising money. Madam Righter has toured in both Canada and the United States, has a sweetly beautiful lyric soprano voice and a charming personality. Mrs. Harris solicits correspondence.

The National Social Hygiene Association has offered to the League of Women Voters the services of several speakers who will go into nearby cities and states without any expense to the League. This will offer to Indiana Leagues a very valuable service. The speaker available for such engagements in Indiana is Miss Jessie Binford, Hull House, Chicago. The Leagues desiring Miss Binford to appear on their programs should correspond with her direct at the address given. Miss Binford is the only speaker offered to the Middle West and will probably be in great demand.

Miss Hauser, National Chairman of the Reduction of Armament Committee, recommends the film and slides entitled, "What's the Limit" and "Disarmament, Dollars and Sense" as follows: "I wish every city league in the United States might purchase a set and have them shown in every church, lodge room, and school house in the country, besides making them a feature of a meeting of every woman's club in the land. The educational work which we are trying to do would be tremendously extended in this way. If you are interested in buying or renting the slides write direct to Mr. Jonathan Rawson, Jr., No. 18 East 37th St., New York City."

At a meeting of the Republican State Central Committee, January 26th, a resolution was passed inviting women voters "to full participation in party affairs and encouraging them to seek public office." Just how full participation women may be accorded in the parties is yet to be seen. One of the State newspapers commenting upon the above resolution, states: "It is very generous of the State Committee to grant women 200 of the 1720 delegates that will compose the next state convention. Since there are as many women voters as there are men voters, why not make a fifty-fifty split?"

THE WOMAN VOTER

STATE NEWS

In the last WOMAN VOTER were placed over 500 SUBSCRIPTION BLANKS. So few have used them or paid their subscription that we are loath to mention it. IF YOU WANT THE WOMAN VOTER TO LIVE PAY YOUR SUBSCRIPTION AT ONCE.

Encouraging reports of League meetings and other activities have been coming into headquarters during the past few weeks indicating that the women are taking active interest in the coming primary campaign and are ready to make use of the training they have received in their League work and study.

Dr. Carrie Banning of Ft. Wayne, a physician and prominent in League work and other women's organizations has accepted the Chairmanship of the Social Hygiene Committee for the State League. Dr. Ada McMahan of LaFayette who previously headed the Committee was unable to continue on account of her pressing duties of the State Board of Health of which she is a member. Dr. Banning attended the National League Convention in Cleveland and the Indiana State Convention last year and will go as the delegate representing her Committee from this State to the Baltimore Convention in April. Mrs. C. C. Warrington, State Probation Officer and well known to all our League members is the daughter of Dr. Banning. This mother and daughter are talented women and each is very efficient in her own particular profession.

Mrs. E. C. Rumples former president of the Indiana Federation of Women's Clubs is Chairman for the Women's division in the "New for Senator" campaign.

Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch, first vice-president of the Indiana League of Women Voters and formerly State Chairman of Democratic Women, gave an address "Women in the Political Parties" at a meeting of the Ft. Wayne League January 28th. This was Mrs. McCulloch's last meeting before leaving for an extended European tour.

The Frankfort League with the co-operation of the Delphian Circle recently had a very interesting meeting at the Library. Miss Lucy Branham, a "relief" worker in Russia, spoke on the conditions in that country and illustrated the lecture with moving pictures.

The regular January meeting of the Plymouth League was addressed by Professor E. E. Boyer of the City Schools on the subject "Women in Politics."

The Bloomington League had its annual moving picture show benefit January 30th and 31st from the proceeds of which they expect to complete payment of their State pledge. Bloomington League is always prompt and dependable.

Mrs. C. C. Warrington spoke on Uniform Laws for Women at a banquet given by the Bluffton League at the Baptist Church in that city on January 31st.

The Civic Art Committee of the South Bend League arranged for a remarkable display of pictures at the Oliver Hotel in that city February 1st to 4th. Committees from the League acted as hostesses each day and the League received a percentage on all pictures sold.

Mrs. Chas. McLaughlin was hostess for the January meeting of the Portland League. During the meeting the women sewed comfort tops and aprons for a sale to be held during February.

Mrs. Geo. Kleder of Marion and County Chairman for the League entertained the Marion League at her home January 28th. Professor H. C. Bedford of Marion College spoke on Citizenship. Mrs. Mabel Stogsdill called attention to some needs of the City Schools. Need of reform in school girls dress was discussed. Refreshments were served.

The School Board of the City of Chicago has taken a forward step toward a greatly desired reform by requiring simple uniform dress of school girls and prohibiting Jazz music from school programs, social entertainments and dances. School authorities in other cities with the co-operation of parents may hasten changed conditions that all will welcome.

Mrs. Luella Cox of the State Industrial Board and Chairman of the State League's Committee on Women in Industry gave a remarkably forceful address before the League of Women Voters in Ft. Wayne at the Chamber of Commerce February 4th. Mrs. Cox is perhaps the best informed woman in the State on the working conditions and special needs of employed women and children. Some of the recommendations urged by Mrs. Cox are published elsewhere in this issue of "The Woman Voter."

The Aurora League is one of the most active in any of our small cities. Their programs are always well planned and the meetings well attended. Mrs. McMullen, secretary of the local League, is one of the State Directors and was responsible for the League's organization. At the January meeting the topics were planned, so as to inform the members on the different phases of city government. Miss Abigail Holman reports at each meeting on National Legislation and her short notes on "Capitol Doings" are always looked forward to.

The Frankfort League has planned a series of meetings on city, state and national government in accordance with the State slogan, "Every Woman an Informed Voter." The first program consisted of: The Mayor and His Duties; Duties of City Clerk and Treasurer; Functions of the Council and Duties of the Board of Public Works. Open discussion followed the program. This is the sort of civic study that the League recommends in all communities.

The Washington Township League of Gaston sent the "Woman Voter" a vote of thanks for the account of the League's activities recently published. In the letter it is stated, "We hope for a fuller program for the coming year and more work accomplished." They have set a pretty large task if they exceed their former record. The newly elected officers are: Mrs. M. C. Lewis, president; Mrs. C. W. Barnhart, first vice-president; Mrs. S. H. Boyle, second vice-president; Mrs. Wm. McCreery and Mrs. W. A. Clarke, recording secretaries; Mrs. G. C. Hinton, corresponding secretary and Mrs. Eva Wills, treasurer; The new officers have organized for a membership drive.

The Logansport League met February 1st at the Chamber of Commerce and the program for the day was an open forum on the subject "Why Women Fail in Politics."

There are two women members of the Indiana State Board of Education, Mrs. E. E. Olcott of North Vernon and Mrs. Richard Edwards of Peru. Mrs. Edwards is also member of the Peru School Board and has been for several years.

The Anderson League had representatives of the different women's organizations speak on the subject of "Why Club, Business, Professional Women should belong to the League of Women Voters." They also discussed the relation of the League to the political parties.

At the meeting of the Kendallville League Mrs. Elmer Baker gave a resume of Will Irwin's book, "The Next War," Mrs. Eva Findley explained the functions of the State Reformatory and the penal farm and Mrs. H. H. McComber, first woman juror in Kendallville related her experiences.

The January meeting of the Kokomo League was addressed by Attorney Lloyd McClure on "The Legal Status of Women in Indiana." The program committee submitted program plans for the remainder of the year and the membership committee reported plans were being made for a membership drive.

The January program of the LaPorte League consisted of talks by Miss Loveless and Miss Pitt, nurses sent out by the Health Education Department of the State University. Pictures were shown along health and recreation lines. The meeting was held in the Y.M.C.A. building and was well attended.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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Vol. II

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No. 3

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION

Plans are maturing rapidly for the National Convention of the League of Women Voters and the Pan-American Conference of Women. The Transportation Committee are asking for early reports concerning the number of delegates from each state so that arrangements may be made with the railroad companies to secure special rates. Those in Indiana who have thus far registered with the State office as planning to attend are: Mrs. Elizabeth Earl of Muncie, Mrs. C. C. Warrington and Dr. Carrie Banning of Ft. Wayne, Mrs. T. A. Stuart and Mrs. C. B. Stuart of LaFayette; Misses Alice Hammerstein and Helen Benbridge of Terre Haute, Mrs. C. A. Evans, Mrs. W. W. Black and Mrs. J. A. Woodburn of Bloomington, Mrs. Ella Kehrler of Anderson, Mrs. A. T. Cox and Miss Adah Bush of Indianapolis, Mrs. A. H. Beardsley and Mrs. J. C. Boss of Elkhart, Mrs. Homer McCray of Kendallville, Mrs. Harry McMullen of Aurora, Miss Betsy Edwards, Shelbyville, Mrs. C. Eby of Connersville, Mrs. J. A. Osbon of Jasonville, Mrs. John Roush of Frankfort, Mrs. Lewis Myers of Valparaiso, Mrs. Chas. Teetor of Hagerstown and Mrs. W. W. Gaar of Richmond. Any others who can attend will confer a favor on the State Committee by notifying Mrs. Beardsley at once. The program as now planned for the convention is as follows:

PROGRAM

April 20, 21 and 22—Belvedere Hotel, Baltimore.

Round Table conferences on the following subjects:

Child Welfare—In charge of Miss Grace Abbott, Chief of the Children's Bureau Department of Labor, U. S. A.

Education—In charge of Miss Julia Abbott, Kindergarten Division, Bureau of Education, Department of the Interior, U. S. A.

Women in Industry—In charge of Miss Mary Anderson, Chief of the Woman's Bureau, Department of Labor, U. S. A.

Prevention of Traffic in Women—In charge of Dr. Valeria Parker, Executive Secretary of the Interdepartmental Social Hygiene Board, U. S. A.

Civil Status of Women—In charge of Mrs. Mabel Willebrandt, Assistant Attorney-General, Department of Justice, U. S. A.

Political Status of Women—In charge of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance.

Sunday Afternoon, April 23rd.

Mass Meeting—Addressed by the Pan-American delegates.

General Subject: "Leaders Among Women."

Monday Evening, April 24th.

Large Semi-Public Dinner—Speeches by National and Maryland officials and by delegates of the Conference.

General Subject: "International Friendliness."

April 25th, 26th and 27th.

Regular meetings of the Annual Convention of the National League of Women Voters. At these meetings the delegates to the Pan-American Conference will be given all the privileges of the floor except a vote.

Friday, April 28th.

"Washington Day"—Visits to Capitol, Pan-American Union, and other places of interest.

Evening Mass Meeting in Washington—General Subject: "What the Women of the Americas Can Do to Promote Friendly Relations."

Saturday, April 29th.

"Annapolis Day"—By invitation of the Governor of Maryland.

President Harding has been requested to appoint a woman as official representative of the United States for the Pan-American Conference. He has consented to do so, but has not yet named the appointee.

All of the Committees for the Pan-American Conference are busily completing the arrangements assigned to them. Mrs. Minnie Fisher Cunningham, Executive Secretary of the National office, is chairman of the Special Committee which is responsible for seeing to the transportation, both by sea and land, of the official delegates from South and Central America, Canada, Mexico and Cuba. Mrs. Moris Soper of Maryland is treasurer of this special committee and Mrs. Wm. Hubert of New York is secretary. Mrs. Wm. Rice, Jr., of Washington, D. C., has charge of railroad transportation; Miss Elizabeth Babcock of Watertown, N. Y., will be in New York City to welcome the delegates arriving by boat and direct them on their trip to Baltimore. Mrs. Wm. Ellicott of Baltimore has charge of the hospitality arrangements for all delegates and the Maryland League of Women Voters has undertaken the entertainment of the delegates from South and Central America in the homes of Baltimore members.

The visit to the National Capitol is in charge of Miss Marion Parkhurst, chairman of the "Washington Day" Committee. As legislative secretary of the League Miss Parkhurst will be able to show them the workings of the federal legislative bodies. Her committee has planned a number of social activities for them also.

"Helping Hoover" was the watchword of American women during the war. Now Secretary Hoover is helping the National League of Women Voters in its plans for the Pan-American Conference.

The message sent by Secretary Hoover to Mrs. Maud Wood Park, President of the League of Women Voters, reads as follows:

"I am very glad to hear of the proposed Pan-American Women's Conference. It is only through the personal contacts of individuals in the United States with individuals of the Central and South American nations that a better understanding of North and South America, each for the other, will ever be secured. That a better understanding and a closer relationship between these two continents is in the interest of the whole of our people goes without saying, and every effort such as yours which will further such a cause deserves support.

"I wish you every success and am confident that your conference will mark another step in the progress which the women of the world are making toward taking their proper place in the civic affairs of all nations."

Secretary Hoover has promised to be present and address the Conference if his official duties permit.

Other American Governments whose formal acceptance of invitation to appoint delegates to the Conference have been received are, Chile and Ecuador in South America, Costa Rica and Nicaragua in Central America, Haiti, the Dominican Republic and the Republic of Peru. The last named, Peru, has the distinction of being the first to announce its delegate, Miss Margarita Conroy of Lima, who is keenly interested in the activities of women in her country.

Brazil will be represented by Dona Bertha Lutz of Rio Janeiro. Madam Charles Dube has been appointed as official delegate of Haiti and Senorita Ana Teresa Paradas will represent the Dominican Republic. There will be several representatives sent by different groups of Cuban women.

which is a short distance from the hotel, and which will

distinguished men and women will speak.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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PREPARING FOR CITIZENSHIP

The Primary Election and Party State Conventions.
Candidates Nominated at the Primary.

Candidates for the following offices in each political party must be nominated at the Primary Elections, held the first Tuesday after the first Monday in May, date this year May 2nd, 1922.

- Representatives in Congress (one from each of the thirteen districts).
- State Senators and Representatives.
- Judges of Circuit, Superior, Criminal, Probate and Juvenile Courts.
- Prosecuting Attorneys.
- County Officers.
- Township Trustees, Assessors, Justices of the Peace and Constable.
- United States Senator and Governor.
- Precinct Committeemen.
- Delegates to State Conventions.

How Candidates Are Placed on Primary Ballot:

There are two ways by which persons may have their names placed on the primary ballots of their party as candidates for office:

1. By filing a petition of voters.
2. By filing a declaration of candidacy.

Candidates for United State Senator or Governor must file at least sixty days before the primary a written request with the Secretary of State that his name be placed on his party ballot and at the same time file a petition signed by at least 500 voters of the State asking that his name be printed on the ballot and stating that the petitioners desire to vote for such candidate.

Candidates for all offices except United States Senator and Governor and those who are candidates for offices which must be nominated by the State conventions and candidates for delegates to State conventions are required to file a declaration of candidacy not less than 30 days and not more than 60 days previous to the primary election.

Candidates for United States Representatives and State Legislature or for the Judiciary offices must file declaration with the Secretary of State. Candidates for county or township offices or for precinct committeemen file with the Clerk of the Circuit Court. Declarations of candidacy must be signed by the candidate in person. There are no fees required for filing declaration.

Candidates for Precinct Committeemen.

In each precinct each of the political parties, subject to the primary law, shall elect a precinct committeeman who is to serve until the next primary election.

Candidates for Precinct Committeemen must file declaration at least 30 days before the primary with Clerk of the Circuit Court of the County in which he resides.

Delegates to State Convention.

A candidate for delegate to the State Conventions of any party participating in the primary must be nominated by petition as follows:

"Any ten legal voters of any one party in any county may file such nominating petitions. The names of the petitioners shall be signed in ink and the residence of each set opposite his name."

The petition shall state the party, territorial unit and convention for which said delegate is nominated. The petition must be filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court not less than 20 days before the primary. When

such a petition is filed the Board of Primary Election Commissioners must place the name of the person nominated on the ballot.

Ten persons residing in any County may file one petition nominating all the delegates from such county for one party to its state convention. The filing of such a joint petition does not prevent the filing of other petitions.

The same person may at one primary be a candidate for any office and also for delegate to State Convention. The same person may be a candidate both for delegate to the State Convention and for Precinct Committeeman.

Voting.

Voting will be conducted in the usual way in each of the voting precincts.

Precinct Committee Meeting.

The election laws provide that at 1 o'clock P. M. on the Saturday following their election at the primary the Precinct Committeemen of each party meet some place in the county seat and elect a county chairman, a secretary and treasurer and such other officers as may be deemed necessary.

County Committee Meeting.

The County Committee is composed of the Precinct Committeemen elected at the primaries and meet at 1 P. M. on the Saturday following the election and perfect the County organization.

The District Committee.

The District Committee is composed of the County Chairmen of the District and the time and place of meeting and method of organizing is prescribed by the State Central Committee. The District organization must be perfected within 30 days after the primary and must be uniform in each party throughout the State.

The State Conventions.

The State Conventions of the political parties must be held within 150 days after the primary. Dates for the Indiana State Conventions have not yet been designated but they will be held in Indianapolis as prescribed by law.

The Primary Election.

The Primary election will be held Tuesday, May 2nd. The Precinct and County Committee Meetings will be held Saturday, May 6th.

The District Conventions will be held within 30 days after the primary.

The State Conventions will be held in Indianapolis within 150 days after the primary.

A CABARET LUNCHEON

Unique in its form of entertainment and attractive in all its appointments was the cabaret luncheon given by the South Bend League of Women Voters in the new Tribune Auditorium. The cabaret committee were Mrs. W. K. Sherman, Mrs. Thad Keller and Mrs. Walter Bloomfield. Four hundred persons were served luncheon from 12 o'clock to 2:30 and all details were arranged in true cabaret style. The LaSalle Theater orchestra played during luncheon and Misses Mary J. Miller and Clarice Von Barandy led in cabaret dancing, Harold Bowden of Notre Dame University and Mrs. Vere Strayer introduced song numbers and little Maxine Eaton appeared in ballet dance numbers. The auditorium was elaborately decorated with palms and ferns and the guests were served at tables grouped around the room, leaving an open center for the dancers.

The Committees in charge had secured excellent advance publicity with the result that after serving more than 400, at least 100 were turned away that could not be accommodated. Aside from the general committee already named, Mrs. L. S. Fickenschier, League County Chairman, was in charge of the ticket committee; the finance committee, Mrs. W. C. Stover; Executive committee, Mrs. J. E. Neff, acting president of the League and the dinner committee was headed by Mrs. A. V. Helmquist.

THE WOMAN VOTER

INDIANA STATE CONVENTION

The Third Annual Convention of the Indiana League of Women Voters, will be held in the city of LaFayette, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, May 9, 10 and 11. These dates were determined at the meeting of the Board of Directors Feb. 16th. Appointment of convention committee chairmen has been made by the President, Mrs. A. H. Beardsley of Elkhart as follows: Mrs. W. S. Greenough of Indianapolis, General Chairman of Program and Convention Procedure; Mrs. J. C. Boss, Elkhart, Nominations and Election; Mrs. Ora T. Ross, Rensselaer, Revision of Constitution; Mrs. T. A. Stuart, LaFayette, General Chairman of Local Committees; Mrs. B. B. White, Terre Haute, Resolutions; Mrs. Russell K. Bedgood, LaFayette, Credentials; Mrs. Blanche Ruffner, LaFayette, Banquet; Mrs. Schyler C. Marks, LaFayette, Hotel and Entertainment; Mrs. Sam A. Cahn, LaFayette, General Arrangements.

It is also planned by the Program Committee to include as part of the convention attractions a trip for the delegates to the State Park at Turkey Run on Friday, May 12th. The LaFayette League is undertaking to entertain the convention delegates in a most royal manner and it is hoped that their cordial invitation will be appreciated by the Leagues throughout the State and that the 1922 Convention will mark the largest attendance of any convention the League has held. Convention headquarters will be at the Hotel Fowler and in a short time the Entertainment Committee will advise room rates and other information of interest to the delegates.

All Leagues should be planning now for sending large delegations to the LaFayette meeting. The Committees are doing their part in preparing an exceptional convention program and it will be well worth the time and effort involved for every League to have representatives there.

"AN AID TO THE CITIZEN IN INDIANA"

We have on hand at the State office several hundred copies of the citizenship books or handbook of valuable information for any one desiring brief and accurate information on city, town, county and state government. The regular price is 25 cents but for a limited time we will sell them to Leagues at \$1.00 per dozen or to individual members at 10 cents per copy. Send orders at once to the State office, 430 Monger Bldg., Elkhart.

These little books are of utmost value for quick reference in any home.

HOOSIER HAPPENINGS

Political bees are busily buzzing in many bonnets. Senator Harry S. New and Ex-Senator Albert J. Beveridge are avowed candidates for nomination as Senator on the Republican ticket. B. B. Shively of Marion was the first announced candidate on the Democratic ticket but it is rumored that Thomas Taggart is also to be in the running.

Mrs. Julia B. Nelson of Muncie, the only woman member of the legislature last year, has announced her candidacy for re-election. Mrs. Nelson made a very favorable impression upon the voters and is assured support.

Mrs. Carl P. Lentz, for thirteen years employed in the office of District Attorney in Indianapolis, was appointed Assistant District Attorney by Homer Elliott, now United States District Attorney. Mrs. Lentz is the first woman in Indiana to hold such a position.

Miss Adah Bush, Secretary of the Governor and Director at Large of the Indiana League of Women Voters, was appointed February 16th as Chairman of the State Finance Committee to succeed Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch of Ft. Wayne.

The motor trip to Turkey Run for delegates attending the State League Convention at LaFayette, May 9, 10 and 11, will be an unparalleled attraction and the delegates should plan to take advantage of it. Turkey Run is a State Park located in Parke County, 35 miles southwest of LaFayette. Most Hoosiers are wholly unaware that such a beautiful, wild and attractive spot is located within our State boundaries. The trip can well come under the League's educational "Know Your Own Community" plan. The entrance to the park, The Shades, is about 10 miles southwest of Crawfordsville.

Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, State President, is a member of the committee to arrange program for the "League Presidents' Dinner" April 26th at the Baltimore Convention. Mrs. Jessie D. Ames of Texas is chairman and the other members of the Committee are Mrs. C. G. Ryan, of Grand Island, Neb., and Mrs. James E. Cheesman of Providence, R. I.

Ex-Governor Samuel M. Ralston has announced himself as candidate for nomination for United States Senator subject to the Primary Election in May.

It is strange how a "clean-up" seems to follow the entrance of women into public office or public life. Note the following which appeared in the paper of one of our Indiana cities: "Will Make Changes for Women Voters—Alterations will be made in the jury room at the courthouse so that women jurors may be accommodated. Hitherto no women have served because of lack of proper accommodations. The judge's office is being given a thorough cleaning."

STATE NEWS

The League of Women Voters at Milton held their regular meeting February 13th. Mrs. Teetor of Hagerstown, County Chairman, gave an excellent address on various phases of League work. Six new members were secured at the meeting.

The Music Committee of the Fayette County League gave a Charity Musical program Monday evening, February 20th, at the Central Christian Church, Connersville. The proceeds which were very satisfactory to the committee are to be spent in aiding those in the city and county who are in need. Mrs. C. E. Walden was chairman of the committee. The program consisted of fifteen numbers, including vocal, orchestra, piano and organ numbers. It was a most worthy project, very successfully carried out.

which is a short distance from the hotel, and which will

distinguished men and women will speak.

THE WOMAN VOTER

STATE NEWS

The Ft. Wayne League which is always fertile in devising novel ways of money-raising conducted a most successful flag day sale on Washington's Birthday. The League with other city organizations requested all citizens to display the American flag in honor of the Father of His Country, and small flags were sold in booths established by the League in the Anthony and Wayne Hotels, Chamber of Commerce, Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., the Automobile Show and lobbies of a number of the leading theaters. Mrs. E. J. Longfield was chairman. The returns were very satisfactory and enabled the local organization to send a substantial payment on its pledge to the State Treasurer. The Ways and Means Committee which planned the day were Mrs. E. J. Longfield, Mrs. Joe Gaskins, Mrs. Francis Lomont, Miss Sophia Maier, Mrs. J. J. Vavaler, Mrs. Clem Lomont, Mrs. George Randal, Mrs. E. C. Sliter, Mrs. James Liggett, Mrs. Robert Gasgill and Miss Alice Dooley, Miss Flora Wilber, Miss Bertha Medsker, Miss Agatha Diek and Mrs. William Lennart.

The Gaston League had an art exhibit at the school building February 22nd, and an address was given by Mrs. J. R. Marsh of Muncie, President of the County Federation of Clubs.

The February meeting of the Valparaiso League was held February 20th at the home of Mrs. E. H. Hall. Judge Loring spoke on the Juvenile Court and Mrs. Horn conducted the forum on the Rogers Naturalization Plan.

The Jasper County League of Women Voters met at the Court House in Rensselaer February 21st. Mrs. C. W. Hanley was leader for the day and the subject considered was "The Making of an American."

At the February meeting of the Newburgh League the subject of Taxes was considered. Township Trustee Purdue, explained why Newburgh has a tax of \$4.13 on each \$100 valuation.

The Columbus League of Women Voters met at the City Hall February 18th. The National League and its work was presented with an outline of program and plans for the National Convention in April. A quiz was conducted on "What Do You Know About Your Government?"

The monthly meeting of the Columbia Township League (Fayette County) was held February 22nd at the home of Mrs. Richard Shuttleworth. The subject Citizenship was discussed by Mrs. Shuttleworth and Mrs. C. R. Perin.

At the meeting of the Frankfort League February 21st seven county officers or their representatives attended the meeting and explained the duties of their respective offices. The meeting was well attended and proved of great interest.

The March meeting of the State Board of Directors will be held at Claypool Hotel in Indianapolis Thursday, March 16th.

The Efficiency in Government Committee of the South Bend League had charge of the meeting February 20th at the Y. M. C. A. W. O. Davies and Dalton Moomaw spoke on different phases of local government.

At Crown Point County Assessor William Black spoke to League members on Taxes and Tax Problems February 15th.

The Home Economics Department of Purdue University served the luncheon at a well attended meeting of the Tippecanoe County League at the Community House LaFayette, February 15th. Dr. Schaffer spoke on City Administration; Miss Clara Beehler spoke of her work as welfare nurse and Mrs. Isaac Rice led in the round-table discussion, Know Your Own Community.

The League at LaFayette entertained with a military eucher party at the Community House on February 23.

* The Indianapolis League has conducted two very successful and interesting League functions this past month. More than 150 women attended their February Birthday luncheon held at the Spink-Arms Hotel February 20th. The tables were decorated with flags, silk bunting and red tapers. The program was in keeping with the day. Five-minute talks were made by the following: Mrs. Samuel Ashley on "Washington"; Mrs. Grace Julian Clark on Dr. Anna Howard Shaw; Mrs. Francis Streightoff on "Lincoln"; Mrs. Fred Krull on "Susan B. Anthony", and Miss Adah Bush on "The Work and Future Outlook of the League of Women Voters." Mrs. S. E. Perkins talked informally of the International Conference.

The second big feature of the month was a "Food Sale" held Saturday, February 25th, at the Monument Circle. Mrs. Isaac Born, Chairman of the 7th District, was in charge of the sale with a large committee of enthusiastic members. Every member of the League was asked to contribute a sample of her "bakery, cookery or cannerly." The proceeds are to be applied on the District pledge to the State League.

The Kendallville League held a "market" last Saturday and remitted the proceeds, \$50, to the State office to complete payment of the League pledge to the State.

A meeting of the Bloomington League was held February 21st at the home of Mrs. W. W. Harris. The League reported on its annual movie benefit and remitted to the State office the balance necessary to complete payment of its pledge.

At a meeting of the Delphi League February 16th Mrs. Frank Lyon, Mrs. Chas. Murphy and Mrs. R. F. Gregg spoke on subjects relating to Public Health and Morals. The League has arranged for John Z. White, a celebrated speaker to address an open meeting on March 3rd.

The Laporte League at its February meeting decided to conduct an investigation as to why the project of furnishing milk to undernourished children in the public schools of that city had been abandoned after funds had been raised for the purpose. At the meeting the matter of securing a probation officer for Laporte was discussed also.

Mrs. Maude Perkins Murray of Helmer, LaGrange County and League Chairman for the 12th District, has been appointed by Judge Drake as Probation Officer for her County. Mrs. Murray is exceptionally well fitted for the position because of her training and experience in welfare work for a number of years in the city of Chicago.

Mrs. Lillie M. Kurfess of New Albany and one of the Directors of the State League has been appointed Probation Officer for Floyd County.

The president of one of Indiana's small rural Leagues under date of March 1st wrote to State headquarters as follows: "I believe there is nothing you can do to keep little Leagues like ours, alive that helps so much as 'The Woman Voter'. Please do not think of stopping it unless you cannot possibly finance it."

The Editor of "The Woman's Page" of one of the Indiana daily newspapers sent her subscription for "The Woman Voter" for its second year and added "Your publication is GOOD."

Have YOU paid your subscription to "The Woman Voter"? DO IT NOW.

The two very satisfactory financial successes of the Indianapolis and South Bend Leagues with luncheons should suggest excellent ways of raising money to other city Leagues that are desirous of earning money for convention or other League expenses.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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Vol. II

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No. 4

OUR STATE CONVENTION

By Mrs. W. S. Greenough.

The plans for the State convention of the Indiana League of Women Voters, to be held in Lafayette from May 9th to May 11th, are well under way. The Indiana League will have the privilege and the honor of hearing Mrs. Maude Wood Park, national president of the League at the mass meeting which will open the convention Tuesday evening, May 9th. There will be other speakers of national reputation at this mass meeting, and great interest is being expressed in Lafayette among the general public in this meeting. Through the courtesy of Mrs. Richard Edwards, national chairman of the speakers bureau, Indiana has been able to secure other national women for the convention dinner, which will be held on Thursday evening, May 11th.

The state convention will have a grave responsibility in selecting from the reports of the standing committees the legislative policy of the coming year. The legislative measures to be adopted must be thoroughly discussed and understood before action is taken binding the state league to any definite policy. There are a few constitutional changes that are to be carefully considered. However, the League at Lafayette and the state program committee have a number of plans for the entertainment of the visiting delegates. Lafayette is peculiarly fortunate in formulating such plans. Purdue University furnishes a local center of interest to the out-state guests, and the university officials have been cordial in their co-operation. There will probably be a luncheon and a session of the convention at the university.

Lafayette is close to one of the natural beauty spots of the State, Turkey Run. Mr. Richard Lieber, director of the State Department of Conservation, has expressed his desire to turn the resources of his department over to the League for the proposed trip to Turkey Run. This trip is planned for Friday, May 12th, and will be in the nature of a post-convention trip. From the reports from different parts of the state, many of the delegates will take advantage of the good roads to Lafayette and make the trip in their cars. The Lafayette League, under Mrs. Arthur Stuart, is mobilizing other cars for the trip. It is the hope of the committee in charge that there will be enough cars for every one wishing to go. Turkey Run is one of the system of state parks, and, quite aside from its unusual and rock-canyon beauty, it should be of interest to the delegates as newly enfranchised women voters to acquaint themselves with the park and with the work of the department of conservation in preserving for the coming generations some of the wild life of the state. It is to be hoped that every delegate will plan to take advantage of this trip.

The local committees at Lafayette have been appointed and are keenly alive to their responsibilities. The civic organizations of Lafayette are expressing interest in the convention and are planning to do their share in providing for the convention. The Hotel Fowler is adequate in every respect to take care of the convention.

In addition, Lafayette has a unique Community House which is a short distance from the hotel, and which will

provide retiring rooms, and restful parlors for the delegates who come in for the day only.

The program committee had a meeting in connection with the state board meeting on Thursday, March 16th, at which time the other tentative plans for the convention were taken up in detail and discussed. The committee was divided into sub-chairmen, a partial list of which is given. Mrs. Richard Edwards was appointed press chairman, Miss Helen Benbridge and Miss Adah Bush and Mrs. Cox were appointed a committee for program advertising and Mrs. Charles Arthur Carlisle was given the seating arrangements for the dinner. Mrs. Arthur Stuart of Lafayette, chairman of the local arrangements, was added to the committee.

NATIONAL CONVENTION NOTES

Mrs. Harding will receive the delegates to the National Convention at the White House on the afternoon of April 28th when all the delegates and guests will be entertained in the City of Washington. A special train will bring them from Baltimore to the Capitol.

Numerous social affairs are being planned for the visitors from South America, Canada and Europe.

Lady Nancy Astor, England's first woman member of Parliament, will attend the Pan-American Conference and in accepting the invitation extended by the National League, stated: "I have always felt I should like to go to my women compatriots and this seems to be my chance. I do want to come to America, to go home to Virginia, to see my relatives and it will be the greatest pleasure for me to meet the American women." Lady Astor is very enthusiastic about the conference which she believes will, through women's cemented friendliness and international good will. She will be the guest of Mrs. Gifford Pinchot who is a girlhood friend of Lady Astor.

Mrs. Maud Wood Park, National President, went to Canada in February where she organized Canada's first League of Women Voters in the city of Toronto. The invitation came from the women of Toronto through Mrs. Sidney Small who is to be one of Canada's delegates to the Baltimore conference. Mrs. Small is well known in Washington and New York where she is a frequent visitor. She is a niece of Mrs. Florence Kelley of New York and a sister of Mrs. John Boyd of Washington. Mrs. Small says she considers the conference "a real step toward international friendliness" and that we are all looking for, and that the League of Women Voters is doing its work "is one of the biggest things women have undertaken."

Miss Belle Sherwin, second vice-president of the National League and National Chairman of the Efficiency in Government Department, has spent considerable time in Baltimore and Washington planning the program and arrangements for the convention. Speaking of the conference, Miss Sherwin said, "Women are all so interested in a condition or a subject in proportion as they personally see and know it. Contact with women from other countries will give us a new understanding of their point of view and a realization of what they are doing and so will cement a closer bond between us."

"Every convention of the League of Women Voters has given us a new breadth of vision and has made us feel that we are a part of the great force which is making for progress in the world. Our capacity for service will be infinitely increased and strengthened this year by the opportunity to learn how history is being made in each of our sister republics and to join in friendly discussion with thinking women from every part of the western hemisphere." Miss Sherwin believes that the Baltimore convention will give to the American nations a new understanding of the aims and efforts of women.

A "close up of Congress" is part of the program for Washington Day. Delegates from every state will, in a body, visit the office of the Senior Senator from each state and meet there the senators and congressmen to discuss with them measures on the National Legislative program and to express personal appreciation to those who voted for the Sheppard Maternity Act. After these informal meetings the delegates will visit the galleries of the Senate and House to see how the National legislative bodies function.

The mass meeting in the evening will be held in Contee Memorial Hall when Secretary of State Evans Hughes and distinguished men and women will speak.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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THE APRIL PROGRAM

WOMEN IN INDUSTRY

By Mrs. Luella Cox.

I. Minimum Wage Legislation.

The Need.

A living wage is the sum necessary to support a worker in health and meager comfort.

- (a) The bulk of wage-earning women must support themselves.
- (b) The minimum budget should be no less for women living at home than for single self-dependent women.

1. Make a minimum budget for a working woman in your town.
2. Budget should include lodging, food, clothing, car-fare, laundry, medical care, charity, savings, amusement, vacation, reading matter, etc.

II. Many women workers get less than the cost of living.

- (a) Study available information as to wages of women in industry in Indiana. (Write for Mrs. Cox's report to Industrial Board for 1921).
- (b) Make a wage scale from information as to wages paid by local employers of women. Show the ages and the experience of the workers.
- (c) Wage studies in the United States show that candy, paper boxes, overalls, hosiery and underwear are made by low-paid workers. In the making of women's clothing, cigars, silk, etc., certain occupations involved pay very low wages.

III. The Evil Effects of Low Wages.

On Health, Morals, Public Welfare. On the State and on Industrial Conditions. Low wages impose a financial burden on the State by increasing public expenditures for charity, hospitals, etc. When wages are low, women move about from job to job which creates many problems in the industrial world.

IV. What the Best Laws Provide.

1. A permanent state minimum wage commission.
2. Separate wage boards for separate trades or occupations.
3. Careful investigation of the cost of living.
4. Wage Boards recommend minimum sufficient to maintain health and welfare of workers.
5. State Commission decrees legal minimum rates.
6. Investigation and Enforcement.

The Highest State Courts have upheld the Minimum wage laws in Oregon, Arkansas, Minnesota, Washington, Massachusetts and Texas.

V. How the Legislation Has Worked.

1. The low end of the wage scale has been lifted to the level of the cost of living.
 2. Industrial efficiency of employer and employees has been stimulated resulting in:
 - Better organization and management.
 - More emphasis on personal work, training and supervision of employees.
 - Readjustment to the right job and less shifting.
 - More interest and ambition and better work done.
- Experience has destroyed fears as to the effect of the law.
- (a) The minimum wage has not become the maximum wage.
 - (b) Few workers have lost their jobs. Most readjustments have been favorable to the workers.

SECOND PART

The Eight-Hour Day for Wage-Earning Women.

I. Legal Hours of Work for Women Vary.

All except five states regulate hours somewhat, but only a few have an eight-hour day.

Eleven states prohibit night work in certain occupations.

One day's rest in seven is compulsory in 11 states.

Study Indiana's present laws regulating hours of women workers.

Long Hours More Fatiguing than Formerly.

New Strains: Speed and complexity of machinery, monotony, piece-work when resulting in a speeding-up system, overtime. Old Strains: Humidity, extremes of heat and cold, vibration, poison, dust, gases, bad air, bad lighting.

III. Evil Effects of Fatigue when Hours Too Long to Allow Workers' Energy to Be Restored.

Danger to Health: Over-fatigue creates a toxin in the worker's system, injurious to health.

Danger to Safety: Accidents increase with fatigue.

Danger to Morals: Bodily exhaustion is unfavorable to self-control.

Danger to Future Generations: The death rate for babies of wage-earning mothers much higher than for those whose mothers do not work.

Danger to the State: Physical deterioration of wage-earning women shown by examinations.

IV. Night Work Injurious.

V. One Day's Rest in Seven Very Valuable for Maintaining Health.

VI. Maximum Legal Standard Should Be an Eight-Hour Day, Fourty-Four-Hour Week, Half Holiday on Saturday and Rest on Sunday.

VII. Regulation of Hours of Work by Law is Constitutional.

VIII. Industry Does Not Suffer from an Eight-Hour Day.

Production greater.

Unfair competition eliminated.

Progressive employers working less than legal hours evidence that it is profitable to do so.

IX. Woman Needs Protection More Than Man.

REFERENCES FOR STUDY

Write Mrs. Luella Cox, State House, Indianapolis, for report of Women and Children's Department Industrial Board for 1921.

She can also furnish material giving general information on Women in Industry.

Write to National Consumers League, No. 44 East 23rd St. New York City, for the following:

American Minimum Wage Laws at Work.....	10c
Minimum Wage Commissions Current Facts.....	5c
Minimum Wage Laws Are Good Business.....	5c
Hearing on Minimum Wage Bill U. S. House of Repr., free.	
Eight-Hour Day and Rest at Night.....	5c
Night-Working Mothers in Textile Mills.....	10c
Women and Machines.....	3c
Equal Opportunity for Women Wage-Earners.....	5c

Write U. S. Department of Labor, Washington, D. C., Women's Bureau for Bulletins No. 2, 5, 7, 14, 265 and 285, all of which are supplied free of charge.

WOMEN AND THE PARTIES

Gradually the political parties are giving to women recognition and a place in the party organization. In some cases it comes more slowly and with greater difficulty than in others and in some instances women have been taken into the party on an equal basis with men while in others they have just been allowed to come into the inner circle and look on while a few of their sisters are trained by the party leaders.

In Indiana both parties this year have taken definite action through their State Central Committees to invite the women into party participation and to urge women to seek public office. The Democratic State Committee adopted rules relating to the status of women voters in that party as follows: "Women voters are eligible to all offices and appointments provided in the Primary and general election laws and also as provided by the rules for that party's organization." The party rules provide that if a man is elected as precinct committeeman he shall appoint within a week a woman as vice-committeeman. In the event a woman is elected she shall appoint a man as vice-committeeman. This rule relating to the precinct also governs that of county chairman and district chairman. It further provides that at the meeting of the district chairman for the purpose of electing a chairman of the State Central Committee, a woman shall be elected as first vice-chairman of said committee.

This is getting the representation accorded to women on a definite basis and the Democratic women are to be congratulated upon the action of their party.

In Colorado where women have been voters much longer than in Indiana the law provides that at the primary election the voters elect precinct committeeman and vice-committeeman, one of whom shall be a man and the other a woman. This law permits the people to choose a man and a woman to represent them in their party and is a step in advance of having the committeeman who is elected appoint a vice-committeeman.

The Republican State Committee in Indiana passed a resolution early in the year granting women full participation in the party organization and encouraging them to declare themselves as candidates for office.

Men and women working together in the parties can not only evolve better working rules but can assure the people in general of greater efficiency in governmental affairs.

STATE NEWS

Mrs. Laura Sharfenberg of Michigan City has been appointed police woman of that city and is the first to hold that position. She will enter upon her duties April 1st. The Michigan City League requested the new City Manager to consider the appointment of a woman in the police department and later the League recommended Mrs. Sharfenberg who said, "I am very proud to be recommended by the League of Women Voters and feel that this recognition has more than repaid me for all the time I devoted to furthering woman suffrage. I want the League and all citizens to feel that I will always be ready to perform my duty and to stand for what is right and just."

Mrs. Artie C. Cullop, wife of ex-Representative W. A. Cullop of Vincennes is the first woman of any party to become a candidate for Congress in Indiana. She has announced her candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Congress from the Second District.

Mrs. Ella Kehrer, district chairman, entertained the Anderson League of Women Voters at her home March 1st. Discussion of League work and the State Convention interspersed with music number made an interesting program.

The Portland League held an all-day meeting with picnic luncheon at the Courthouse March 1st. The morning hours were given to sewing and business and in the afternoon an interesting program was given.

Mrs. Maude Arnold and Mrs. Helen Ludke of Three Oaks, Michigan, have resigned as members of the City Council because they found themselves "at everybody's beck and call, unable to satisfy anybody and always the object of unjust criticism."

Mrs. F. E. Lambert was the principal speaker at the regular meeting of the South Bend League March 6th. She spoke on the subject of taxation. Arrangements were made for the annual election of officers for the League and ward chairmen instructed to arrange for ward caucuses.

The Food sale of the Indianapolis League in February was so successful that it has been decided to hold one each month. Mrs. Isaac Born, chairman of the sale to be held March 25th has appointed sub-committees to arrange for solicitation of the members for food contributions.

Dr. Carrie Banning of Ft. Wayne, Chairman of Social Hygiene Committee of Indiana, spoke at Howe, Ind., March 1st at the regular meeting of the Howe League.

The League of Women Voters of Logansport held an unusually interesting meeting in the Chamber of Commerce rooms March 1st. Judge Geo. Guster answered in detail each of the twenty or more questions in the questionnaire submitted by the National League on the Legal Status of Women. The Judge answered and discussed each question and also many others which the women were firing at him in rapid succession.

At Plymouth the League was addressed by Attorney John Kitch on the "Hysterics of the Masses." The lesson in citizenship on How Senators are Nominated in Indiana was led by Miss Ida Galbreath.

The article published in the last Woman Voter on Primary Elections and Party Conventions has been reprinted and will be furnished on request by the State office.

The League of Women Voters at Goodland met last Tuesday for the discussion of Uniform Laws for Women, American Citizenship and the Rogers Naturalization Plan.

The Jasper League of Women Voters had a delightful "Washington's Birthday" meeting at the home of the president, Mrs. Wm. A. Wilson.

The Ft. Wayne League has decided to hold an Easter Egg Sale, Friday and Saturday before Easter. They expect to dispose of at least 5000 colored and decorated eggs in booths in the department stores. The sale of last year was so successful it has been decided to repeat it.

At Crown Point March 7th, under the auspices of the League there, A. J. Parkin of the National Community Service Association who is now located in the city of Whiting spoke to the interested citizens regarding community welfare and the advancement possible in that direction under city control.

Miss Bessie Diener of Elkhart who has been for 11 years Deputy Clerk for the Superior Court, has announced her candidacy for the nomination of County Clerk on the Republican ticket.

Mrs. C. C. Warrington, State Probation Officer, addressed the Kokomo League at their regular meeting March 3rd. There was a large attendance and refreshments and a social hour were enjoyed at the close of the meeting.

Wells County has two women candidates on the primary ballot, Miss Lorine Markley, candidate for County Clerk, and Mrs. Horton Lesh for County Treasurer.

The Tippecanoe County League met at the Community House at Lafayette for their regular monthly luncheon March 8th. The chief matter considered was the State Convention to be held in that city May 9th to 11th. Mrs. Richard Edwards, National Vice-President, Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross of Rensselaer, District Chairman, and Mrs. Walter Greenough of Indianapolis, Chairman of the Convention Program Committee, were present and spoke of the national and state meetings. High enthusiasm concerning convention plans prevailed. More than 100 were present.

The regular meeting of the Newburgh League was held March 6th for discussion of the following subjects: "Individual Responsibility for Good Government," "How Senators are Nominated and Elected" and "The Muscle Shoals Proposition."

The League of Women Voters and the City Federation of Clubs of Bluffton joined in bringing two prominent speakers to the city for a public meeting on March 3rd. The Federation secured a speaker representing the Riley Memorial Hospital and the League, Mrs. Edward Franklin White a prominent lawyer of Indianapolis and Assistant Attorney General of the State, who spoke on Citizenship and Law Enforcement.

At the Board meeting of the Fayette County League at the home of Mrs. Christian Eby, District Chairman, Mrs. C. E. Walden, Chairman of the Charity Musical reported \$129 as the net proceeds which sum is to be used for the relief of the local poor.

Judge and Mrs. James P. Wasson of Delphi entertained at a dinner the officers of the Delphi League and their husbands in honor of John Z. White who spoke under the auspices of the League at the Methodist Church, March 3rd.

Mrs. C. C. Warrington will speak on Juvenile Delinquency and Probation Work at Terre Haute, March 15th. The League has invited members of the Child-Welfare Association and the Parent-Teachers Council to attend.

At the Indianapolis League meeting March 10th, A. D. Hitz spoke on Food Distribution, and Mrs. Richard Lieber told of her experiences as a city police woman.

Albert Stump representing the Public Utilities Association of Indianapolis addressed the League at Sullivan on the subject of Public Utilities February 28th.

The Indiana State Democratic Convention will be held in Indianapolis May 31st.

IN THE MAGAZINES

Articles of unusual interest to women have appeared in recent numbers of the leading magazines:

The Woman's Home Companion of January contains "A New Combination of Woman Power," "Good News from Many States," "Selling Good Health to York," by Anna Steece Richards in the February number.

The Review of Reviews, January number, contains "Women's Internationals," "The Human Aspects of the Conference." The February number contains "The Agricultural Crisis and the Woman." The Review of Reviews also offers two helpful booklets, "Taxation" and the other "Your Government."

In the January Good Housekeeping is found "Unemployment is Your Fault," story of the unemployment conference called by Secretary Hoover last fall. In the February number is an article regarding the four women members of the Reduction of Armament Conference; also the vote on the Sheppard-Towner Bill. "The Letters from a Senator's Wife" continue to give interesting bits of news of happenings in the Capitol City.

The Congressional Digest in January featured the Reapportionment Bill; the Beer Bill and the Maternity Bill.

The Ladies' Home Journal contains a very illuminating article concerning our schools under the title "Illiterate America," in the January number. In the February number a second article, "How We Neglect Our Schools", by the same author, is given. Dr. Josephine Baker of the New York City Child Hygiene Bureau has in the January number "The Under-nourished Child" and "Making Our Schools Safe for Our Children" in the February number.

In the Pictorial Review, Ida Clyde Clark has an editorial in the January number on "The Business of Being Women" and in the February issue, "The Woman's Own Job—The Child."

The Woman's Weekly has arranged with the National League of Women Voters for reports of all League activities to be published and the national publicity chairman, Mrs. A. M. Miller, requests important League publicity to be sent to her for this purpose.

WHICH

It has been said that: "old fellows should take their hands off party management and give new men a chance."

Think it over then vote your convictions. It might be well for State and party to inject new blood into the life of the United States Senate.

BERNARD BOBBS SHIVELY,

Candidate for the Democratic
Nomination for
U. S. Senator

To the Voters of Indiana:

I am a candidate for the nomination for United States Senator from Indiana, and I want the support of those voters, who believe that in the event of my election, I will give to the public the best service of which I am capable. I have no right to expect the assistance of those who believe that some other candidate will serve the people better than I will.

SAMUEL M. RALSTON



Published by Fred I. King, State
Manager for Senator New.

SENATOR HARRY S.

NEW

Temperamentally safe, sound and conservative, Senator New has PROVED himself the type of counselor needed at the side of President Harding during these days of reconstruction.

Vote and work for His Nomination for Senator in the Republican Primaries May 2.

THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Vol. II

ELKHART, IND., APRIL 15, 1922

No. 5

CONVENTION PROGRAM PROMISES UNUSUAL ATTRACTIONS

Each day some new feature of the approaching State Convention is assuming definite form and each adds to the attractiveness of the program of work and entertainment that is being built and evolved by the Program Committee.

An invitation was extended to all the senatorial candidates in the coming primaries to "fire the opening gun of their respective campaigns for election to the Senate" in a thirty-minute address to the hundreds of women who will attend the annual convention at LaFayette. The letters to the candidates on both party tickets asked that in the event of their nomination, they speak before the League delegates at the Hotel Fowler on Tuesday evening, May 9th, the opening session of the convention proper. Cordial response has been received which insures at least two very interesting speakers for the first evening of the convention.

This invitation marks the first time that candidates for one of the highest state offices have been asked to appear to urge their reasons for election directly on the women voters who by their office as delegates are representing thousands of other women voters in the state. Two years ago when the seven candidates for Governor appeared before the League, women of Indiana were not yet voters and could not be appealed to by the candidates as such. The senatorial candidates are Senator Harry S. New and Albert J. Beveridge, Republican candidates, and Samuel M. Ralston, Dan W. Simms of Lafayette, Jesse Sanders of Garrett, Bernard B. Shively of Marion and Chas. Howard of Windfall, the Democratic candidates. Two of these gentlemen will be our speakers.

The handsome year-book and convention program that is being issued under the direction of Miss Adah Bush, Chairman of the Finance Committee, is going to be one of the most perfect examples of the art of printing that the League has ever published. Advertising has been secured from various sections of the state and at a recent meeting of the Program and Finance Committee a plan of giving unusual service to advertisers was devised and will constitute a novel feature of the convention. To give all advertisers full value received the League has engaged rooms adjoining the convention hall and has offered each advertiser opportunity to display one article as advertised and to use the wall space behind the exhibit for display advertising. This exhibit will include women's wearing apparel, food, furniture and other household equipment. Very naturally it is expected to prove a popular spot during the free hours of the convention.

The motor trip from LaFayette to Turkey Run on May 12th will be one of the feature attractions of the convention. Many delegates will plan to go to the convention in automobiles and make the trip to Turkey Run in their own cars. The LaFayette Committees are arranging for extra cars so that all delegates may have the opportunity to make the trip. Crawfordsville is arranging under the direction of Mr. Smith, editor of the Journal to direct the trip from Crawfordsville to the Park and see that excellent car service is provided for all visitors.

The Conservation Department of the State which has jurisdiction over the Park is co-operating with the League in making the trip a delightful one in every way and to give the women first-hand knowledge of what the Department is doing to conserve the natural resources of the State.

The Indiana League of Women Voters will formally open the new hotel at Turkey Run. This courtesy was extended to the Nature Study Club of Indiana in 1919 when the first hotel was opened. The new part to be opened May 12th has 32 rooms and a very large new dining hall all equipped with the latest modern conveniences.

The program is assuming definite form and full detail of the program and all convention arrangements, transportation, hotel accommodations will be printed in the special convention number of the "Woman Voter", to be issued for April 15th.

HOOSIER HAPPENINGS

Mrs. C. J. Vayhinger of Upland, Indiana, Director of Americanization work for the National W. C. T. U. and a trustee of the Indiana W. C. T. A., will run on the Republican ticket for nomination for State Senator from Grant County. She made the announcement of her candidacy at a meeting of the W. C. T. U. Trustees of Indiana, March 9th. Mrs. Vayhinger is one of the most widely known women in the State and will have strong support in her run for the nomination.

There will be no dearth of candidates in the coming primaries and it is certainly not necessary for the "office to seek the man or woman, for that matter, as Vigo County alone has 264 candidates on file for the May primaries. Of the 264 candidates on file 157 days before expiration of the filing time, 157 are Democrats and Republicans. It may be interesting to know that the candidates are divided as follows: Sheriff, 13; Assessor, 29; Trustee, 54; Precinct Committeemen, 74; Recorder, 7; Treasurer 5, etc., etc.

The wives of the city officials and city councilmen of Indianapolis furnished the food for the second monthly market of the League of Women Voters, held March 25th. The delectable, toothsome viands which the ladies provided were greatly in demand and quickly disposed of.

The Indiana delegation to the National Convention in Baltimore will present an invitation for the National Convention of 1923 to be held at West Baden, one of Indiana's most beautiful spots, and a world-wide famous health resort. The great hotel at West Baden Springs has offered its entire equipment to the members of the League and will assist the delegates in every possible way in securing favorable consideration of its invitation for next year.

The Chamber of Commerce and Business Men's Clubs of Michigan City have sent to the State headquarters of the Indiana League a cordial and urgent request for the 1923 State Convention to be held in Michigan City—"The Gateway to the Lakes". The invitation from Michigan City and other points in the state will be considered at the convention May 9th to 11th.

The Indiana League of Women Voters at the Directors' Meeting, March 16th, took action which evidences its belief that women should do their share of the hard work in politics. A resolution was passed urging women to become candidates in the May primaries for Precinct Committeemen. The resolution read: "In view of the fact that the political organizations rest on the Precinct Committeemen as a foundation and that it is the duty of women to undertake their share of political drudgery, be it resolved, that all Leagues be asked to urge strongly that women run for Precinct Committeemen, promising the support of the League in their campaign—Democrats working for Democratic candidates and Republican League members working for Republican women candidates."

Reports of the campaign experiences of the candidates will be a feature of the program at the State Convention. Large numbers of women have declared their candidacy for Precinct Committeemen and other State and County offices. Two women of the Indianapolis League Miss Elizabeth Rainey and Miss Merica E. Hoagland have declared their candidacy for Representatives from Marion County during the past week.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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Roberta L. Stahr, Editor.

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NATIONAL CONVENTION NOTES

Interest in growing daily in Indiana in the National Convention at Baltimore and the list of delegates and alternates is rapidly being filled. Those who have been appointed delegates are:

Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, State President, and Miss Adah Bush, the two delegates-at-large.
Mrs. Chester A. Evans, Bloomington..... 2nd District.
Miss Betsy Edwards, Shelbyville..... 3rd District.
Mrs. Harry McMullen, Aurora..... 4th District.
Miss Alice Hammerstein, Terre Haute..... 5th District.
Mrs. Christian Eby, Connersville..... 6th District.
Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl, Muncie..... 8th District.
Mrs. John Roush, Frankfort..... 9th District.
Mrs. A. T. Stuart, LaFayette..... 10th District.
Mrs. E. A. Gould, Peru..... 11th District.
Mrs. Homer McCray, Kendallville..... 12th District.
Mrs. John C. Boss, Elkhart..... 13th District.
Mrs. C. C. Warrington, Ft. Wayne, representing Committee on Uniform Laws for Women.
Dr. Carrie Banning, Ft. Wayne..... Social Hygiene Committee.
Mrs. Ella B. Kehr, Anderson..... Child Welfare Committee.
Miss Helen Benbridge, Terre Haute,
Efficiency in Government Committee.
Mrs. Luella Cox, Indianapolis. Women in Industry Committee.

Alternates will be appointed from the following list: Mrs. W. W. Eck and Mrs. J. A. Woodburn of Bloomington; Mrs. Chas. B. Hart, LaFayette; Mrs. Guy Osborn, Jasonville; Mrs. Chas. Teetor, Garytown; Mrs. W. W. Gaar, Richmond; Mrs. L. E. Myers, Paraiso; Miss Julia Landers, Indianapolis; Mrs. Mary H. Whit-Kokomo; Mrs. Chas. Kern, LaFayette; Miss Eteleka Rocken-Miss Mary Gallahan, Miss Wolcott Stuart of Peru; Mrs. Angus Beeson, Milton; Mrs. Geo. Kleider, Marion, and Mrs. say of Marion, Mrs. Austin Stultz of Ft. Wayne, Mrs. Wm. A. on, Jasper, Mrs. S. C. Marks, LaFayette and Mrs. Theodore am of Lawrenceburg.

there are others who can plan to attend the convention they requested to report their names to the state office, 430 Monger Bldg., Elkhart, Indiana, immediately so that credentials can be obtained for and issued to them. Those who have not yet received the special "National Convention Announcement" either from Elkhart or Peru offices will please ask either of these offices for them, as it is impossible to print all details of program and the information the announcement gives in the Woman Voter.

At the National Convention registration can be made daily from April 20th to 25th, but not later. No one will be admitted to any session who has not registered and obtained the proper badge for delegate, alternate, visitor or press correspondent. Delegates and alternates will be admitted on the floor of all sessions but visitors will be admitted only after the delegate body is seated.

REDUCED RAILROAD RATES have been secured on the condition that enough delegates follow the plan outlined. All delegates should buy one-way tickets, securing certificate from the ticket agent when ticket is purchased and register this certificate at the transportation bureau at the convention. If a certain number of such certificates are filed the return trip tickets can be purchased at one-half fare. Tickets will be good going to Baltimore April 17th to 22nd and for the return trip up to May 3rd.

Tickets for Banquets and Special Dinners must be reserved in advance and checks or postoffice orders sent with reservations. Reservations should be sent to Mrs. Geo. French, 317 Woodlawn Road, Baltimore, who has charge of the following:

Banquet Tickets for Tuesday Evening, April 25th, are \$3.50.
Regional Luncheon Tickets for Wednesday, April 26th, \$1.50.
State Presidents Dinner Tickets for Wednesday Evening, April 26th, are \$2.50 each.
Local League Problems Dinner Tickets for Wednesday Evening, April 26th, are \$2.00 each.

The program for the entire ten days of the Pan-American Conference and of the National League of Women Voters is practically complete and the most eminent speakers and specialists are included in it. A brief outline of the program is all that we have space for in this issue but it will give some idea of the scope of work to be considered.

The Pan-American Conference opens Thursday, April 20th, at 10:00 A. M. with a discussion of Child-Welfare. In the afternoon Education is the subject to be considered.

Friday, April 21st, the morning session will consider "Women in Industry," and in the afternoon "Prevention of Traffic in Women." At 5:00 P. M. of Friday visitors will be taken for an auto drive around Baltimore.

Saturday, April 22nd, the "Civil Status of Women" will be discussed in the morning and the "Political Status of Women" in the afternoon.

Sunday, April 23rd, special services in all the churches in the morning. In the afternoon an informal reception will be given by Baltimore women in their homes to the visitors. In the evening "Famous Women of the Americas" is the title of the speeches in tribute to the women who have been leaders of the great reform movements through the past years.

Monday, April 24th, the morning session is to consider Efficiency in Government" and the work of the committee for "Reduction of Armament." In the afternoon delegates and visitors are entertained at Annapolis. In the evening a forum in which a number of the government officials and members of Congress will take part on the subject "Why Is the Cost of Living Still With Us?"

Tuesday, April 25th, the Conference of the League of Women Voters opens at 9:30 A. M. with the National Chairman, Mrs. Maud Wood Park, presiding. The program for the day includes the President's address, reports and presentation of plans for work for next year; state caucuses and committee reports. In the evening the great banquet takes place and many of the visitors from the Pan-American countries will take part in the program.

Wednesday, April 26th, subjects to be considered are: "The Year in Congress"; "The Value of Women in Office"; "Should the League Endorse or Oppose Candidates?"; "State President's Problems". The day also includes the Regional luncheons at noon and the State Presidents' dinner and the local League Members' dinner in the evening.

Thursday, April 27th, the day sessions are given to discussion and adoption of Committee Programs; Plans of Work; Constitution Amendment and Finance Budget. In the evening an interesting program on "Adventures in Practical Politics" will be in charge of Mrs. George Gellhorn, former First Vice-President.

Friday, April 28th, is Washington Day. A special train will take the delegates to Washington where the State delegations will meet with their respective Senators and Congressmen. There will be a visit to the Senate and the House; luncheons by Washington hostesses, reception and tea at the Pan-American Building and in the evening a monster mass meeting at Continental Memorial Hall. Some of the speakers on the evening program are Secretary of State Hughes, Sir Auckland Geddes, Dr. L. S. Rowe of the Pan-American Union, Senator Don Beltrian Mathieu, ambassador of Chile, Mrs. Robert Lansing, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt and others.

Saturday, April 29th, the morning business session will close a business proceedings of the convention and in the afternoon Mrs. Harding will hold a reception at the White House for all convention delegates and visitors from 2 to 5 P. M.

The holding of the convention almost within the bounds of the National Capitol affords a rare opportunity to all women who can plan to make the trip at this time. Indiana is entitled to twenty-two delegates and alternates or a total of forty-four representatives. It is hoped that the list of alternates as well as the list of delegates will be completed before the convention convenes.

Twenty governments of the American Continents are sending delegates to the Pan-American Conference. Many of the delegates from South America are already on their way, from Chili, Peru, Paraguay, Brazil, Venezuela, Uruguay, Ecuador, Bolivia and Argentina. From Central American Republics there will be representatives from Costa Rica, Honduras, Nicaragua, Guatemala and Panama. The island republics are also sending representatives from Cuba, Haiti, The Dominican Republic, Porto Rico and the Philippines.

Mexico will send a delegation of several women representing the different states or provinces of that country. The Governor General of Canada has appointed Dr. Ritchie England of Montreal as the official delegate to represent Canadian women. Dr. England will head a large delegation of prominent Canadian women who are deeply interested in the civil and political life of the Dominion.

STATE NEWS

At a meeting of the South Bend League, March 20th, thirteen directors were elected to serve for one year. These directors will elect the officers at the next regular meeting of the Board. Those elected were: Mesdames C. A. Carlisle, W. K. Sherman, L. S. Kickenscher, George Phillips, Earl Hummer, Lenn J. Oare, Delmar Baer, Walter Bloomfield, Wm. Stover, P. J. Swantz, Thad Kellar, J. Albert Harris and Chas. Russ. The program of the day was in charge of Mrs. J. Albert Harris and included several music numbers and an interesting talk on "Dance Halls" and another on "A Survey of the Motion Pictures," by Mrs. W. E. Miller and Mrs. Harris.

Professor Lawrence Gipson addressed the Crawfordsville League March 17th on the subject of "The History of the Political Parties." He dealt especially with the history of the parties and the men who had helped to establish the present form of government and the type of men who composed the Constitutional Assembly.

Judge Florence Allen of the Cuyahoga County Court, Cleveland, Ohio, was the honor guest and speaker at the annual banquet of the Elkhart League March 27th. Men were invited to attend the meeting with their wives and a large number of them were present. Two hundred guests were seated at the tables with Mrs. Wilbur Templin, League President, presiding. Mrs. J. J. Littrell, District Chairman, and Mrs. J. C. Boss, State Director, were among the special guests. Judge Wm. B. Hile of Elkhart introduced Miss Allen, who spoke for more than an hour on "Citizenship and Justice."

The Terre Haute League with the Child Welfare Association and Parent Teachers Council held their postponed meeting on March 16th with Mrs. Carrina Warrington, State Probation Officer as speaker. Mrs. Warrington stated that two probation officers for Vigo County are not sufficient to take care of the juvenile delinquency work in that county and urged the women to undertake the remedying of this condition.

At the meeting of the State Directors, March 16th, it was decided that League officers and members should contribute to the Woman Voter suggestions or ideas on methods of raising money. The Woman Voter is especially desirous that such items be sent in and urges that any of the Leagues who have been successful in raising money in any way shall send reports of them in to the Elkhart office at the earliest possible date. A contribution from the Bloomington League is as follows: "Our most successful way of making money is the picture show. The managers here have been very kind and have given us one show a year for a benefit. We receive 30% of the proceeds up to \$350, then we get 50% of all above that amount. We cleared from our last show \$175. We held it just after Mrs. Maud Wood Park was here, and found that she had helped create new interest in the League."

We put each precinct chairman in charge of ticket sales in her precinct and she divided the precinct into blocks making one woman responsible for tickets in each block, so that it was not hard work for any one. We also sold tickets on the square down in the city. We advertised the show ourselves and were permitted by the manager to select the show from a submitted list.

Another way we raise money each year is by a rummage sale and depend upon our precinct women to do the soliciting. We have always found the rummage sale an easy way to make money."

The Milton League at their March meeting had several interesting speakers. Albert Ferris spoke on "The Agricultural Bloc"; Mrs. Barton, "Duties of State Treasurer," and Mrs. Lydia Warfrew on "Duties of Secretary of State." The next meeting will be held April 3rd.

At the annual election of the Fayette County League of Women Voters at Connersville the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. S. E. DeHaven; first vice-president, Mrs. John Grimes; second vice-president, Mrs. W. S. Saxon; recording secretary, Mrs. Herdis Helmut; corresponding secretary, Miss Emily Jewiss; treasurer, Miss June Eschleman. Mrs. Christian Eby, 6th District Chairman, and the retiring president, gave a brief address on the work of the League and Mrs. DeHaven outlined the plans for the immediate future.

At the meeting of the Columbus League for March, Mrs. William Budd was elected treasurer to fill the vacancy caused by resignation of Miss Taylor. The citizenship lesson on Primary Elections in the Woman Voter was used as the main topic on the program. The League voted a contribution of \$5 to the Anna Howard Shaw Memorial Fund.

The Bloomington League on March 23rd held seven meetings in seven of the city precincts. Special programs were arranged for each meeting, the main purpose of the program being to explain the work and purposes of the League. The meetings were extremely successful.

The Evansville League will give its annual card party at the Elks' Temple Tuesday afternoon, April 18th. Preparations are being made to entertain at least 400. The League hopes to realize enough from the party to complete payment of its pledge to the State. Dr. Helen J. Floyd who has traveled extensively in Europe spoke to members of the League on "The Influence of Women Politics" in some of the countries she has visited.

Mrs. Kathrine L. Turpie was elected president of the Peru League at a meeting of the Directors on March 20th at the home of Mrs. John W. Bossard, Miami County chairman. Mrs. Turpie has been an active member of the League since it was first organized in Peru and has served very efficiently as chairman of the Fifth Ward. Mr. Tuttle of the Community Service appeared before the Board and requested the League's assistance in carrying on the community service work in the city. The Board passed a resolution of endorsement and voted to send a letter to all other women's clubs in the city asking them to join in aiding the Community Service in every way.

Many women in the state have known Mrs. Julia C. Henderson of Indianapolis who has been active in suffrage work and other great reform movements in behalf of women, and will be deeply grieved to learn that on March 15th she was stricken with heart disease and died very suddenly. The Board of Directors of the State League met in Indianapolis the next day and passed the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the Indiana League of Women Voters, through its Board of Directors, expresses deep regret over the untimely death of Mrs. Julia C. Henderson, who for so many years gave unstinted and loyal devotion to the suffrage cause, and extends to her family this message of sympathy believing that in her death the interests of women throughout the state suffer a great and distinct loss."

The Michigan City League at a recent meeting passed a resolution asking the Board of County Commissioners and the City Commissioners to order annual notification of every tax-payer of LaPorte County the exact amount of taxes due. The Michigan City League suggests that it might be a good idea for all Leagues in the state to declare in favor of the annual tax notice to all tax-payers.

The South Bend League endorsed a resolution submitted by the Civics Committee relating to restrictions of pictures shown in the city. The Amusement Committee as well as the Civics Bureau object to the number of drinking scenes shown in the film theatre and resolved that all the theater managers be asked to improve this condition by cutting wherever possible the scenes portraying drinking or drunkenness in any way. It was also resolved that vaudeville managers be asked to eliminate jokes relating to prohibition. The League has asked the other civic and religious organizations to assist in this effort to mold public opinion.

The quarterly meeting of the Gibson County Leagues was held at Princeton with talks given by Dr. Irwin Arthur of Patoka and Dr. O. T. Brazelton of Princeton on "The All-Time Health Officer." Miss Florence Strain discussed "Indiana Laws of Benefit to Women." Mrs. Thalia Woods of Ft. Branch gave reasons for and against the Bonus Bill. It was a splendid meeting with large attendance. The next County meeting will be held in Princeton at the State Convention in May.

At the annual meeting and banquet of the Crown Point League the new officers to take office next September were elected. The new officers are: President, Miss Hannah Black; vice-president, Mrs. Dr. Gibbs; secretary, Mrs. Keeler; treasurer, Mrs. A. H. Thompson. The Crown Point League is one of the most active of the small city Leagues in the state.

The Directors of the Indianapolis League have planned a series of concerts to be given during the next few weeks. The first one held last week with music numbers provided by the Lincoln Trio and Mrs. S. K. Ruick was greatly enjoyed.

Mrs. W. H. Myers of Hammond, County Chairman for Lake County, organized a new League at Ainsworth with 16 charter members. The officers of the new league are: Mrs. Elizabeth Fredrichs, vice-president; Mrs. Sadie Baker, secretary; Mrs. Pe Harper and Mrs. Lulu Cresman, treasurer.

The first woman to qualify for appointment as postmaster in the Sixth District under the present administration is Mrs. Minna Rankin, who will be postmistress at Kitchel. She was recommended by Rep. R. N. Elliott.

Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, State President, who has been on southern trip for several weeks, with her husband, Senator Beardsley and their two sons, returned April 1st and will now complete plans for the National and State conventions.

PICKED UP HERE AND THERE

Twenty-four hundred aliens, admitted temporarily to the United States in excess of the 3% quotas of the restrictive immigration law, will be permitted to remain if the Senate supports the resolution passed by the House. Representative Raker, of California, announced the resolution as framed in the interest of steamship companies to save them the cost of returning the immigrants to Europe. The Senate Immigration Committee has begun work on the House Bill to extend for another year the 3% immigration law, having postponed the vote on a bill to prohibit all immigration for five years.

April 1st finds practically every coal mine in the country idle with no prospect of immediate satisfactory adjustment of differences between operators and miners.

New Jersey has at last ratified the Federal Prohibition Amendment. After a long struggle the resolution passed the Senate and had a still more stormy career in the House where it was finally passed by a vote of 33 to 24. Laws providing for prohibition enforcement had to be passed over Governor Edwards' veto and so did the resolution accepting the provisions of the Sheppard-Towner Maternity Bill. Only two states now remain which have not ratified prohibition—Rhode Island and Connecticut. What is the matter with our eastern states when those which are ordinarily connected with thought of "moonshiners" were among the first to vote dry?

WANTED—Some one to take the "onus" out of the Bonus Bill. Members of Congress have seemingly forgotten that "where there is a will, there is a way."

The Rhode Island House of Representatives has passed a bill providing for a 48-hour working week for women and for children under 16 years of age. Exceptions were permitted in case of "seasonal occupations" for which a maximum of 52 hours a week is allowed.

From an article in the Woman "Citizen" concerning prominent men in Washington, we quote the following: "The President's Cabinet individually, has not been getting along any too well with Congress. Postmaster General Hayes was not beloved, even by the Republicans who lauded him as Chairman of the Republican organization in the old days. He stuck to his foolish notion about merit being of more account than partisanship, which unfortunately kept in the service some Democrats and kept out some Republicans here and there.

Secretary Mellon is about as popular with the Ways and Means Committee of Congress as he would be as an official of a soviet government. He speaks out from the experience of a hard business man, even in the face of what he knows to be the party dictum.

So far as Congressmen can see, he is getting to be a blind Republican, and a very conservative Secretary of the Treasury.

Secretary Fall of the Interior was not over-popular before he was appointed, on account of his one-sided outlook. He lived a breathless damnation to Mexicans with considerable asperity in manner in other matters. As Secretary of the Interior he has been as powerful with the President as many expected. The President has not done exactly as Secretary Fahl has told him.

"Secretary Hoover has never had a one-party following. He is not a secretary to whom Congress can dictate, nor can Congress be depended upon to follow his judgment.

The Cabinet is not popular throughout the country according to reports in Washington. It is not the kind of a cabinet Congress loves best. It is not easily wheedled—perhaps it does not have enough sympathy with Congressional situations."

Secretary Hughes has been presented with a pair of gold shoes by the Washington Press correspondents, "in token of gratitude for the kindly assistance" given them since he came into office. On the card which accompanied the gift, he was advised to "cut the Gordian knots of international diplomacy." At a meeting of the Overseas Writers Association, held recently in Washington, comparison was made between the Versailles Peace Conference and the Washington Conference, especially in regard to acquainting the people with the proceedings. At the Paris sessions, they said, news was got with great difficulty, while at the Washington Conference the delegates were far more willing to tell what was going on.

A Bill granting \$150 a month to the widow of General Gorgas in special recognition of his work against yellow fever in the Canal Zone has been favorably reported in the Senate by the Pension Committee.

Congressman Wood of Indiana has introduced in the House a Bill providing for a Constitutional Amendment making the President's term six years and providing that the candidate receiving the largest aggregate vote be declared elected while the candidate receiving second largest vote be declared vice-president. The electoral college would be abolished and the president would be eligible for re-election.

Miss Alice Robertson, the one woman now in Congress, has announced her candidacy for re-election. She says she "wants to see women come out and run for office and as for her own experience in Congress she says, 'I sure have had a wonderful time.'"

The American Legion's efforts to have unnaturalized aliens replaced by American citizens in industrial centers have caused hundreds of aliens to rush to the Federal Court for applications for citizenship.

SENATOR HARRY S.

NEW

Temperamentally safe, sound and conservative, Senator New has PROVED himself the type of counselor needed at the side of President Harding during these days of reconstruction.

Vote and work for His Nomination for Senator in the Republican Primaries May 2.

Published by Fred I. King, State
Adv. Manager for Senator New.



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THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Vol. II

ELKHART, IND., APRIL 15, 1922

No. 6

1922

CALL

1922

To The Third Annual Conference of The Indiana League of Women Voters

WOMEN OF INDIANA! MEMBERS OF THE LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS! A call to the third annual meeting of the Indiana League of Women Voters is sent to you in the confident hope that you will attend the Conference to be held in the City of LaFayette, May 9th to 11th, 1922.

The close of the second year of work finds the League widely recognized as a civic factor and with abundant proof of the value and permanency of the organization.

The League calls the women of Indiana to counsel together on subjects of great importance and of deep concern to women and children.

Amid the confusion of the many interests that clamor insistently for attention the League of Women Voters has blazed a trail of its own. That its advance may be rightly directed, the conference will consider: How to attain greater efficiency in government; promote child-welfare and the rights of all children to health and education; improve the working conditions of women in industry; make uniform the civil and political status of women; establish higher standards of American citizenship and encourage all women in the effort to preserve international peace and friendliness.

The League of Women Voters has been strengthened in unity of purpose, loyalty to ideals and determination to achieve. It offers all women the privilege and opportunity of service.

This Call is to YOU and the success of the League in the year to come will be measured by the spirit in which you respond.

Mrs. Helen M. Beardsley, President.

Alice Foster McCulloch,
First Vice-President.

Frances Bearse Gould,
Third Vice-President.

Olive Beldon Lewis,
Secretary.

Ann Studebaker Carlisle
Second Vice-President.

Katherine Croan Greenough,
Fourth Vice-President.

Ellen McCray,
Treasurer.

PROGRAM

TUESDAY, MAY 9th.

AFTERNOON: Meeting of State Board.
3:30 P. M.
EVENING: Mass Meeting, Mrs. Beardsley, presiding.
8 P. M. Mrs. Maud Wood Park, National President.
Music.
Addresses by the two successful senatorial candidates.
Greetings from Local League—Mrs. Thomas Arthur Stuart.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 10th.

MORNING: Mrs. Beardsley presiding.
9:30 America.
9:40-9:45 Announcements.
9:45-9:50 Secretary's Report, Mrs. Olive Beldon Lewis.
9:50-10:00 Treasurer's Report, Mrs. Homer McCray.
10:00-10:15 Headquarter's Report, Miss Roberta L. Stahr.
10:15-10:45 President's Address, Mrs. Beardsley.
10:45-11:30 Organization Report, Mrs. Gould.
District Chairmen report for 3 minutes each.
Report made graphic by use of chart.
11:30-12:00 American Citizenship, Mrs. E. A. Torrance.
12:00-12:15 Limitation of Armament, Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl.
12:15-12:30 Anna Howard Shaw Memorial, Mrs. Grace Julian Clark.

Luncheon.

AFTERNOON: Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch, presiding.
2:00-2:30 Social Hygiene, Dr. Carrie Banning.
2:30-3:00 Women in Industry, Mrs. A. T. Cox.
3:00-3:30 Child-Welfare and Working of the Sheppard-Towner Act, Dr. Adah Schweitzer and Mrs. Ella B. Kehrler.
3:30-4:00 Uniform Laws for Women, Mrs. Carrina Warrington.
4:00-6:00 Garden Party at Earlhurst, Mrs. Charles Benedict Stuart, hostess.
EVENING: Miss Helen Benbridge, presiding.
8 P. M. Efficiency in Government, Miss Benbridge.
Indianapolis Local Affairs Committee, Miss Alma Sickler.
Terre Haute School Board Election, Mrs. Fred Ballard.
Proportional Representation, Mr. Walter Millard, Field Secretary for the Proportional Representation League.

THURSDAY, MAY 11th.

MORNING: Mrs. C. A. Carlisle, presiding.
9:30-10:00 Report of Nominating Committee.
Report of Credentials Committee.
10:00-10:15 School Attendance Law, Miss Blanche Merry, State Attendance Officer.
10:15-10:30 Probation Law, Mrs. Carrina Warrington, State Probation Officer.
10:30-11:00 High Lights on the National Convention, Miss Elizabeth Hauser, Regional Director.
11:00-11:30 Plan of work for the coming year.
11:30-12:00 Constitution Amendments, Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross.

Buffet Luncheon at Purdue University.
Demonstration of Home Economics Work, Miss Mary Matthews.

AFTERNOON: Tour of University.
1:00-2:00 Afternoon Session in Library at Purdue.
2:00-3:00 Presentation and adoption of budget, Miss Adah E. Bush and Miss Sara Lauter.
3:00-3:30 Voting by new method directed by Mr. Millard.
3:30-3:45 Resolutions.
3:45-4:30 Legislative Program.
4:30-5:00 Meeting of New Board.
EVENING: Banquet at Fowler Hotel.
6:30 Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, presiding.
Greetings from Governor Warren T. McCray.
Announcement of new Officers.
Addresses:
Mrs. Marie Stuart Edwards, National First Vice-President.
Miss Rose Moriarity of Cleveland, Ohio.
Other noted speakers.

FRIDAY, MAY 12th.

ALL DAY Auto Trip to Turkey Run, famous State Park, where the League of Women Voters will formally open the new hotel which has just been completed.



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*“The
Swinging
Bridge”*

Turkey Run.

The entire tract of the Park covering several square miles abounds in just such wildly beautiful spots as the one here pictured.

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CONVENTION COMMITTEES

Program and Publicity:

Mrs. Katherine Croan Greenough, Indianapolis, Chairman; Mrs. Richard Edwards, Peru, Publicity; Mrs. Ella B. Kehrer, Anderson; Mrs. C. A. Carlisle, South Bend; Mrs. E. A. Gould, Peru; Miss Helen Benbridge, Terre Haute; Miss Gertrude McHugh, Indianapolis.

Nominations:

Mrs. J. C. Boss, Elkhart, Chairman; Mrs. Homer McCray, Kendallville; Mrs. Maud P. Murray, Helmer; Miss Alice Hammerstein, Terre Haute;; Mrs. Wm. Barnes, Indianapolis.

Constitution:

Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross, Rensselaer, Chairman; Mrs. Joseph E. Neff, South Bend; Miss Agatha Diek, Ft. Wayne; Mrs. Geo. W. Baker, Evansville; Mrs. Wilbur Templin, Elkhart; Miss Kathrine Beeson, LaFayette; Mrs. Katherine Turpie, Peru.

Resolutions:

Mrs. B. B. White, Terre Haute, Chairman; Miss Mae Helmer, Terre Haute; Mrs. C. A. Evans, Bloomington; Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl, Muncie; Miss Alma Sickler, Indianapolis.

Elections:

Miss Helen Benbridge, Terre Haute, Chairman; Mrs. J. C. Boss, Elkhart; Mrs. Maude Perkins Murray, Helmer, Mr. Walter Millard.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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ELKHART, IND.

Roberta L. Stahr, Editor.

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LAFAYETTE INVITES YOU

Delegates to the convention are already assured of a most cordial welcome to the city of Lafayette. Various organizations of both men and women are co-operating with the local League in inviting the delegates and in planning to entertain them in a manner that will be long and most delightfully remembered. The following letter from the Inter-Club Council representing the men's organizations indicates the spirit of the Lafayette citizens toward the women voters of Indiana.

Lafayette, Ind., March 2, 1922.

Indiana League of Women Voters,
Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, President,
Elkhart, Indiana.

Dear Madam:

The LaFayette Inter-Club Council, representing the Rotary, Kiwanis, Lion and Optimist Clubs, welcome your organization to our city for your 1922 State Convention. We stand ready to be of service to you in any way possible. We hope that your convention will be a success in every respect.

During the period of your convention we trust there will be opportunity for all your representatives to see our fine city, situated so beautifully on the bluffs and in the valley of the far-famed Wabash. LaFayette is the home of Purdue University and many other splendid institutions, which we hope you will be able to visit.

Feel at home in LaFayette. We will do our best to help you.

Very respectfully,
LAFAYETTE INTER-CLUB COUNCIL,
By F. A. Tedford, President.

With such an expression of cordial hospitality and friendliness no one should hesitate to attend the LaFayette Convention on the ground of "being among strangers." It is hoped that the attendance at the 1922 convention will be largest in the history of the organization.

LAFAYETTE CONVENTION COMMITTEES

Mrs. Thomas Arthur Stuart, General Chairman.

Hotel and Entertainment:

Mrs. Schuyler Marks, Chairman; Mrs. W. S. Baugh, Mrs. Chas. Downing, Mrs. Jack Evans, Mrs. Thomas Hollingsworth, Mrs. Harry B. Lyman.

Banquet and Tickets:

Mrs. Blanche Ruffner, Chairman; Miss Anne Ellsworth, Mrs. Will Steele.

Reception:

Mrs. Charles Benedict Stuart; Mrs. Virginia C. Meredith; Mrs. William P. Heath, Mrs. George P. Haywood, Sr., Mrs. Henry W. Marshall, Mrs. Harry Lyman, Mrs. Adelaide Sherry, Mrs. Bennett Taylor, Mrs. A. B. Westfall, Mrs. Alva O. Reser, Mrs. Max Politzer, Mrs. Chas. Ankeny, Mrs. Wm. Gude.



Mrs. Thomas Arthur Stuart.

Garden Party Reception:

Mrs. Charles Benedict Stuart, Hostess.
Mrs. A. H. Eardsley as President.
Mrs. Ora T. Ross as District Chairman.
Mrs. R. E. Edwards as National Officer.
Mrs. Thomas Arthur Stuart and
Mrs. Morrell J. Earl as Sisters of the Hostess.

Convention Hall:

Mrs. Sam Cahn, Mrs. Max Born.

Ushers:

Mrs. Allison E. Stuart, Miss Anne Ellsworth, Mrs. Charles Herbert Stuart.

Pages:

Miss Wolcott Stuart, Miss Louise Dewenter, Miss Mary Louise Taylor, Miss Louise Pepper.

Decoration:

Mrs. Richard Carpenter, Mrs. John S. Morrison, Miss Eleanor Brockenbrough.

Information:

Mrs. O. Harry Lutz, Mrs. W. I. Crum, Mrs. E. O. Price, Mrs. W. F. Kelley.

Local Membership:

Miss Ida Lahr, Mrs. Evan Sherry, Mrs. W. K. Parkinson.

Credentials—Mrs. Russel K. Bedgood.

Music—Mrs. Isaac Rice.

Transportation—Mrs. Chas. L. Erisman.

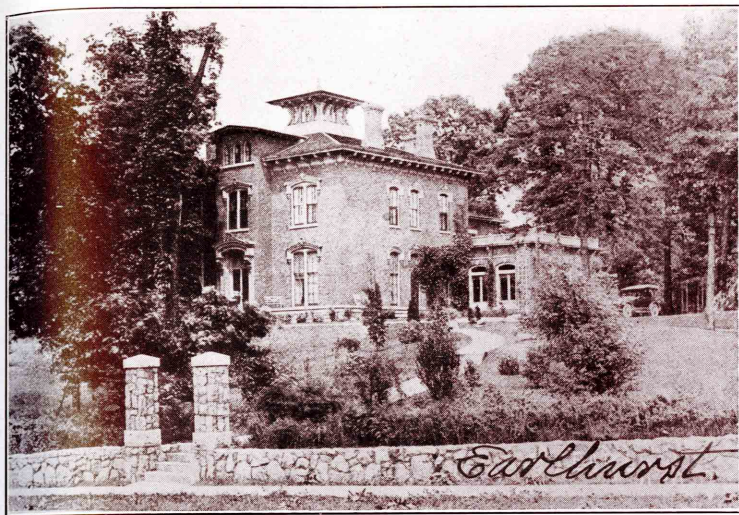
Speakers—Mrs. Marshall Haywood.

Publicity—Mrs. Chas. B. Kern.

Turkey Run—Miss Ida Lahr.

Advertising—Mrs. F. D. Long.

Purdue Luncheon—Mrs. Siegel Brown, Mrs. L. E. Beehler.



EARLHURST

The beautiful home of Mrs. Chas. Benedict Stuart (Alice Earl Stuart) where she will entertain all delegates and visitors to the convention on Wednesday afternoon, May 10th.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF STATE COMMITTEES

To conform to the policy of the National League of referring the programs of work of the various standing committees to the League members, the Indiana Standing Committees have each made recommendations for special work to be undertaken next year.

This plan of referring the programs to the local Leagues does not bind the League members nor the League delegates to the State convention to adopt them, but merely brings to their attention the outstanding points that the committee members deem worthy of either study or support. It affords a splendid opportunity to study and to suggest additional measures which they are not only permitted to do, but are urgently requested to report to the Committee Chairmen.

The committee recommendations will be submitted to the convention and the delegates should be informed on the various points covered and familiar enough with them to vote intelligently when the time comes for their consideration and adoption.

It is the policy of the League to adopt, endorse and support not to exceed three legislative measures at any one session of the Legislature. From the legislative suggestions submitted only three will be selected for legislative work next January.

The recommendations of the Indiana committees are submitted as follows:

Child-Welfare Committee—By Ella B. Kehrner.

Recommends for—

Active State Legislative Measure:

Appropriation by Indiana to match federal aid on Sheppard-Towner Act.

Reserve State Measure:

Better State care of dependent children and preventive measures for dependent and delinquent children.

Law Enforcement:

Of existing School Attendance and Child Labor Law.

Recommends to be endorsed:

Minimum standards for child-welfare.

Uniform Laws Committee—By Carrina Warrington.

Recommends for—

Active State Legislative Measure:

Amendment to the provisions for Mother's Aid, making it mandatory upon the counties to provide

the machinery for carrying out the provisions of said Act and further that in case no special fund is provided and allowed by the County Council for the payment of said Mother's Aid, the same may be taken from any fund already existing in said county for the care of orphans.

Reserve State Measure:

Raising the age of consent to 18 years with certain provisions for the protection of boys under said age.

Law Enforcement:

The law on jury service.

Recommends to be endorsed:

Standards set by the National League for methods of securing Legislation on the civil status of women, i. e. to work for specific measures, not so-called "blanket" measures.

Women in Industry Committee—By Mrs. A. T. Cox.

Recommends for:

Active State Legislative Measure:

The Eight-Hour Law.

Reserve State Measure:

Minimum Wage Commission.

Law Enforcement:

Of existing labor laws. The recommendation of the enforcement of the present industrial laws for women and children through one of the commissioners on the Industrial Board who shall handle all such cases instead of the present arrangement whereby the Department for Women and Children is only a branch of the work assigned to one of the commissioners.

Recommends to be endorsed:

Standards for Women in Industry as established by the Woman's Bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor.

Two well known League members of Kendallville, Mrs. Homer McCray, State League Treasurer, and Miss Clara Gilbert, noted club speaker, have been appointed as delegates to the Republican State convention. The delegates from Kendallville number just five and it is pleasing to know that of that number two will be women.

STATE NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Beveridge were guests of honor at the reception and dinner given by the Terre Haute League of Women Voters, April 4th, held in the Centenary Methodist Church. During the reception hours hundreds of men and women called and more than 400 attended the dinner. Mrs. Fred Ballard, President of the League, presided and introduced Mr. Beveridge who spoke on "The Powers and Duties of the American Senate."

Hammond was the scene of a delightful festive occasion March 29th, when nearly 200 members of the Leagues of Lake County sat down to a four-course dinner at the Chamber of Commerce Hall. The largest delegations were from Hammond and East Chicago, two of the most active Leagues in the County. Guests and speakers were Mrs. Richard Edwards, National Vice-President, Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross, District Chairman and Miss Adah Bush, State Chairman of Finance. Mrs. W. H. Myers, Lake County Chairman for the League, presided, and Mrs. Laura B. Floyd of East Chicago, former County Chairman, under whose supervision most of the Lake County Leagues were organized, headed the East Chicago company and gave an interesting account of the splendid work she directed for the Citizenship Amendment last August. Mrs. Floyd was compelled to give up active work in the League for nearly a year on account of ill health but is now in almost normal health and working enthusiastically to secure a large delegation to the State Convention next month.

Mrs. Cora Douglas, president of the Hammond League, gave the invocation, which was followed by special music. The first speaker was Judge Ibach of Hammond. Mrs. John I. Gwin of Rensselaer, Thomas Roberts of Indiana Harbor, Judge Norton of Crown Point, all made interesting short speeches. Miss Adah Bush was the principal speaker of the evening and at the close of the speeches an appeal was made for subscriptions to the \$250 pledge of the Lake County Leagues to the State budget. The response was instantaneous and the entire amount quickly secured in cash and pledges. Crown Point, East Chicago and Hammond Leagues each pledged \$50 and the remaining \$100 was paid in cash before the meeting dispersed.

Miss Clara Gilbert of Kendallville gave the last of her course of six lectures at Elkhart April 10th. Her subject, "A Challenge to Modern Feminism," was a fitting climax to this year's course. The Directors had a luncheon at the Y. W. C. A. before the meeting in compliment to Miss Gilbert who has for two years been the League's regular speaker.

The regular monthly meeting of the Newburgh League was held April 3rd at the Library and Frank A. Keller of Evansville and Edward Goerlitz and Jack Turpin of Boonville addressed the women voters.

Mrs. John I. Gwin of Rensselaer who has been active in League work and who is known to many women in the organization is a candidate for appointment as National Democratic Committee woman from Indiana. Her friends are hoping to see her succeed Miss Julia Landers who recently resigned from that position.

The Milton League met with Mrs. Chas. Ferris April 10th. The president, Mrs. Lycurgus Beeson, is to attend the National Convention at Baltimore as an alternate from the Sixth District and the time of the meeting was given to discussion of the National and State Conventions.

Members of the Vincennes League had the pleasure of hearing Mrs. Chester Evans of Bloomington, League Chairman for the Second District, at a meeting held in the parlors of the Grand Hotel, March 26th. After the address a business meeting of the League was held and Miss Anne O'Flynn was elected president to succeed Mrs. B. B. Griffith, who had found it necessary to resign. The meeting inspired much enthusiasm in the workings of the League of Women Voters and the officers are planning to have a large delegation at the State convention.

Miss Adah Bush addressed the Shelbyville League at the home of Mrs. Wallace Reimann recently. There was a large attendance and a prolonged social hour was thoroughly enjoyed. Miss Bush made an excellent speech in her usual magnetic manner.

Two attorneys addressed the League meeting at LaPorte, held at the Bay Tree Inn, April 4th. J. B. Dillworth spoke on "Government" and Leonard Henoch on "The Present Primary."

The Bloomington League met at the home of Mrs. N. B. Rogers March 31st and Mrs. Helen M. Tibbals gave an interesting talk on "Politics and the Home." Mrs. Tibbals has lived in Utah a number of years where women have had voting privilege ever since the state was organized and her comparison of conditions there with those in other states was extremely interesting. A nominating committee was appointed to nominate officers to be elected this month for the ensuing year.

The Peru League has enlisted the co-operation of the Ministerial Association, the public and parochial schools, the Trades Council, Chamber of Commerce, Merchants Association, Y. M. C. A., Boy Scouts and other organizations in conducting a "Peru Beautiful Week". With all the various organizations working together the League believes that Peru can be made the "show place" of the Wabash valley.

The Frankfort League held a baked goods sale Saturday, April 1st, and netted a little over \$30 which the League contributed to the State fund for the campaign in behalf of the Citizenship Amendment last fall. Since its organization last summer the Frankfort League has co-operated splendidly and efficiently in all the plans of work of the State organization and is considered one of the best of the new Leagues organized during the past year.

A unique meeting was arranged for the League at Kokomo March 31st, when 22 candidates for offices in Howard County were present and were given opportunity to make brief talks. Mrs. Earl Walker, president of the League, presided at the meeting and conducted the open forum in which the audience was free to ask questions of the candidates present. Another meeting of a similar nature was held April 3rd, when the two candidates for Circuit Court Judge on the Republican ticket were the speakers. On April 10th a meeting was held when two other candidates for Judge, one Republican and one Democrat, spoke. The candidates are finding women seriously in earnest in their eagerness to be intelligent and thoroughly informed voters.

Mrs. E. A. Gould of Peru, State Chairman of Organization, was the principal speaker at the League supper at Bluffton, March 30th. The supper and meeting were held at the Reformed Church with Mrs. Fred Longdon acting as chairman. Mrs. Gould's subject was, "What to Do, and How to Do It," and she gave helpful and practical suggestions as well as valuable information concerning the League of Women Voters and its various channels of work and usefulness.

Mrs. Clem J. Lomont, Chairman of the Easter Egg sale of the Ft. Wayne League, has appointed Mrs. A. J. Gruber, Mrs. Stevens, and Mrs. Niles the committee for collecting the eggs. The League is planning to sell at least 5000 eggs next Friday and Saturday.

The local candidates for State Senators were the speakers at the monthly luncheon and meeting of the Tippecanoe County League at the Community House in LaFayette, April 5th. At the business session final plans were made for the entertainment of the State Convention and the committees appointed were assigned their various duties in connection with the convention.

Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl of Muncie, State Chairman of Limitation of Armament Committee, spoke to the Anderson League in that city April 5th on "Importance of the Primary and Women's Part in Public Work." The meeting was held at the library and several musical numbers were included in the program.

Convention Announcements

CREDENTIALS.

Credentials will be issued from State Headquarters at Elkhart to each state officer and director, each district, county and township chairman, and each chairman of a State Standing Committee, all of whom have votes in the annual convention by virtue of their offices. Headquarters will issue credentials also to the head of each organized township, precinct or local league for the number of delegates to which they are entitled. (Each organized league is entitled to one delegate for the first five memberships on which dues have been paid to the State and to an additional delegate for each twenty-five memberships so paid, and for alternates' credentials for the same number). The League Chairman will then issue these credentials to the qualified delegates and alternates.

Dues must be received at Elkhart not later than April 29th, if credentials are to be issued in time for the convention. To insure being included in convention reports all Leagues must pay dues not later than April 22nd. Send to State Office, 430 Monger Bldg., Elkhart, Ind.

REGISTRATION

The Registration Bureau for the presentation of credentials will be located on the convention floor of the Hotel Fowler. This Bureau will be open for registration:

Tuesday, May 9—3:00 P. M. to 5:00 P. M. and 7:00 P. M. to 8:00 P. M.

Wednesday, May 10—9:00 A. M. to 2:00 P. M.

ADMISSION TO SESSIONS.

Admission to sessions will be by badge only—delegate, alternate, visitor or press. Visitors may register and receive badges which will admit them to seats in the rear of the hall or the balcony.

BUREAU OF INFORMATION.

The Bureau of Information will be located at the entrance to the Convention Hall.

MAIL AND TELEGRAMS

Delegates should address all mail and telegrams in care of the hotel where they expect to stay. If unable to secure accommodations before leaving home they should use the address, "Care Information Bureau, Indiana League of Women Voters, Convention Floor, Hotel Fowler, Lafayette, Indiana."

HOTEL RESERVATIONS

Delegates and visitors are requested to make their room reservations direct with the hotel managements. A limited number of rooms in private houses at a very moderate charge have been secured by the Hotel and Entertainment Committee, Mrs. Schuyler Marks, chairman. These rooms may be secured by writing Mrs. Marks.

HOTEL RATES.

THE FOWLER

Single Room with bath, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.50.

Double Room with bath, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.50.

Single Room without bath, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00.

Double Room without bath, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50.

The Hotel Fowler serves table d'hôte dinner for \$1.00 and table d'hôte luncheon for 75c.

HOTEL LAHR

Single Room without bath, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

Double Room without bath, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

Single Room with Bath, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.

Double Room with bath, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

THE RAINBOW HOTEL

Single Room without bath, \$1.00, with bath, \$1.50.

Double Room without bath, \$1.50, with bath, \$2.00.

The Bohemia Cafe is run in connection with hotels Lahr and Rainbow, where excellent service can be had.

CAFETERIAS

The Baldwin, Canton and Jones serve excellent meals at moderate prices and are located near the Fowler Hotel which is to be convention headquarters.

SPECIAL LUNCHEONS AND DINNERS.

County or District Delegations or members of the State Standing Committees are urged to take advantage of the special table d'hôte luncheon and dinner rates at the Hotel Fowler. By writing Mrs. Schuyler Marks, Lafayette, tables can be reserved for Tuesday night, Wednesday noon or Wednesday evening for groups of varied sizes for conference luncheons or dinners.

THE WOMAN VOTER—Convention Number

BOARD MEETINGS.

There will be a pre-convention meeting of the Board, Tuesday afternoon, May 9th, at 3:30 at the Hotel Fowler.

There will be a meeting of the new Board, Thursday at 4:30 P. M.

TICKETS.

Tickets for the banquet and the Purdue Luncheon must be reserved in advance from Mrs. Blanche Ruffner, Lafayette. To insure reservation, accompany all orders with check or post office money order. No tickets will be mailed. Call and secure the tickets which you have reserved at the Ticket Bureau in the Registration Room at the Hotel Fowler upon your arrival.

Banquet tickets for Thursday evening, May 11th, \$1.75 each. Purdue Luncheon Tickets, Thursday, May 11th, 50c.

NOMINATIONS.

A Nominating Committee has been named as follows: Mrs. J. C. Boss, Mrs. Homer McCray, Mrs. Maud Murray, Mrs. Wm. Barnes, Miss Alice Hammerstein.

Nominations for Directors-at-Large should be sent by the chairmen of the districts to Mrs. J. C. Boss, No. 405 Monger Bldg., Elkhart, Ind. No one should be nominated as Director whose consent has not been previously secured. Additional nominations may be made from the floor of the convention.

ELECTION.

The election will be held this year in a novel way under the direction of Mr. Walter Millard, Field Secretary for the Proportional Representation League. This will take place in the afternoon session on Thursday and the vote announced immediately. Only registered delegates or their alternates may vote.

HOSPITALITY.

A garden party has been planned at Earlhurst for Wednesday afternoon, May 10th at 4:30. Mrs. Charles Bendict Stuart invites all the delegates, alternates and visitors to the convention and Lafayette committee chairmen to attend.

The Tippecanoe County League has arranged for a brief motor trip around Lafayette immediately preceding the garden party.

Special transportation will be arranged to get the delegates to and from Purdue University for the luncheon and the Thursday afternoon session.

The Lafayette Community House which has several rest rooms and parlors and is located about a block from the Convention Hall will be open each day of the convention for the convenience of delegates. It is especially offered for the use of those delegates who live near Lafayette and expect to go home each night.

TURKEY RUN.

A Post-convention trip to Turkey Run, about forty-two miles directly south of Lafayette on good roads, has been arranged for May 12th. Every detail for the convenience and comfort of the motorists has been planned. The Tippecanoe County League is providing some cars to take those delegates to Turkey Run and back who wish to return to Lafayette to take evening trains and trolleys home. The Crawfordsville Chamber of Commerce will provide motors to take those members of the convention for whom Crawfordsville is a more convenient point of departure for their homes, to Turkey Run and back to Crawfordsville. A morning train from Lafayette will take the delegates and alternates to Crawfordsville, which is about half way to Turkey Run. The new hotel at Turkey Run will be opened that day for the delegates. Reservation for luncheon at the hotel should be made with the Turkey Run Committee the opening day of the convention.

Road maps and repair cars are being provided with the help of the Hoosier Motor Club, the Crawfordsville Chamber of Commerce and the State Conservation Department.

ADVERTISERS' EXHIBIT.

A special feature of the Convention will be the Advertisers' Exhibit. Each advertiser in the convention program has been offered floor space in an adjacent sample room to exhibit articles and wall space for placards, etc. As the majority of the advertisers are firms specializing in things of special interest to women, the display should attract many of the delegates.

THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Vol. II

ELKHART, IND., MAY 1, 1922

No. 7

"AN OPEN DOOR AND A WELCOMING HAND"

Such is the motto the Tippecanoe County League of Women Voters has set for itself as hostess to the third annual convention of the Indiana League of Women Voters. The city of LaFayette and the women of Tippecanoe County are busily engaged in putting their house in order to receive their guests, the delegates to this convention. Personal service is to be the key-note of the convention so far as the local committees and citizens are concerned, and personal attention is being injected into all plans for the entertainment of those who come.

The LaFayette Community House, one block from the convention hotel, will be opened as headquarters for those who come in for the day only and rest rooms, dressing rooms and attendants will provide every comfort. Garage service has also been arranged for those who will motor to the convention.

Mrs. Thomas Arthur Stuart, General Chairman of Local Arrangements, has sent out a personal letter to the presidents and officers of local Leagues in all parts of the State as follows:

"LaFayette and the LaFayette League of Women Voters expect you at the third annual convention of the Indiana League of Women Voters, May 9th to 11th inclusive.

The Woman Voter, sent you at this time, will give you some idea of the interesting program and the social and friendly diversions planned. However, no printed outline can tell you how many plans are being made for your entertainment and comfort and how much the Tippecanoe County League looks forward to being the hostess League for you and your friends.

The men of the city are co-operating with us to make your visit most pleasant and Purdue University offers all of us its hospitality and its facilities.

We hope you will motor over, but if this is not convenient, local cars will be at your disposal for the various events. Best of all, cars from LaFayette and Crawfordsville have been offered for the trip to Turkey Run May 12th, so that those delegates and guests who have not come by motor may join those who have.

If for any reason you cannot come, please pass this information on to some one else who can, so that LaFayette may surely welcome some one from your locality."

Social Events Planned.

Several brilliant social events will be features of the convention. Perhaps one of the most enjoyable will be the garden party given by Mrs. Chas. Benedict Stuart to all delegates, alternates and convention guests. This party will be at Earlhurst, the beautiful suburban home of Mrs. Stuart, Wednesday afternoon, May 10th. This home which is one of the most beautiful in the state is situated on a wooded knoll overlooking the city of LaFayette. In addition to the natural beauty of the site, the grounds have been extensively landscaped. A stream runs in and out over its rocky bed, lingering here and there in pools where lillies and iris abound. There are quaint stone bridges and the lovely sunken gardens and rose arbors give the place unusual beauty. The Purdue band will play on the lawn throughout the afternoon and should the weather prove unfavorable, the home is commodious enough to accommodate the guests indoors. A short tour of the city in autos precedes the trip to Earlhurst.

On Thursday the delegates will be guests of Purdue

University. At close of the morning session the delegates will be taken to the University where lunch will be served by the girls of the domestic science classes. Miss Mary Mathews, head of the Department of Home Economics, will give a short talk, with the luncheon as an example, pointing out the valuable practical nature of the work of the department. After luncheon the Purdue authorities will take the guests for a tour of the buildings and grounds, after which the afternoon session will be held in the University Library.

Thursday evening at the Fowler Hotel the convention banquet will be held at 6:30 o'clock. While this is a formal gathering it is always one of the most enjoyable social occasions of the convention.

Friday morning all delegates must be prepared to make quick response to the "reveille" for the all-day motor trip to Turkey Run. Nothing can mar the pleasure of this trip, providing the weather man favors the motorists. LaFayette and Crawfordsville are both planning extra cars to accommodate all who wish to make the trip and have arranged for special garage service. The social feature of this trip will be the entertainment by the League of the officers of the Woman's Press Club of Indiana and Mr. and Mrs. Lieber. Mr. Lieber is chairman of the State Department of Conservation under whose supervision are all of the State parks including Turkey Run. Luncheon will be served in the new dining room of the hotel where a short program will formally open the new addition to the hotel as well as the new dining room.

CONVENTION CREDENTIALS

From the State office credentials for delegates and alternates to the State Convention will be sent to all the Leagues whose membership dues are paid May 1st. Each League is entitled to one delegate at large and to an additional delegate for each twenty-five members whose membership dues have been paid to the state. Leagues that have not paid dues on at least ten members are not entitled to representation or to a vote in the convention. Directors-at-Large, District Chairmen, each County and Township Chairman and each Chairman of a State Standing Committee shall have one vote by virtue of their office. Each delegate may be represented by an alternate, but our State Constitution does not permit of voting by proxy and therefore no League will be entitled to a vote unless actually represented in the convention and shall not vote by proxy for any delegates not present.

One of the most important of the convention committees is the Credentials Committee having charge of the registration of all delegates, alternates and visitors to the convention. This Committee has been organized for weeks and have their arrangements all made for convention badges, posters, programs, tickets, etc. The women having this important work in charge are Mrs. Russell K. Bedgood, Chairman, and Mesdames W. E. Stephenson, Geo. Fachinger, Frank B. Thompson, W. E. O'Rear, L. S. Christley, O. C. Crist, Jack Evans and Frank Miller, all of LaFayette.

The Credentials Committee will have charge of the registration bureau which will be located on the convention floor of the Hotel Fowler. This is the first place for delegates to visit after arriving in the city, so that there maybe no delay in getting the necessary badge to entitle you to admission to the convention hall.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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EDITORIAL COMMENT ON PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE

Baltimore takes pride in welcoming the very unusual gathering of representative women who have assembled for the meetings of the Pan-American conference. In itself the conference is one of the most important of its kind that has ever been held anywhere, and on that ground the city rejoices that it should be the meeting place. *****

The suggestion that there should be a Pan-American Conference came from Baltimore, Miss Lavinia Engel of this city having conceived the idea and it is only natural that the local organizers should be pleased to see their suggestion received with so general favor. **

The visitors who come in a representative capacity, are experienced women who have won a reputation in their own countries as public-spirited workers in various fields. Mere imitation of what is done in other countries would be unwise policy but conference and exchange of ideas is salutary for all parties to the exchange. ****

The influence on public opinion, when a number of expert and practical workers get together for friendly discussion is bound to be wholesome. But the most interesting and certainly the most inspiring part of such a conference is the effect on the individual members. To them it is a refreshment and stimulus to meet with others working elsewhere at the same or similar problems. *****

The building of a friendly and an understanding feeling is not only worth while in itself, but it aids the betterment of a commercial relationship that is of outstanding importance both to the United States and to her neighbors of the South. *****

Through gatherings of this sort we may, if proper advantage is taken, help the world toward a better footing than could be accomplished through a dozen formal, political alliances. And if America does make a pleasant impression on these women visitors, it can be banked on that they will tell their home people the full details of their good opinion. *****

Most North Americans have a very hazy notion of South America. They know that Brazil sends coffee; that much of our rubber comes from that direction; that the Amazon is the largest river system in the world and a few other general facts but they do not know South America or its many nations or realize that a vast continent is being touched and awakened into new life and ambition. *****

Gladstone said that the real progress of any country was measured by the standing of its women. Here, then, we have a new demonstration of what South America means to the world. From every one of its countries was a speaker—an educated, charming woman—telling of the work for education, for healthier children, for a finer society, for a better understanding in which men and women work together for the common welfare. *****

Mexico and Peru had universities a century before Harvard was founded. A Chilean was the first to advocate compulsory education. Costa Rica spends more on education than on its army and its whole defense. Mexico this year appropriates \$60,000,000 for schools in addition to state and local budgets. Brazil is so anxious to catch up that teachers hold classes at night for the women and girls. From every country of South America comes a report of the increase of high schools. These are a few of the statements that the

delegates from South America bring to the Pan-American Conference of Women in Baltimore. At the first session of the first day these delightful visitors opened the eyes of North America to a new vision. *****

Steam, electricity and the Panama canal have annihilated distance and brought the two continents together. The only barrier is language. In Brazil which covers a little less than half of South America the people speak Portuguese. In practically all the rest of it the people speak Spanish. But the most cheerful message the delegates bring to the Conference is the news of the rapidity with which the teaching of English is spreading. *****

Even one who had been inclined to look either with disfavor or at least without much sympathy on the proposal to hold a Pan-American Convention would probably change his mind after even a casual visit to some one of the sessions. The superficial aspects alone of the convention, not to speak of its underlying implications, are impressive. Here are gathered representatives from twenty-three nations, chosen as representatives because of proved ability and of disinterested work on some topic which is a matter of public concern in her own country. *****

But a little closer inspection of the delegates reveals something still more impressive. They are all alert and alive and the large audiences which have gathered to see and hear them are in a state of what a great scientist once called "expectant attention". The speakers are deeply in earnest and are obviously giving out the results of practical experience as seen through the eyes of intelligent workers. *****

For men the lesson of the Conference is that, while women as a whole have not been over-eager to use their political enfranchisement, an increasing number of them are responding to the appeal and guidance of competent and disinterested women leaders. These women, although they will discuss their civil and political status, have as their main purpose the discussion of ways and means by which they can best do their share of civic duty and make their best contribution to the solution of problems which all the nations represented have to face in their own territories. *****

For Baltimore, however drowsy her past may have been, is for the present the center of two of the most remarkable and unique gatherings of women ever to be brought together. The Pan-American Conference will mean the first actual glimpse women of the United States have had into the lives and experiences of the women of Latin-America.

The National League of Women Voters Convention which will follow immediately upon the Pan-American Conference, is of itself an event of gigantic importance. The League of Women Voters is now so firmly established in every state that neither its prestige nor its power is open to question. *****

A PLEDGE FOR CONSCIENTIOUS CITIZENS

By Maud Wood Park.

"Believing in government by the people, for the people,
I will do my best—

- 1—To inform myself about public questions, the principles, and policies of political parties, and the qualifications of candidates for public offices.
- 2—To vote according to my conscience in every election, primary or final, at which I am entitled to vote.
- 3—To obey the law even when I am not in sympathy with all its provisions.
- 4—To support by all fair means the policies that I approve of.
- 5—To respect the right of others to uphold convictions that may differ from my own.
- 6—To regard my citizenship as a public trust.

This is a simple pledge, but if it were taken—and kept—by a majority of the voters of this country, we should be much nearer the Kingdom of Heaven upon earth than we find ourselves today."

THE WOMAN VOTER

THE PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE

As this issue of the Woman Voter goes to press, one of the greatest gatherings of women ever held in this country, is closing its sessions and the National League of Women Voters is continuing in annual convention.

A special letter to the Woman Voter from Mrs. Beardsley, State President, reached us in time to publish a few personal impressions of the Pan-American Conference of Women.

Baltimore, Md., April 21.—I am very sorry every member of the League could not be here to witness this very remarkable history-making conference. When the idea of a Pan-American gathering was first launched it was thought by some that if three of the Latin-American countries were represented it might be counted as fairly successful, but Mrs. Park had expressed the hope that at least fifteen of the twenty-three countries would send official representatives. We are all happy to find that the invitation met with ready response and we have official delegates from all except one of the twenty-three countries to whom the invitation went, beside many official visitors from Mexico, Central and South America and the various dependencies of the United States.

The Pan-American feature has so thrilled the people that the threatened attendance was far too much for the capacity of the headquarters at the hotel. At the last minute the largest hall in the city, which happens to be the Century Theatre, was engaged and all sessions except committee meetings are scheduled for this place. Thus far huge crowds have attended and great interest has been shown by both men and women.

Many of the foreign delegates speak English with the most charming accent and all of them evidence full and deep understanding of the matters they have come to consider with us. Many of our National leaders are here, all looking fine and are full of enthusiasm and push. Last evening a brilliant cosmopolitan reception was given in the Belvedere ballroom in honor of our foreign delegates and guests whom we all admire for their beauty and quite typical southern charm, heightened by their soft musical voices. In fact they keep us perpetually enthralled.

Not only are they good to look at, for after all the chief attraction is, that they have come equipped with full understanding of the problems of their own countries which they hope to help solve. If this conference was called to promote friendly understanding between the women of the Americas, the deed has already been accomplished, with the convention but two days old. Women always speak of such things as child-welfare, education, social hygiene and good government from their very hearts, and so we find in this we are all akin. We are entirely free from the many warring interests that have hindered various conferences to promote friendly understanding on the part of rival nations, so that it is refreshing to sit down in peace in this wonderful gathering of human beings where we, from many different countries are pooling our common interests in human welfare and are seeking, without self-interest to understand and promote the cause of humanity all round the globe. It almost makes one feel that at last civilization is recovering from the staggering blow of war and beginning to forge ahead once more.

PERSONNEL OF PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE

Twenty-three countries were represented in the Conference at Baltimore and there were twenty-nine official delegates representing them. The countries who sent their representative women to confer with the women of the other American countries were: Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chili, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay, Venezuela, Philippines, Porto Rico and England. The majority of the countries sent more than one delegate. Canada had the largest delegation, there being twenty-two in the party, headed by Dr.

Grace Ritchie England, President of the Canadian League of Women Voters recently organized by Mrs. Maude Wood Park, National President of the League of Women Voters of the United States.

There were eight women in the delegation from Mexico and the same number from Porto Rico. Ecuador sent five and the others numbered from one to three. From England as special guests and visitors to the Conference, came Lady Nancy Astor, member of Parliament, Mrs. Kate Trounson and Mrs. Jessie Dreschfeld.

President Harding, in response to the request of the National League, appointed Mrs. Joseph T. Bowen of Chicago as the official delegate to represent the United States. Mrs. Bowen is particularly well known to the older generation of women who worked for woman suffrage. She is a strong supporter and staunch friend of Miss Jane Addams and has assisted her in many of her social welfare experiments. Miss Addams was on the program and attended many of the sessions of the Conference.

Purpose of the Conference.

Three things were sought to be accomplished by this First Conference of Women of the American Continents:

First: That the delegates of each country and through them all women of their own nation, may profit from the frank interchange of ideas and experiences, statement of problems and definition of ideas.

Second: That from this better understanding may come a livelier appreciation by the women of each country for the high qualities of all the others.

Third: That through this improved acquaintance the political relation between American countries may in time progress to the point where the Monroe Doctrine may be re-written into a Pan-American Doctrine.

Mexico Sends Flag as Gift.

The Mexican delegation to the conference brought as a gift of President Obregon to the women of the United States, in the name of the women of Mexico, a large Mexican flag of heavily embroidered, hand-woven silk. Mrs. J. C. Griswold of San Antonio, Texas, presented the flag to Mrs. Park and at the close of the National Convention the Mexican representatives will take the flag to Philadelphia where it will be placed in Independence Hall.

The American women will send a silken United States flag to our Mexican sisters as a symbol of the friendly relation existing between the women of the two countries.

Urge World Women's Organization.

As an outcome of the Conference the formation of a World's Women's Organization with the Pan-American countries as a nucleus was urged by Dr. Stepanek, Minister to the United States from Czecho-Slovakia. Definite action was not taken at this time but the matter was taken under advisement.

Sessions Business-like.

After the exchange of greetings of the formal opening session, the Conference settled at once into a serious and admirably business-like consideration of the vital matters at hand. It was found that there was only one hindrance to perfect understanding of the throngs in attendance and that was—language. Our foreign visitors are far more versatile than our women as most of them are able to speak fluently several languages, including our own. Some of the delegates could speak only in Spanish and official interpreters were required, but the spirit of the gathering was such that the speaker's meaning was intuitively understood when the words themselves were not. Our neighbors brought to us their best thought and ideas concerning education, child-welfare, protection of women in industry, questions of social hygiene and morality and in return our expert thinkers and workers gave their best to those who came to learn of us.

The foreign delegates are to remain as visitors to the National Convention of the League of Women Voters and will be among the most interested of those who attend.

THE WOMAN VOTER

NATIONAL CONVENTION SPARKS

With the National Convention in session as this issue goes to press, we can only give a few sparks from the wires.

"The education of its citizens is the safeguard of a Republic."

This motto, printed on the Convention program, was the idea which Mrs. Parks in her opening speech to the Convention, said she would like to offer the Convention as a guide for its deliberations.

"Because this government by the people," she said, "was founded to bring about the safety and happiness of its citizens, through a political system, clean, efficient and just; because the women of the United States have at this time a peculiar opportunity given by their recent enfranchisement to help in the full realization of this great idea, we are banded together to do our part. That I take to be the underlying faith of the League of Women Voters."

The Committee on the Limitation of Armament submitted recommendations that express the feeling and conviction of the Convention body. The committee has submitted for adoption a resolution: That the National League of Women Voters in convention assembled in Baltimore, April, 1922, assert that the aim of all international peace efforts should be to outlaw war itself, and to abolish it as a legalized institution instead of to regulate it and that to this end a code of international law based on equity and justice between nations as municipal law is based upon equity between individuals, be erected by which the waging of war be made a crime, defined and punishable under the terms of the international code.

The same committee also made the following recommendations:

1. That a department (of the League) be created to carry on the work to be done by the committee on Limitation of Armament.
2. That the name of said department be the Department of International Co-operation to Prevent War.
3. That the chairman of said department, when appointed be made a member of the National Board.
4. That it shall be one of the duties of this department to develop an agency which will establish and maintain contact with women of other nations.

Mrs. Richard Edwards, National Vice-President and Chairman of the Organization department, in her report stated: "Our present problem is the woman voter who doesn't care much about voting, goes out very little, has few points of contact with the outside world. I see our organization as having a very definite duty if we are to justify our existence. We must somehow get to each of these women and to the foreign-born woman with essential citizenship knowledge before she decides definitely that she will not vote, as many men before her have decided, or that she will vote always and entirely as some one tells her to." * * * "We have distributed through Peru headquarters about half a million leaflets in perhaps 1,000 lots. Our printing bill has been \$2322.00. Our collections \$1516. We have distributed free literature to the amount of \$435, and have on hand stock amounting to \$284." * * * "Where the Washington headquarters deals with states, we deal directly and more frequently with individuals. Before us all the time is the average woman of the small town, her needs and her great hunger to enlarge her horizon. Ours is

the problem to relate this woman to her government, so that she may count in what she does, so that she may grow in what she thinks, so that she may bring other women along with her to go forward in the great current of moving human history."

Miss Mary McDowell of Chicago, National Chairman of the Women in Industry Committee, said: "A late study shows that 85 percent of the wage-earning women (12,000,000 in number) are supporting others. Our social security lies in an unpauperized, healthy working class. We ask for minimum wage boards to prevent any group of wage-earning women being paid a pauperizing wage, because a low paid group is a menace to social and industrial life. We ask for an eight-hour day; for one day's rest in seven and for prohibition of night work for women because the American standard of living demands a healthy, rested motherhood. We women voters want every safeguard thrown about the millions of young women wage earners. We want women employment managers; we want trained intelligent sympathetic women industrial managers. We want broader industrial training for women who love to work with tools and metal, as well as those who prefer domestic science lines. We want women on all mediatorial boards that deal with industrial differences where the interests of women workers are involved. Women have political equality, but no equality in the world of work."

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912.

OF THE WOMAN VOTER, published twice a month at Elkhart, Indiana, for April, 1922.

State of Indiana, County of Elkhart, ss:

Before me, a notary public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Roberta L. Stahr, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that she is the editor of THE WOMAN VOTER and that the following is, to the best of her knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in Section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed in the reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publisher—Indiana League of Women Voters, Elkhart, Ind. Editor—Roberta L. Stahr, Elkhart, Ind. Managing Editor—None. Business Managers—None.
2. That the owners are: Indiana League of Women Voters, who publish the paper as a bulletin of information to organization members. There are no stockholders. Is not a corporation.
3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 percent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: None.
4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholders or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustees or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.
5. That the average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the six months preceding the date shown above is 600.

ROBERTA L. STAHR, Editor.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 17th day of March, 1922.
(Seal)

CARRIE M. BECKNER,
(My commission expires May 4, 1925.)

THE WOMAN VOTER



LADY ASTOR MAY BE GUEST OF INDIANA LEAGUE

There is a possibility of Lady Nancy Astor, first woman member of the British Parliament, coming to the annual convention of the Indiana League with the National President, Mrs. Maud Wood Park, who is to make the opening address of the 1922 meeting at Lafayette.

Lady Astor literally "took by storm" the Pan-American Conference by her vivacious personality and irresistible charm as well as her oratory. She was and is very much at home in that remarkable gathering because she is a "sho enough bawn" Virginian.

Lady Astor was born and reared at Miradon, Albemarle County, Virginia, as one of the "five beautiful Langhorne girls", daughters of Chiswell Dabney Langhorne. One of her sisters is Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, who was her husband's model for the famous "Gibson girl" pictures. "Nanny", as she was known to family and friends, was ever ready of wit and facile of speech, something of a "tomboy" but ever wholly lovable and loved. She was married to Viscount (then Major) William Waldorf Astor in 1897. Shortly after her arrival in England she won the personal friendship of King Edward and since then her career has been a succession of triumphs for herself and her husband.

In 1910 Lady Astor startled staid old England by taking the stump for her husband when he sought the Plymouth seat in the House of Commons. He was defeated but that did not discourage Lady Nancy, who said: "I reckon I'll have to win that seat myself someday." In 1919 Viscount Astor was elevated to the peerage and automatically became a member of the House of Lords, so Lady Astor made good her aspirations for a seat in the House of Commons. Her victory was a feminine triumph over one of the oldest traditions of the empire and was attributed to her resourcefulness, oblivion to opposition and to her reputation as a worker for the betterment of the poorer classes. It was characteristic of her when one of the Ministers once addressed her as "Sir" to retaliate by calling him "Ma'am".

It was as a leader of the women of England that she came to attend the Pan-American Conference and the Convention of the National League of Women Voters. She says, "I am a housewife, not a politician; I would rather be showing you my children—I have six of them—than talking politics." "There is no such thing as a strictly women's problem. Any question affecting the welfare of society is a woman's problem." All political parties are alike. It's not the platform, but what's in your heart that is important."

NOTED SPEAKERS AT LAFAYETTE

No one who is planning to attend the state convention can afford to miss the opening session Tuesday evening. There will not be a dull moment from the time the State Board members assemble Tuesday at 3:30 P. M. until the happily tired tourists return from Turkey Run Friday night.

Mrs. Maud Wood Park, National League President, will be the first speaker Tuesday at 8 P. M. in the convention hall at the Hotel Fowler. Mrs. Park is one of the greatest leaders of women in our country today and she, perhaps better than any other, typifies the ideal woman in public life and affairs of state. She holds a unique place in the political circles in Washington and is respected and admired by all whether they are in sympathy with her cause or not.

Mrs. Park had already gained national prominence by her work for the College Equal Suffrage League when she became congressional chairman of the National American Woman Suffrage Association on Jan. 4, 1917. The final two years' intensive campaign for the passage of the Federal Suffrage Amendment was under her generalship. Many congressmen attribute their conversion to the principle of woman suffrage to the dignified, thorough and intelligent way in which Mrs. Park followed the amendment in its perilous journey through Congress.

She has studied the political trend of the times and is well informed on legislation which tends toward social betterment and she is sought on all sides for advice and help. She understands what women want, knows how to appeal to women for their help and she has exceptional executive ability. Mrs. Park has a theory that there are just as many men in Congress ready to work for enlightened legislation as those of the other kind, but she believes that such men could be encouraged to do a great deal more, if they knew where they have support.

Mrs. Park was chosen as chairman of the Women's Congressional Committee representing twelve great national organizations of women and has directed the work of this committee in Washington the past two years during women's struggle for passage of the Maternity Act.

Miss Rose Moriarty of Ohio, the only woman in the United States serving as a member of an Industrial Commission, will come to Indiana for the state convention and will give an address at the annual banquet Thursday evening, May 11th. She will touch on the various phases of her work of special interest to women. Before Rose Moriarty was appointed by the governor of Ohio as one of three members of the Industrial Commission of Ohio, she had won national fame as a speaker along political and suffrage lines. She has always been a fighter and a brilliant speaker for suffrage. She was elected a member of the executive committee of the Ohio State Suffrage association in 1910, and from then until the association was disbanded when suffrage was granted the women of the United States, she was active in the work. Miss Moriarty has always been identified with the prohibition movement. In her home town of Elyria, Ohio, Rose Moriarty was connected with the city government in various departments. She has held positions as deputy auditor, deputy clerk of council, secretary of the civil service commission, secretary of the sinking fund, and township school clerk.

Miss Moriarty comes to Indiana with a national reputation as a speaker of force and power, with long experience and thoughtful study of civic and political problems to give weight to her public statements

THE WOMAN VOTER

LEGISLATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS OF STATE COMMITTEES

It is the policy of the League to refer to the local league members the legislative programs or recommendations of the several standing committees of the State League, previous to the State Convention so that League delegates may be properly informed and prepared to vote upon them.

In order that the committee programs may be considered in their entirety those that were printed in the Woman Voter of April 15th are reprinted at this time with the two that were not completed in time for that issue.

It is the policy of the State League also to adopt, endorse and support not more than three legislative measures at any one session of the Legislature and the committee chairmen have made the recommendations now to permit thorough study of them before the legislative program for next January is determined. No League or delegate is in any way bound to vote for the adoption of these recommendations but delegates should know the attitude of the majority of their League members relative to them.

The committee recommendations are as follows:

Social Hygiene Committee—By Dr. Carrie Banning.

Recommends for—

Active State Legislative Measure:

Mandatory law requiring county commissioners to furnish suitable detention homes for juvenile delinquents whenever the occasion demands, to prevent their being placed in jails or police stations.

Reserve State Measure.

Injunction and abatement act.

Law Enforcement.

All existing laws for better social conditions—especially prohibition.

Recommends to be endorsed:

More police women.

American Citizenship Committee—Mrs. E. A. Torrance.

Recommends for—

Active State Legislative Measure:

Establishment of citizenship classes in public schools and providing means for financing same through state legislation.

Reserve State Measure:

The requirement that to be a qualified voter one must be able to read, write and speak the English language.

Law Enforcement:

Payment of poll tax and requiring voter to show receipt for same.

Recommends to be endorsed:

The standards adopted by the National Educational Association.

Child-Welfare Committee—By Mrs. Ella B. Kehrler.

Recommends for—

Active State Legislative Measure:

Appropriation by Indiana to match federal aid on Sheppard-Towner Act.

Reserve State Measure:

Better State care of dependent children and preventive measures for dependent and delinquent children.

Law Enforcement:

Of existing School Attendance and Child Labor Law.

Recommends to be endorsed:

Minimum standards for child-welfare.

Uniform Laws Committee—By Mrs. Carina Warrington.

Recommends for—

Active State Legislative Measure:

Amendment to the provisions for Mother's Aid, making it mandatory upon the counties to provide the machinery for carrying out the provisions of said Act and further that in case no special fund is provided and allowed by the County Council for the payment of said Mother's Aid, the same may be taken from any fund already existing in said county for the care of orphans.

Reserve State Measure:

Raising the age of consent to 18 years with certain provisions for the protection of boys under said age.

Law Enforcement:

The law on jury service.

Recommends to be endorsed:

Standards set by the National League for methods of securing Legislation on the civil status of women, i. e. to work for specific measures, not so-called "blanket" measures.

Women in Industry Committee—By Mrs. A. T. Cox.

Recommends for—

Active State Legislative Measure:

The Eight-Hour Law.

Reserve State Measure:

Minimum Wage Commission.

Law Enforcement:

Of existing labor laws. The recommendation of the enforcement of the present industrial laws for women and children through one of the commissioners on the Industrial Board who shall handle all such cases instead of the present arrangement whereby the Department for Women and Children is only a branch of the work assigned to one of the commissioners.

Recommends to be endorsed:

Standards for Women in Industry as established by the Woman's Bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor.

LEAGUE ELECTION BY NEW METHOD

The first actual election ever held in Indiana under the Hare Proportional Representational system will be the election of Directors-at-Large and possibly the officers of the League of Women Voters. The election will be held Thursday afternoon May 11th at the Library building, Purdue University and conducted under the personal supervision of Mr. Walter Millard, Field Secretary for the Proportional Representational League.

Advocates of this system claim that it gives representation to the majority voters much more than does the present voting system, that it gives some representation to substantial minorities, will do away with the necessity for primary elections and help to eliminate the "party boss" as a power in politics. To illustrate their claims that the present system does not give fair representation to the people, Mr. Millard points to the Indiana elections of 1912 and 1918. In 1912 the Democrats of Indiana cast more than 45 percent of the state's vote for congressmen. Though they cast less than half of the vote, they elected all thirteen of the state's representatives. In 1918 they cast over 45 percent of the state's vote for congressmen, but did not elect a single one.

The League of Women Voters has not endorsed the proportional representation system but desires to test it by a practical demonstration and to inform the League members concerning it. Mr. Millard, on the evening of May 10th, is to give a speech explaining the system fully. He is an excellent speaker who makes an intricate matter not only understandable but interesting. His talk will be the feature of the program provided for the evening by the Efficiency in Government Department of the League of which Miss Helen Benbridge of Terre Haute is chairman. Miss Benbridge has arranged for speakers to give actual experiences in practical politics; Miss Alma Sickler, president of the Indianapolis League, will tell of the activities of the Public Affairs Committee of her League and Mrs. Madge Ballard, president of the Terre Haute League will tell how a non-partisan organization can take active part in an election by relating how her League successfully promoted a campaign which elected two women candidates to the School Board.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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Vol. II

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No. 8



MRS. KATHERINE CROAN GREENOUGH

President State League.

In assuming the responsibility of president of the Indiana League of Women Voters perhaps no other woman eligible to that office is more universally liked or more assured of loyal support of the membership-at-large than Katherine Croan Greenough of Indianapolis.

Mrs. Greenough is known throughout the state because of her acquaintance with women interested in civic and political matters built up during her organizational work for the Women's Franchise League and her service as Director and Chairman of Programs for the League of Women Voters.

Mrs. Greenough was Katherine Croan of Anderson, daughter of Mrs. Jessie F. Croan, who is also well known to League and club women in Indiana. Mrs. Greenough has wide acquaintance also in college and fraternity circles as she graduated from Indiana University with high honors. While young in years her training and experience have ably fitted her for leadership in such an organization and she will have the confidence of the entire membership. She is non-partisan and independent in politics, refusing to be definitely allied with either of the parties. She is gracious and charming of manner and does not hesitate to say that her largest interest still is held by her husband, her home and her two young children.

NEW OFFICERS TO DIRECT LEAGUE'S ACTIVITIES

The closing day of the Third Annual Convention of the Indiana League of Women Voters claimed full attention of delegates for the various items of important business which included the election of officers, adoption of a legislative program, finance budget and working plans.

The election of officers, conducted by Mr. Millard on the proportional representation plan, gave practical experience in the new method and resulted in the election of seven Directors-at-Large as follows: Mrs. T. A. Stuart, LaFayette; Mrs. Chester Evans, Bloomington; Miss Gertrude McHugh and Mrs. W. H. Barnes, Indianapolis; Mrs. Ella B. Kehrer, Anderson; Mrs. E. A. Gould, Peru, and Miss Agatha Diek, Ft. Wayne. The seven named were elected from a list of sixteen nominees including Mrs. Fred Lauenstein, Evansville, Mrs. H. C. Sheridan, Frankfort; Mrs. John Gwin, Rensselaer; Mrs. W. H. Myers, Hammond; Mrs. Maude Murray, Helmer; Mrs. Alice F. McCulloch, Ft. Wayne; Mrs. John Paris, New Albany; Mrs. David Lurvey, Indianapolis, and Mrs. Austin Stults, Ft. Wayne.

The State Board consists of 21 Directors-at-Large, 7 of whom are elected each year for a term of three years, and 13 District Chairmen, making a total of 34 members. As soon as possible after the annual election of Directors and District Chairmen the State Board meets and from its own number elects the League officers. The election of officers, May 11th, resulted in new leaders for the following year as follows:

President

Mrs. Katherine Croan Greenough, Indianapolis.

First Vice-President

Mrs. E. A. Gould, Peru.

Second Vice-President

Mrs. Harry McMullen, Aurora.

Third Vice-President

Mrs. Chas. A. Carlisle, South Bend.

Fourth Vice-President

Mrs. Ella B. Kehrer, Anderson.

Treasurer

Mrs. Chester Evans, Bloomington.

Secretary

Mrs. Wm. Barnes, Indianapolis.

While the new officers are to serve the organization in a new capacity they are not at all new in the organization or in the experience gained by holding places of responsibility in previous years. Mrs. Greenough most efficiently served the Indiana Franchise League as State Chairman of Organization and during the past year has very capably planned the program work for the local Leagues and has been a member of the Board since the League of Women Voters came into existence two years ago. Mrs. Gould has been identified in various prominent ways with the League throughout its struggle for suffrage and has served the League of Women Voters as Chairman of the Eleventh District and also as Chairman of the Department of Organization and was Legislative Chairman for the session of 1921. Mrs. McMullen has been active in her District and a Director for the past year. Mrs. Carlisle has served as a Director two years and as Chairman of Membership the past year. Mrs. Kehrer has been Chairman of her District and a member of the Board for a number of years but has been particularly known to the women of Indiana as an ardent, earnest, untiring advocate of Child-Welfare and a champion of the cause of children always. Mrs. Evans has been Chairman of her District for a number of years and now becomes keeper of the League's exchequer. Mrs. Barnes has

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THE YEAR'S WORK

At the close of the second year of the Indiana League of Women Voters it is not out of place, perhaps, to recall some of the worthwhile achievements of the organization since the convention of May, 1921.

At the beginning of the year the work was divided into four departments: Membership, Organization, Program and Finance, with one of the four vice-presidents in charge of each department. This plan worked effectively throughout the year and the division of responsibility which it made possible increased the possibilities of more efficient local work.

In June plans were made for a membership drive, directed by Mrs. Carlisle of South Bend and an intensive organization drive under the direction of Mrs. Gould. Both of these campaigns were extremely successful resulting in the organization of 38 new Leagues and the addition of several thousand members.

The membership and organization campaigns became in reality a triple drive as the League campaign for the Citizenship Amendment to the Constitution could only be conducted properly through these two channels. The Amendment campaign and the successful passage of Amendment No. 1 at the special election September 6th is the outstanding achievement of the League for this year. This one thing is worth the entire amount of money and effort expended by the League since its organization two years ago.

Resolutions adopted by the convention of 1921 to the effect that the League petition the Governor to appoint qualified women as State Attendance and Probation officers were carried out and Governor McCray at the proper time appointed to those positions Miss Blanche Merry of Rensselaer, State Attendance Officer, and Mrs. Carina Warrington of Ft. Wayne, State Probation Officer. The League further requested that the Governor appoint whenever expedient women on other appointive State Boards and this has been done to an extent most encouraging to women whose training and experience have qualified them to serve efficiently. The League urged local Leagues to work for the appointment or election of women on local School Boards and as county and city attendance and probation officers. The League of Women Voters in the January, 1921, session of the Legislature had secured the passage of the School Attendance and Child Labor Law and was anxious to have women in places where they could make the law effective. The campaign quietly conducted in this respect resulted in many women holding the offices that would otherwise have gone to men less interested and for many reasons less efficient. Of the School Attendance officers, 156 in number, an exact one-third, 52 of them are women. The exact number of women on Boards or serving as Probation Officers could not be learned, but the majority of them owe their position in one way or another to the influence of the League of Women Voters.

During November and December splendid District Conferences were held for the First District in Evansville, the Second District in Worthington, Sixth District in Connersville, Ninth District in Frankfort, Tenth District in Rensselaer, Twelfth District in Kendallville and the Thirteenth District in South Bend.

A unique state-wide canvas "Why Men Do Not Vote" was conducted by the Efficiency in Government Depart-

ment directed by the Chairman, Miss Benbridge of Terre Haute. Activity in behalf of the Sheppard-Towner Bill pending in Congress was not permitted to lapse at any time until it was successfully passed. Then the League immediately requested the Governor to take the necessary action to appropriate for Indiana the necessary funds to make possible for our State the provisions of the Maternity and Infancy Act.

Indiana sent its full quota of delegates, 22 in all, to the National League convention and the Pan-American Conference in Baltimore. There were also 12 alternates making the Indiana delegation 34 in number. Indiana members were recognized nationally in the deliberations and proceedings of the National Convention.

PLAN OF WORK FOR NEW YEAR

The plan of work for the League in the coming months as adopted by the convention enlarges and rearranges the division of departments as carried out last year. The new plan provides for five departments, Administration, Training for Citizenship, Organization, Publicity and Legislation.

The Department of Administration includes the headquarters office and general administration of League affairs.

Training for Citizenship includes arranging studies in citizenship, citizenship schools and program outlines for local leagues.

Organization this year will embrace not only the extension of League organization into all sections of the state, but membership and finance as these two factors which have previously been separate departments are so closely allied to organization that it seemed wise to combine them in a single department.

The Department of Publicity will direct not only the general League publicity campaigns for various phases of League activities but also the publication and business management of the Woman Voter.

The Department of Legislation will be an important one this year because before the 1923 convention the Indiana Legislative Assembly will convene in regular session. The Legislative Department will direct the study of the legislative recommendations of the State Standing Committees and when the legislative program of the League is determined will guide its progress through the legislative session.

This plan of work, so well thought out, was immediately approved by the convention and as soon as possible members of the Board will be appointed to direct each of the five departments. It is hoped that the Leagues throughout the State will co-operate in making the plan effective and that the results attained will justify the work it entails.

LEGISLATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS

The Legislative recommendations made by the Standing Committees on Women in Industry, Uniform Laws for Women, Child-Welfare, Citizenship and Social Hygiene and which have been printed in two previous issues of the Woman Voter were adopted by the convention practically without change.

The adoption of the recommendations does not bind the League to promulgate legislation next January but from the active legislative measures recommended will be chosen, in all probability, the two or three measures that will constitute the actual legislative program for the 1923 session of the State Legislature.

League members will have ample opportunity and will be urged to study and to fully inform themselves as to the merits of the various committee recommendations before it is necessary to decide which shall be actively promoted.

THE WOMAN VOTER

REPORT OF STATE HEADQUARTERS

May 1921 to May 1922.

It is only by stating the volume of work done in an organization office that any conception of its actual detailed work can be given. Figures only record this volume and cannot indicate the amount of effort and energy their accomplishment has necessitated. It is therefore impossible to report the great mass of work for which the headquarters office is responsible.

GENERAL. The State Office has been open for business every day except legal holidays and Sundays. As far as possible the hours were from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. but almost every day some overtime was necessary to get out the work. There have been but two persons, the secretary and an assistant, on the staff this year with the exception of July and August when Miss Gallahan was employed to handle the organization and Amendment publicity. On only a few occasions when unusual material was to be rushed out has extra help been employed.

CORRESPONDENCE. As far as it was humanly possible to do so, all orders were filled the day received and letters answered. During the year more than 26,000 letters and bulletins were prepared and sent out from headquarters. This does not include the Woman Voter or leaflets and fliers.

PUBLICITY. With the exception of a few press bulletins issued for the State League from the National office at Peru, the publicity bulletins were prepared and sent from Elkhart. The list of newspapers to which bulletins were sent numbered over 200 and to about 15 of the leading dailies of the state weekly bulletins were sent most of the year. The Indiana League has made great strides in the amount of publicity the State papers have used this year in comparison with last and since the achievement of the Citizenship Amendment Campaign the papers have been more willing to use our material.

THE AMENDMENT CAMPAIGN. For the Citizenship Amendment we sent out 50,000 stickers for envelopes; 110,000 Amendment fliers; 10,000 Amendment books issued for us by the State and 2,000 posters for Bill Board Day. In addition there were two special issues of the Woman Voter devoted to the Amendment campaign. This does not include the membership and League fliers and leaflets distributed at the same time to promote the membership and organization campaigns.

MEMBERSHIP CAMPAIGN. The State office issued all letters, bulletins and material for the Membership campaign under the direction of the State Chairman, Mrs. Carlisle. At the same time the Organization Department under Mrs. Gould were actively engaged in forming new Leagues and used quantities of membership and Amendment literature. During the year 110,000 fliers on Membership and What the League Is, have been distributed.

COMMITTEE CORRESPONDENCE. The State office has sent out at the request and direction of the Committee Chairmen the letters and correspondence for the "Why Men Do Not Vote" canvass of the Efficiency in Government Department, and the letters of appeal for funds for the Finance Committee. The correspondence relating to collection of pledges has also been sent from this office.

THE WOMAN VOTER. This pet child of the State office has been issued twice each month with the exception of July, when the mid-month issue was omitted to permit preparation for a double number, August 1st. There have been 23 issues and the executive secretary has been almost wholly responsible for it. Mrs. W. S. Greenough, State Chairman of Programs, prepared the League Program which was printed once each month for seven months and she was the only regular contributor. In May, 1921, we secured the second-class postage permit and since May 1st, 1921, 16,650 copies of the Woman Voter have been mailed at the remarkable cost

of \$9.44 postage. The Woman Voter has been made the medium of communication between the State and National offices and the local League. By using its columns many League bulletins have not been required and in a number of instances articles have been reprinted as leaflets or fliers at reduced cost. In addition to the 16,650 copies mailed several thousand copies have been distributed at meetings or sent at different times to Leagues for free distribution and these of course are not included in the record of those mailed regularly at time of issue. 300 copies of the Convention number were distributed at the National Convention in Baltimore; 250 were distributed at Indianapolis on Anniversary Day and as many as 50 to 100 copies have been sent to various Leagues of which we have no record.

The printing, making of cuts, etc., for the Woman Voter has cost \$682. During the year we received \$124 in subscriptions. The advertising for political candidates which appeared in two issues recently paid the Voter \$175, so that the total receipts have been \$299, leaving a shortage of \$383.

In the budget for the League the president is allowed \$600 for personal expenses and Mrs. Beardsley at the beginning of the year when the appropriation for printing had been cut for this year, advised that she would pay all her own expense and give the president's allowance of \$600 for whatever shortage might accrue on the Woman Voter. The subscription list has not paid. Many League members have received it regularly and have not paid for it. It has been well received in many other states and many Indiana members have expressed appreciation of its value to them. It is well started and can be made to pay with patient, persistent effort.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIAL has been sent out as follows:

- 10,000 Folders "Every Woman an Informed Voter."
- 4,000 Disarmament circulars.
- 2,000 Woman Citizen circulars.
- 2,000 Woman Voter subscription circulars.
- 2,000 National leaflets.
- 1,000 Convention Calls.
- 5,000 League circulars.
- 500 Leaflets on the Primary.
- 300 Reprints of League Programs.
- 1,000 Reprints of League Forums.
- 1,000 Membership Receipt Books.
- 1,000 Books "Aid to Citizen in Indiana."
- 150 National Questionnaire on "Legal Status of Women."

In cluding the above the grand total of letters, bulletins, circulars, Woman Voters sent from headquarters is 357,450.

EXPENSES. The state office has been conducted as economically as possible and at less expense than last year. The general expense, including rent, light, postage, extra help and sundries, \$1754.02, which is \$150 less than last year and \$300 less than the budget allowance. The salaries were \$380 less than the budget estimate. The budget allowance for printing, publicity, the Woman Voter and President's expense is \$2450 while the actual expenditure was less than \$2000. Lack of funds this year has many times hindered the plans and lessened the efficiency of the state office.

ROBERTA L. STAHR,
Executive Secretary.

THE ONE DISAPPOINTMENT

The one disappointment which cast a shadow over the third annual convention was the enforced absence of the State President, Mrs. A. H. Beardsley of Elkhart. The death of a near relative, though not of her immediate family, on Saturday preceding the convention, made it impossible for Mrs. Beardsley to attend and to have any part in the convention proceedings. A message from Mrs. Beardsley to the convention was read at the opening session Wednesday morning and in the closing hours of the convention resolutions of sympathy and of appreciation of Mrs. Beardsley's service as president during the past two years were unanimously passed.

THE WOMAN VOTER

TREASURER'S REPORT

May 1st, 1921, to May 1st, 1922.
By Ellen McCray, Treas.

RECEIPTS

Dues	\$1368.00
League Pledges	2882.00
Personal Pledges	1845.00
Woman Voter	124.10
Contributions	1249.73
Miscellaneous	199.68
Total Receipts	\$7668.51
From Former Treasurer	1156.72
Borrowed from Bank	969.80
Total	\$9795.03

DISBURSEMENTS

General Expense	\$1754.02
Salaries	2820.00
Organization	2845.39
Printing	1474.35
Miscellaneous	665.36
Total	\$9559.12

SUMMARY

Total Receipts	\$9795.03
Total Disbursements	9559.12
Balance May 1st	\$ 235.91
League owed two notes of \$1000 each to First National Bank, Elkhart. One note of \$1000 paid by Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, May 3rd.	

WHAT THE DISTRICTS PAID

The past year the budget was apportioned by Districts, each District being assigned a definite quota to endeavor to raise. It may be interesting to know what was accomplished along the line by the thirteen districts.

First District	Quota, \$500
Paid by Leagues	\$282.50
Personal	175.00
Total	\$457.50
Second District	Quota, \$500
Paid by Leagues	\$257.00
Personal	35.00
Total	\$292.00
Third District	Quota, \$500
Paid by Leagues	\$ 19.50
All newly organized this year.	
Fourth District	Quota, \$500
Paid by Leagues	\$132.50
Personal	5.00
Total	\$137.50
Fifth District	Quota, \$1500
Paid by Leagues	\$307.25
Personal	113.00
Total	\$420.25
Sixth District	Quota, \$750
Paid by Leagues	\$320.00
Personal Subscription	245.00
Total	\$565.00
Seventh District	Quota, \$1500
Paid by Leagues	\$710.00
Personal	240.00
Total	\$950.00

Eighth District	Quota, \$1000
Paid by Leagues	\$100.50
Personal	95.00
Total	\$195.50
Ninth District	Quota, \$500
Paid by Leagues	\$137.50
All newly organized this year.	
Tenth District	Quota, \$1250
Paid by Leagues	\$863.10
Personal	350.00
Total	\$1213.10
Eleventh District	Quota, \$1000
Paid by Leagues	\$193.75
Personal	25.00
Total	\$218.75
Twelfth District	Quota, \$1500
Paid by Leagues	\$535.25
Personal	215.00
Total	\$750.25
Thirteenth District	Quota, \$1500
Paid by Leagues	\$730.75
Personal	1840.00
Total	\$2670.75
ELLEN MCCRAY, Treasurer.	

CHILD-LABOR LAW DECLARED INVALID

The Child-Labor Law was declared unconstitutional and invalid by the United States Supreme Court May 15th. The case in point which brought out this decision was one against the Drexel Furniture Company of North Carolina, brought by the Government for violation of the law.

Leaders in work for the protection of children in industry are practically stunned by this action of the Supreme Court. The decision was wholly unexpected and officials of the government Children's Bureau and of the Child Labor Unit of the Internal Revenue Bureau are gravely apprehensive as to the probable results.

Miss Grace Abbot, head of the Children's Bureau, takes the view that this question should be attacked by direct legislation, rather than in the round-about way of taxation, and is hopeful that direct prohibition of child-labor will result from this decision. Miss Abbott stated: "There is only one way to remedy the situation which will result from the breaking down of the tax law, and that is to secure a constitutional amendment which will empower Congress to take steps to deal with the matter. I am quite sure that the force of public opinion will bring about such action. A Federal child-labor law is absolutely necessary to supplement the State laws, but in no sense could it ever supplant them. The effectiveness of a Federal law was proved in the case of the former law which was declared unconstitutional in 1918. In North Carolina, several mill owners who had successfully warded off state prosecution immediately pleaded guilty when brought before the Federal courts, realizing that it was much more difficult to evade the Federal law."

Miss Abbott is of the opinion that this decision will increase activity in the states to bring about more nearly uniform legislation throughout the country.

The law affected by this decision imposed an excise tax of 10 percent upon the annual net profits of establishments employing child-labor. Three cases were filed in North Carolina to test the validity of the law and the Supreme Court decided against the government in all three. Opponents of the law contended that it was an unconstitutional invasion of the police powers of the state. They insisted the real intent of the law was to "standardize the ages and the hours of labor of children in the mines and factories which Congress had no authority to accomplish."

THE WOMAN VOTER

NEW OFFICERS—Continued from Page 1

long been identified with the work and has served for a number of years as a member of the State Board.

The Districts that had not held election of officers previous to the convention held a caucus of the delegates, present at the convention and elected their Chairman. District Chairmen by virtue of their office are members of the Board of Directors, but hold office for one year only, unless re-elected. Chairmen elected during the convention are: Mrs. Joseph Henley, Bloomington, Chairman of Second District; Mrs. W. A. Wilson of Jasper, Third District; Mrs. A. S. Brown of Clay City, Fifth District; Mrs. Christian Eby of Connorsville, Sixth District; Mrs. Isaac Born of Indianapolis, Seventh District; Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross of Rensselaer, Tenth District; Mrs. D. S. Coppock of Peru, Eleventh District, and Mrs. J. J. Littrell of Elkhart, Thirteenth District. Chairmen are yet to be chosen for the Fourth, Eighth and Twelfth Districts, while Mrs. Edward Kiefner of Evansville holds over as Chairman of the First District and Mrs. John Roush of Frankfort for the Ninth District, these two chairmen having been elected at District conferences last December.

The Directors-at-Large who will serve hold-over terms and are therefore members of the Board are Mesdames R. E. Edwards, John C. Boss, Guy Osborn, Harry McMullen, B. B. White, Carina Warrington, Elizabeth Claypool Earl, A. H. Beardsley, C. A. Carlisle, Homer McCray, Olive B. Lewis, and Misses Helen Benbridge and Adah E. Bush.

The headquarters office of the League will now be removed to the resident city of the new president and rooms will be secured in Indianapolis as early as possible. The executive secretary has not yet been announced to succeed Miss Stahr who has served in that position the past two years.

SIDELIGHTS

Mrs. Homer McCray of Kendallville who served as treasurer of State League the past year proved herself quite a sprinter in evading the hurdles set in her course by those who wished to see her retained among the State officers. Evidently no "taste for office" remained in her and after refusing the office of treasurer for a second year, she recovered only to find herself confronted by pressure to become a vice-president. In declining Mrs. McCray said that she would "refrigerate" her office prospects during the heated term at least.

The State headquarters office will be closed in Elkhart May 25th, and as soon as the location of the new office in Indianapolis is known, notice of the proper address will be forwarded to all Leagues. Meantime address Mrs. W. S. Greenough, 556 E. Fall Creek Blvd., Indianapolis, Ind.

The Woman Voter is going through the throes of spring house-cleaning and "moving". She begs your indulgence if her appearance is not quite up to standard. She also asks that if she is delayed in reaching you on time that you excuse her for the aforesaid reasons which every woman understands.

Indianapolis, Peru, Elkhart, Ft. Wayne and Terre Haute led in the largest delegations to the State convention. The Tenth District had the largest number of delegates in attendance but no single delegation numbered so large as those of the cities mentioned.

Many delegates are of the opinion that normal courses in mathematics will have to be provided for election clerks before the proportional representation method of elections can be promiscuously used.

Invitations for the 1923 State Convention were received from Michigan City, "The Gateway of the Dunes", from Madison, on the Ohio, the "City neath the hills" and from West Baden Springs which also hopes to entertain the 1923 National Convention of the League of Women Voters. The Michigan City delegation brought

badges and literature and conducted active campaigning in behalf of their city. A striking feature relating to these invitations is the location of the respective cities. Michigan City on the extreme northern boundary of the State, Madison on the southern boundary, and West Baden very near the center. The decision as to choice of location rests with the Board of Directors and will be decided after decision is made by the National Board regarding the National convention.

It was conceded by all delegates present that LaFayette had established a precedent in the entertainment of the State convention that it would be most difficult for any other city to excel. There was not a slip or a hitch in the work of a single committee having to do with the comfort, entertainment and welfare of the convention guests. No slightest detail was overlooked and everyone felt warmed and cheered by the cordial, hospitable spirit that pervaded not only the convention headquarters but the entire city. A convention badge insured special courtesy throughout the city.

The Home Economics Department of Purdue University very graciously entertained and bountifully served the delegates at the luncheon held on the campus lawn Thursday noon. Many delegates were delighted to note the splendid new building for the Home Economics Department now well along in construction and were reminded of the numerous conventions in the past of various women's organizations when it was quite the rule to pass a resolution petitioning the State administration to erect such a building. Truly, all things come to those who wait and work.

But two amendments were made to the constitution of the State League this year. The most important one outlines definitely the policy of the League relative to responsibility of League members to support the League's legislative program. The Amendment provides that "When the legislative policy of the League has been adopted by the convention, no individual member or local League may oppose this policy using the name of the League. Such opposition on the part of any League or individual shall constitute a notice of withdrawal of membership from the League."

The second Amendment provides that seven Directors shall constitute a quorum for Board meetings.

Mr. Richard Lieber, Chairman of the State Dept. of Conservation, and who had been invited as a guest of the League for the Turkey Run luncheon, cabled greetings and good wishes to the Indiana League of Women Voters from London. The message was delivered to Mrs. Greenough at Turkey Run too late to be presented to the League members who had made the trip. Mr. Lieber co-operated most heartily with the convention committee in arranging details of the Turkey Run trip.

Mrs. Park, in her speech at the opening session, remarked that we were in a new era in politics when in a gathering of both men and women two leading candidates, leaders of opposing parties spoke in the most friendly manner without rancor and without unkindly references as to parties or persons. The convention hall was filled to overflowing and perhaps one-third the audience were men. Three excellent addresses were given by Ex-Governor Ralston, Mrs. Park and Ex-Senator Beveridge.

Governor McCray in his speech to the convention delegates and guests complimented the League on its rapid and powerful growth and congratulated the organization upon the fact that it had undoubtedly "arrived" both in state and national life. He said that women give more intelligent attention and thought to some phases of government than men and that the woman's viewpoint is valuable for that reason if no other. He also stated that the women whom he had appointed to various offices and State Boards were proving capable, efficient and eminently satisfactory. He also assured the members that their request for a plan of caring for dependent children would have his earnest consideration and hearty support.

THE WOMAN VOTER

CONVENTION ATTENDANCE

The Credentials Committee, made up entirely of LaFayette women, was thoroughly organized and trained for its exacting and confining duties. The registering of delegates and visitors was most efficiently managed and the method of registering by Districts greatly expedited the registration of the more than 200 women who attended.

Mrs. Russel K. Bedgood, assisted by Mesdames Frank B. Thompson, Geo. Fachinger, O. C. Crist, W. E. Stephenson, W. E. O'Rear, L. S. Christley, Jack Evans and Frank Miller worked early and late on the credentials from Tuesday afternoon until the morning session of Thursday. The report of the Committee showed the total number of credentials presented were 174, divided as follows:

Delegates	123
Alternates	18
District Chairmen	8
County Chairmen	9
Directors-at-Large	14
Chairmen of Standing Committees.....	2
Total	174
Registered Visitors	42
Press Representatives	7

Total 223

The Districts were represented as follows:

- 1st—No Representation.
- 2nd—5 Delegates, 1 District Chairm., 1 County Chairm.
- 3rd—2 Delegates, 1 County Chairman.
- 4th—1 Director, 1 County Chairman.
- 5th—11 Delegates, 1 District Chairman, 2 Directors.
- 6th—7 Delegates, 3 Alternates, 1 District Chairman, 2 County Chairmen.
- 7th—17 Delegates, 1 Alternate, 1 District Chairman, 4 Directors, 1 Chairman State Committee.
- 8th—4 Delegates, 1 Alternate, 1 District Chairman, 1 Director.
- 9th—8 Delegates, 3 Alternates, 1 District Chairman.
- 10th—25 Delegates, 9 Alternates, 1 District Chairman, 4 County Chairmen, 1 State Chairman.
- 11th—17 Delegates, 1 Alternate, 2 Directors.
- 12th—12 Delegates, 3 Directors.
- 13th—15 Delegates, 1 District Chairman, 1 Director.

Total number of Leagues represented, 83.

A number of our most distinguished and honored guests and visitors were not registered. They were our National President, Mrs. Maud Wood Park, Governor Warren T. McGray, Ex-Governor Samuel M. Ralston, Honorable Albert J. Beveridge, Mrs. William Hibbard of Chicago, the newly elected League Director of this Region, Mrs. Solon Jacobs of Birmingham, Alabama, National Third Vice-President, Miss Blanche Merry, State Attendance Officer, Dr. Ada Schweitzer, State Board of Health, Prof. Mary L. Matthews, Purdue University, Mrs. Virginia Acher, Pres. Child Welfare Association, and Mr. Walter Millard of the National Proportional Representation League.

The newspapers represented were the Indianapolis Star, Peru Republican, Indianapolis News, Terre Haute Star, Elkhart Truth, Purdue Exponent and LaFayette Currier-Journal.

MISS HAUSER THANKS INDIANA LEAGUES

May I take this means of thanking all the friends in the Indiana delegation at the Baltimore convention who contributed to the testimonial of appreciation to me. It touched me deeply to know that the Region was reluctant to give me up as director even as I was reluctant to accept the secretaryship, because it meant leaving the Regional work. Not having the names of those who participated in the gift to me I take this means of thanking all the Indiana friends. May I bespeak for my successor, Mrs. Wm. Hibbard, the same cordial support, sympathy, and understanding which I have had from the best region of all.

ELIZABETH J. HAUSER.

RESOLUTIONS

In Mrs. Beardsley's message to the convention she stated: "I am earnestly hoping and confidently expecting you to have a splendid working convention, and I am trusting that from your counsels shall come some definite plan for the essentially constructive interests that belong peculiarly to women. Women have ever been responsible for building the foundations, the bases of our social life and as citizens we must study the civil and political needs and avail ourselves of the opportunities to serve and protect the family and the home. As I see it, there is no organization so fitted to educate, train and equip us for this great task as the League of Women Voters."

It would seem that Mrs. Beardsley's hope that some definite idea or plan of constructive work was realized when the most important resolution presented to the convention was unanimously adopted. This resolution deals with the care of delinquent, defective and dependent children. It requests that the State devise and execute a plan for the care of orphans with a central home and proper home-placing facilities thus protecting orphans from the irregularities of private homes conducted to make money. The resolution requests the support of the governor in the movement and asks that he call a conference to frame a bill to meet the needs at the proper time.

This resolution was read and personally delivered to Governor McCray by Mrs. John C. Boss of Elkhart, acting for Mrs. Beardsley, at the banquet Thursday evening. Governor McCray accepted the resolution, declared himself heartily in sympathy with its purpose and assured the League members he would give it consideration and take action at the proper time.

Other resolutions presented by Mrs. B. B. White, Chairman of the Resolutions Committee, were adopted and include the following:

A resolution branding all war a crime and as such to be outlawed; Recommendations to the Legislative Committee and Board of Directors that the method of amending the State Constitution be changed to provide that votes cast on any amendment be voted for or against such amendment and, second, that a short ballot be adopted in the counties by making appointive such offices as have no control over policies of government; Expressions of regret at the absence of Mrs. Beardsley, State President, and appreciation of her service to the League during her term of office; Expressions of thanks to the various clubs, merchants and committees for assistance and co-operation in arranging for entertainment of the convention and for furnishing cars for the Turkey Run Trip.

WOMEN TO HELP FRAME PARTY PLATFORMS

Six men and six women (note the fifty-fifty proportion) from the Democratic party have been selected to draft the party platform for Indiana to be presented to the Democratic State Convention June 1st. Among the women selected are Mrs. Harry McMullen of Aurora, Mrs. John Gwin of Rensselaer, Mrs. Adelbert Flynn of Logansport, Mrs. Olive Beldon Lewis of Indianapolis and Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch of Fort Wayne. Mrs. Fred Lauenstein of Evansville and Mrs. Chester Evans of Bloomington are to go as delegates to the State Convention in Indianapolis. Mrs. McMullen, Mrs. Lewis and Mrs. Evans are members of the Board of Directors of the League of Women Voters, while Mrs. McCulloch and Mrs. Lauenstein have just closed their term of office in that capacity.

Women are to serve on the platform committee of the Republican Party and Mrs. Julia Nelson of Muncie, Mrs. W. C. Boggs and Mrs. E. F. White of Indianapolis, Mrs. C. C. Warrington of Ft. Wayne, Mrs. C. Vayhinger of Marion, Mrs. Richard Edwards and Mrs. E. A. Gould of Peru, Mrs. Joseph V. Kealing, Miss Dorothy Cunningham and Miss Elizabeth Rainey of Indianapolis will all endeavor to put something of the woman's point of view into the Republican party platform.

THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Vol. II

Indianapolis, Indiana

No. 9

LAFAYETTE

The city of Lafayette was a royal host to the delegates, alternates and guests attending the state convention of the League of Women Voters. The members of the committees having the arrangements in charge, the various civic organizations and the citizens of Lafayette left nothing undone that could add to the comfort and convenience of the out-state visitors. There was, in addition, an element of beauty to the whole convention that was distinctive and unusual. The city of Lafayette itself was beautiful, the decorations of the convention hall were unusually attractive, the garden party at Earlhurst and the luncheon at Purdue were delightful contrasts and rests from the exactions of the convention work. It is, therefore, fitting that the article prepared for the souvenir program too late for its inclusion in the program, be printed in this issue of the Voter. All those who attended the convention will be interested in the story of Lafayette, and those who did not attend the convention, but heard of the hospitality of the city through others, will share this interest. The article follows:

When John Digby, seated on the fallen log of an old sycamore on the banks of the Wabash in 1825, mentally platted the future city of LaFayette, prophetic vision must have been his, to choose from that labyrinth of virgin forest and uncharted waterways the spot best suited for its foundation; but the gifts of insight and accurate judgment were his, and today standing but three years distant from its centennial anniversary, the citizens of LaFayette look back with pride to the sturdy pioneer who founded the Star City of the Middle West, beautiful for situation, guarded by the everlasting hills, and circled by the sparkling waters of streams and river.

The early days of its commercial growth, based on the epoch-forming period of canal boats and river packets, plying their trade up and down the Wabash, brought families of wealth and culture from New England and the South, whose descendants, carrying on the traditions of their inheritance, formed a fruitful soil for the second epoch in LaFayette's history—the founding, in 1862, by John Purdue, of the University which bears his name. Unmarked by any monument he lies buried in the shadow of the wall destined to shelter the youth of many states and nations, and to send them forth to all parts of the world equipped for its highest duties and responsibilities.

Among the worthy and distinctive buildings which have been added to the original structures are the Agricultural Extension, one of the largest in America; the Stanley Coulter Biological, a noble tribute to the Dean; Eliza Fowler Hall, the beautiful chapel, built by her whose family name is interwoven with the history and prosperity of LaFayette; the Memorial Gymnasium, and the new Home Economics Building and Magnificent Student Memorial Buildings now in process of construction and the many commodious and artistic chapter houses which line the bluff and shaded streets of West LaFayette, while over all the passing hours are told by the chimes in the tower, procured and dedicated largely through the efforts of Purdue's

beloved president, Dr. Jas. H. Smart, "who, being dead, yet speaketh." The last illustrious president, Winthrop E. Stone, lies in Springvale cemetery, his lonely monument a pyramid of rocks on the solitary heights of Mt. Eanon, but whose name will forever live through the Stone Memorial, a fund by which worthy students may receive an education.

The famous athletics of the University take place on Stuart Field, named for Charles B. Stuart, its trustee for 20 years.

The atmosphere of the University, shedding its influence over the cities where it dwells, tends to make them centers of culture and philanthropy rather than of commercial and manufacturing interests, as witnessed by the numerous Women's Literary Clubs of high intellectual standing, the commodious Community House, the Young Men's Christian Association, and the standardized Class A hospitals with their eminent staffs of physicians and surgeons. Seldom is a city blessed with two such institutions—St. Elizabeth, founded in 1872, and grown to enormous proportions under the guidance and care of the Sisters of St. Francis, whose Mother house it is, and the LaFayette Home Hospital, founded later, but the first to inaugurate a training school for nurses and a maternity building, extending their beneficent work without regard to sex or creed, nationality or gain. Progressive and forward looking, with buildings, beautiful in architectural detail, provided with every modern device for the alleviation of suffering, it stands today a gift to humanity from generous hands and hearts.

Here, too, is the Old Ladies' Home, the gift of Mrs. Alice Earl Stuart, who is identified with all the interests of the hospital, and whose stately home and grounds, "Earlhurst," built by the late Adams Earl, prominent in the early development of LaFayette, is famed for its courtly hospitality.

St. Anthony's Home for the aged, under the auspices of St. Elizabeth, St. Joseph's Orphanage, covering

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THE WOMAN VOTER

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Woman Voter Grows with League

It is with sincere trepidation that the newly elected president of the League takes up the work of editing and publishing the Woman Voter. The Woman Voter has grown in power and interest with every issue. It has been ably edited. From a doubtful experiment it has grown to be an essential part of the life of the organization. This success is attributable to Mrs. A. H. Beardsley of Elkhart, state president for two years, and Miss Roberta Stahr, executive secretary during her administration. Mrs. Beardsley has been keenly interested in the publication. Miss Stahr has had the editing in charge and has managed all of the details connected with each issue. In her headquarters report, read at the LaFayette Convention, Miss Stahr made a strong plea for the continuance of the Woman Voter. That the convention was thoroughly in sympathy with this plea, was shown by the action taken to enlarge the scope of the paper. A great deal of credit is due Miss Stahr for this important development in the work of the League.

The new administration wishes to acknowledge the debt of gratitude the State League owes to the outgoing administration for the co-operation and help received in the difficult task of establishing new offices. The shipment of the furniture and office supplies from Elkhart has been made and the new headquarters in Indianapolis will be opened shortly.

The resume of the work of the past year has been published and shows a remarkable growth. When the League of Women Voters came into being two years ago, it was a doubtful experiment. It has been misunderstood, misquoted, misrepresented. But as the saving value of an independent woman's organization, unselfishly interested in the problems of civic life, has become more and more apparent, the League has grown in numbers and influence. Mrs. John C. Boss of Elkhart, state director at large, Mrs. J. J. Littrell, thirteenth district director, and Mrs. Wilbur Templin, president of the Elkhart League during her term of office, have had a large part in the success of Mrs. Beardsley's administration.

News of the Leagues

The first league to be organized in the new administration was reported by Mrs. J. J. Littrell, of Elkhart, 13th district chairman. The league was organized at New Carlisle with Mrs. Ralph Keller, president; Mrs. Emma Ramstead, first vice-president; Mrs. K. Wade, second vice-president; Mrs. Rose Wykoff, secretary, and Miss Taylor, treasurer. Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, who has been the state president for the past two years, and Mrs. Littrell held the organization meeting. Mrs. Littrell reports that there are other organizations in her district which will be completed in the near future.

The recently organized league in Clay Township was the second to be reported to the new state headquarters. The news of this league came on the mail following the mail containing the report of the league at New Carlisle. The Clay Township league, Green Fork, Indiana, has the following officers: Miss Isabelle Kienzle, president; Miss Hazel Hatfield, vice-president; Mrs. Sadie Sowers, treasurer and secretary. Eleven members held the first meeting and the new officers ask for literature and information in order to enroll more members.

Mrs. George Crabtree was elected president, Mrs. Ray English, secretary, and Mrs. S. A. Travis, treasurer of the League of Women Voters at Clay City. Mrs. J. T. Gardner was the delegate at large for the league at the recent state convention.

The Fairview township league held an interesting meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. E. Walther, in Glenwood. Mrs. Christian Eby, district chairman, and Mrs. Ward Hanson gave reports of the national and state conventions. Mrs. Albert Link soloist accompanied by Mrs. Curtis Scholl, gave the musical program. Guests of the meeting were Mrs. Christian Eby of Connersville, Mrs. Ward Hanson and Mrs. Charles Frank of Connersville, Mrs. Albert Link of Fairview and Mrs. Charles Freeman and daughter, Miss Vera of Posey township. The next meeting of the league will be held at the home of Mrs. Hugh Beaver. Every member will have a part in the program. The husbands and brothers of the members will be guests for dinner and for the evening entertainment.

At a joint meeting of the League of Women Voters and of the Federated Clubs, held in the library building at Bluffton recently, an address was given by Miss Blanche Merry, relating to the work of the school attendance officers. The officers for the league elected at the meeting are Mrs. W. A. Patton, president; Mrs. Ernest Wiekling, vice-president; Mrs. Fred Longden, secretary, and Mrs. Justin Merriman, treasurer.

LAFAYETTE

(Continued from Page One)

many acres at the south edge of the city, and the Children's Home, under the care of the Board of Guardians, attest to its further philanthropies.

Civic enterprise is seen at Columbian Park, which has become a resort for the people second to none in the state. Here are beautiful lakes, for boating and skating, shaded lawns, artistic flower beds and rustic tea houses, municipal swimming pool and tennis courts, and a zoo, while for those who desire the quiet beauties of nature, Murdock Park, a wooded tract of 60 acres, deeded to the city by the late Samuel Murdock and his brother Charles, offers attractive charms. Far from the noise of traffic, its seclusion has been taken advantage of by the Bird Division of the Tippecanoe County Fish, Game and Bird Protective Association for the protection of the birds. Equipped with ninety bird houses, made and placed by the school children, and large cement bird pools, where before no water had been, numerous signs here and in other haunts of our feathered helpers call attention to the fact that in this community the value of a wild life is understood and protected.

Civic endeavor is also represented by the large Community Chorus, which under the gratuitous and trained leadership of Edward Frank, is increasingly developing its rich musical possessions of the city, and by the County Tuberculosis Association and the Child Welfare Station, which offer their services in the name of humanity, the outward manifestation of the spiritual power which marks the noble churches of the city, and its consecrated Ministerial Association—the complement of the fine and progressive schools, which lay the competent foundation for the University life. And none desirous of a complete musical course in all its branches need seek further than Miss Baer's widely known conservatory.

Many are the beautiful homes of LaFayette, dispensing lavish hospitality. The Murdock estate, crowning the heights of 7th street hill, opposite those of Oliver W. Pierce, Richard G. Carpenter (the old Lingle home), and others. "The Gables," on Ninth street hill, home of James M. Fowler; the old Wetherill homestead, and those of State street adjoining, notably the colonial home of William S. Potter, which was the Connecticut building at the St. Louis Exposition, brought here with all the interior woodwork originally taken from the old state house at Norwich, Conn.; the home of Henry W. Marshall, acting president of Purdue University and owner of the *Journal-Courier*; the old Brockenbrough home on 6th street, and the newer residences near the Country Club, that beautiful spot famed for its links, that has given prestige to the city's south end, with its velvet lawns and forest trees, its swimming pool and odd manor house half hidden on the slope of a hill. Its winter-sisters in social gayety are the old-established Lincoln Club, and younger LaFayette Club, the modern Elks' Club, and Allen's fine dancing academy. And while learning, culture, and philanthropy may predominate in the city named for a polished son of France, manufactures and commercial interests are by no means lacking.

Here are the Monon Shops, occupying a town site in the north end, to employ and house its 1,000 men; the Ross Gear and Tool Works, known for its output and the integrity of its name; the Barbee Wire and Iron Works, the Duncan Meter Works, the Schwab Safe and Lock, the Lion Tire, the Peerless Wire Works, and many others, while the modern business houses and office blocks which line the downtown streets are metropolitan in size and beauty of design. Here are the LaFayette Life Building, truly a skyscraper; the Loan and Trust, the newly completed Tippecanoe Loan and Trust, the Fowler Hotel, the Haywood Publishing Co., the Painters' and Decorators' artistic building, the Journal and Courier plant, set like a bit of old England on the crowded thoroughfare, and the splendid new Mars Theatre, unsurpassed by any in the state. The merchants, too, seem to vie with each other in remodeling and rebuilding their places of business till modern and sumptuous houses for their work greet one on every hand.

When the traveler comes to town, fine hotels, restaurants and cafeterias await him, and should he desire a trip to places of interest, what more delightful than a visit to the Soldiers' Home, with unparalleled views approaching those of New England in grandeur, and Tecumseh Trail (now become a state park); the historic Battle Ground, and the monument excelled only by the Washington monument, where in November, 1811, Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison overthrew the powers of the red man in the Middle West. Old Fort Quiatenon, marked by a boulder-tablet, by the General de LaFayette Chapter, D. A. R.; the many wooded drives of the Wildcat and the Wea, or a motor spin along the upper river road, with its magic panorama of hill and Wabash valley?

LaFayette's fine motor roads invite the tourist; LaFayette's scenic beauty entices, and her illuminated signs welcome the coming and speed the parting guest.

ELIZA DANA WEIGLE.

Monday, May 22, the board of Directors of the Peru League of Woman Voters were entertained at supper at the home of Mrs. E. A. Gould.

The monthly meeting of the Aurora League was held Monday afternoon, May 15th at the auditorium of the Aurora Public Library. Mrs. Harry McMullen, who had recently returned from Baltimore, Md., where she was in attendance at the Pan-American Convention of the League and from LaFayette where she attended the state convention of the League gave a report of both interesting meetings.

The Worthington League met in the Public Library Wednesday, May 17th. Mrs. Chester Evans of Bloomington, state treasurer of the League, urged the women to support some legislation, to study other measures and to exercise their rights as women. She also said women are urged to identify themselves with political parties and to exercise their civil rights as citizens. She spoke of the measure fostered by the national organization giving an American woman her citizenship, although she married a foreigner.

State News of Interest to Women

"The vote of the Tuesday primary should forever answer the query, 'What will the women do with the ballot now that they have it?'" says the Anderson Herald. The vote at the recent primary election was more than double that of the senatorial contest six years ago, and it is evident women are taking an interest in politics.

The first woman in Indiana to be nominated for the state senate is Mrs. Culla C. Vayinger, Republican. Mrs. Vayinger's vote was 4,353 and Mr. Alfred Hogston, her opponent, received 3,655 votes. Mrs. Vayinger is known to women throughout the state by her work as president of the W. C. T. U., an office she held for many years.

Mrs. John I. Gwin of Rensselaer, was elected Democratic district chairman of the tenth district by the county chairmen in a meeting held in Monticello. The selection of Mrs. Gwin was made unanimous on the convention floor following a caucus in which her supporters were in the majority. Mrs. Gwin is one of the best known women of that section of the state and has been identified with public affairs for a long time. She has been active in the work of the League of Women Voters.

During the state Republican convention held in Indianapolis, women took an active part in all the work of the convention. More than two hundred women delegates attended the convention, and they were given representation on all the important committees.

At a recent meeting of the Democratic state committee Mrs. James Riggs of Sullivan was elected woman national committee member to succeed Miss Julia Landers who resigned some time ago. Mrs. Adelbert Flynn of Logansport, who has been identified with the local League of Women Voters, was made vice-chairman of the state committee, Miss Gertrude McHugh, a state director in the League, was re-elected secretary of the state committee.

Mrs. Ella Bagot Kehrer of Anderson, who has been the Child Welfare Chairman for the State League for the past two years, took part in the Health Exhibit held in Indianapolis, having arranged a poster exhibit in the Eradication of Contagious Disease department. Mrs. Kehrer gave two prizes—one of \$10.00 and one of \$5.00 in connection with the exhibit.

A fraternity pin lost at the state convention was found by a student of Purdue at the Fowler Hotel. A full description of the pin, with name of the fraternity, kind and jewels and other identifying description must be sent by the owner to Mrs. Thomas Arthur Stuart, Earlhurst. The pin is being held by the young man who found it for a reward, and Mrs. Stuart gladly will do all she can to help the owner recover it.

Professor R. V. Achatz, associate professor of telephone engineering of Purdue University, in response to a letter asking the cost of the broadcasting by radio furnished by Purdue University at the recent state convention of the League, writes the following:

"We were very glad indeed to be of any service to the Indiana League of Women Voters by broadcasting the meeting of Tuesday evening. There was no expense connected with this demonstration, as the La-Fayette Telephone Company furnished us the use of their cables for the evening without charge."

Indianapolis Luncheon

Mrs. Isaac Born, chairman of the Seventh district, will be the toastmistress at the luncheon to be given by the Indianapolis League of Women Voters at the Spink-Arms Tuesday for Mrs. Walter Greenough, newly elected president of the state league, and Mrs. Allen T. Fleming, new president of the local league. Mrs. Born will be introduced by Miss Alma Sickler, former president of the local organization.

The program for the luncheon will be:

"Our State President," Mrs. Isaac Born. Response, Mrs. Greenough.

"Our League President," Mrs. J. F. Edwards. Response, Mrs. Fleming.

Vocal solo, Mrs. John B. Rees, accompanied by Mrs. Ned Clay.

"Our Press Girls," Mrs. John Downing Johnson. "Thank You, Very Much," Mrs. Florence Webster Long.

Indianapolis—"No Mean City," Mrs. George Finck.

"The Democrats," Mrs. Addie Frank. "The Republicans," Miss Adah Bush.

"Ideal Citizenship," Mrs. W. T. Barnes.

Vocal solo, Mrs. Rees.

"Dollar Day," Mrs. David Lurvey.

"What Are We Worth to You?" Miss Sara Lauter.

Among the persons who will attend the luncheon are: Mrs. Marie Karrer, Mrs. O. E. Anthony, Mrs. Edward Ferger, Mrs. Leroy Kahler, Mrs. Charles Baron, Mrs. C. A. Tucker, Mrs. Wolf Sussman, Mrs. T. M. Demmerly, Mrs. Claude Griffith, Mrs. R. Walter Jarvis, Mrs. E. W. Short, Mrs. Smith J. Gray, Mrs. Isaac Born, Mrs. John Downing Johnson, Miss Julia Landers, Mrs. Joseph Bell, Mrs. Mary Kettner, Miss Mary Roberts, Mrs. George VanDyke, Mrs. Ira Holmes, Miss Marjorie Hunt, Mrs. Everett Hunt, Mrs. James VanNatta and guests, Mrs. Mayme VanNatta and Mrs. Mary VanNatta of New York, Mrs. P. J. Clark, Mrs. Russell Williams of Bloomington, Ill.; Mrs. Ida Belser, Mrs. J. Lawrence Wells, Mrs. Hattie A. Ryder, Mrs. Newton J. McGuire, Mrs. J. Monahan, Mrs. Carrie Lombard, Mrs. E. L. Burnett, Mrs. W. C. DeMiller, Mrs. M. B. Spellman, Mrs. J. K. Cooper, Mrs. J. F. Edwards, Mrs. George Finck, Miss Alma Sickler, Mrs. W. T. Barnes, Mrs. Addie Frank, Miss Adah Bush, Mrs. David Lurvey, Miss Sara Lauter.

THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

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No. 10

Our Greatest Dozen

Who are the greatest twelve women in the United States? That is the question the National League of Women Voters needs help in answering. What twelve living women in North America best deserve to serve as examples and inspirations to the women of Chile and the rest of South America?

Senorita Graciela Mandujano, official delegate from Chile to the Pan American Conference of Women, has asked the League, at whose invitation the conference was held, to select for her a dozen women about whom she will write articles for publication in the newspapers of Chile, which she serves as correspondent. They must be living women, she stipulates. Chile has her heroines of history, her women patriots, her women of devotion, and our Anne Hutchinsons and Hannah Dustins have nothing to teach that Chile does not know. What Chilean women need is the lesson of life, the modern woman, the woman who has successfully dealt with conditions of today, can teach, for the women of Chile, with all their keen intelligence, their sound educations and their famous wit, are still in need of exactly the kind of incentive the life-stories of soundly useful women of the United States can give them.

The League wishes to give Senorita Mandujano a comprehensive list, restricted to women of no one movement, or party, or state, or occupation; for the League is non-partisan, made up of all kinds of women voters and not merely of women of one bent of mind and one conception of woman's place in the world. The League wishes to help Senorita Mandujano to a list which shall cover impartially the whole field of the modern woman's service and shall include women who have unquestionably done great things for other women and for the world. Senorita Mandujano wishes especially to write—of women who owe their success to their own efforts, to know what difficulties they encountered and how they surmounted them.

Senorita Mandujano is a graceful and exquisitely well-mannered woman, who speaks English with a delicate perfection to which a Chilean accent adds much charm. She came to the United States five years ago to complete her education and has made a brilliant record at Columbia. In her own country she is already known as a successful writer, an admirable teacher, and a leader in the new woman movement. It is altogether likely that she could name off-hand twelve notable women of the United States, but explaining with characteristic modesty that she feels the list will be more correct if the League makes it, she has left that task to the women who make up its national board. They are women of both political parties and of every possible shade of personal opinion, and twelve women do not immediately stand out as their unanimous choice. Who are the twelve greatest women in the United States? Who are the twelve women our

Chilean sisters may best adopt as guiding lights? The League of Women Voters asks everybody's help in answering the question.

Send your choice of the twelve greatest living women in the United States to State Headquarters, 705 National City Bank Building, Indianapolis, Indiana. You have an opportunity to make Indiana's list.

National Legislative Victory

The National League of Women Voters has won a great legislative victory in the passage of the bill for Independent Citizenship for married women by the House of Representatives on Tuesday, June 20, 1922. The vote was 206 ayes to 9 noes!

A brief summary of the situation on the senate side of the legislative body in regard to the Curtis Bill for Independent Citizenship for Married Women, has been printed recently in the Woman Voter. A short time afterward a new bill, H. B. 11773, embodying the provisions of the Curtis Bill, was introduced in the House by Representative Cable of Ohio. The committee on Immigration and Naturalization held hearings on it on June 8th, reported it out favorably on June 16th, and the vote was taken under a special rule on June 20th! This is a record for speed. The Cable bill now goes to the senate where it probably will be substituted for the Curtis bill and where every effort will be made to secure a vote on it before adjournment. The important provisions of the bill are as follows:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of any woman to become a naturalized citizen of the United States shall not be denied or abridged because of her sex or because she is a married woman. That any woman who marries a citizen of the United States after the passage of this Act, or any woman whose husband is naturalized after the passage of this Act, shall not become a citizen of the United States by reason of such marriage or naturalization; but if eligible to citizenship, she may be naturalized upon full and complete compliance with all requirements of the naturalization laws."

Membership Campaign Launched

The executive committee of the South Bend League gave a luncheon recently in honor of Mrs. C. A. Carlisle, who has just returned from an extensive trip. The luncheon was held at the Mishawaka Hotel. Plans for the coming year were outlined and a membership campaign with a goal of 1,000 members was launched. The membership campaign will culminate with the opening meeting of the new year at the home of Mrs. Carlisle in September.

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It has been very gratifying to note the number of enthusiastic meetings of the different Leagues during the past month. This issue of the Voter is given over almost entirely to the news of the activities of the Leagues. There is every indication that during this year, there will be a remarkable growth in the League of Women Voters, both nationally and in the state. The ease with which the legislation for Independent Citizenship for Married Women passed the House of Representatives, is definite proof of the new confidence felt by legislators in our organization. (The voters back home must have given their representatives reason to feel their popularity when they favored the constructive legislation of the League. The House of Representatives should be close to the voters and is sensitive to the swing of public opinion.) So the legislative triumph is more than the passage by the House of a worth-while bill—it is a clear indication of the standing of the League with the voters of the United States.

A bulletin from the National League Headquarters says:

"INTERDEPARTMENTAL SOCIAL HYGIENE BOARD: House 11490, Senate 3544. The Judiciary Committee of the House held a hearing on the Kahn Bill on June 6th, providing for the transfer of the work of the Interdepartmental Social Hygiene Board to the Department of Justice. Surgeon-General Ireland of the Army, Surgeon-General Cumming of the Treasury, Colonel Chamberlain of the War Department, Dr. Hugh Young of Johns Hopkins University, Colonel Snow and Major Bascom Johnson of the American Social Hygiene Association spoke in favor of the transfer, and Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton urged the favorable consideration of the Committee, speaking for women's organizations generally. There was no opposition. But it has not been possible to secure a quorum of the Committee to consider the measure since. On the Senate side the chairman of the Judiciary Committee has referred the bill to a sub-committee of three, all of whom have stated that they would support the bill in its present form after considering the printed hearing of the House Committee.

"In the meantime, a request has been made by the Interdepartmental Social Hygiene Board for a continuation appropriation of \$112,000.00 in order that the work may be carried on after the end of the fiscal year in the event Congress has not acted upon the Kahn-Jones bill prior to that period. We have found a strong feeling on the part of some of the members of the Committee that the work of the Interdepartmental

Social Hygiene Board should be undertaken by the Public Health Service, and we have explained in detail that the work is wholly concerned with law enforcement, and that prostitution is a crime and not a disease."

MRS. PARK'S ENGAGEMENTS.

After Chautauqua Mrs. Maud Wood Park goes to Cleveland, where the Executive Committee will meet June 25th, 26th and 27th; from there she will go down to New York to see Mrs. Catt and on to Boston where she is to speak at the Convention of the National Education Association on July 4th.

Shepard-Towner Act.

The Shepard-Towner maternity and infancy act is brought to the fore by an announcement of the appointment of Dr. Ethel M. Watters of San Francisco, consultant in the administration of this act by the children's bureau. She becomes a member of the staff of the children's bureau of the Department of Labor, which is charged with the duty of administering the Federal funds appropriated for promoting the welfare and hygiene of maternity and infancy in co-operation with the states which accept the act by appropriating like amounts. Dr. Watters is considered a splendid choice, having been since 1919 director of the bureau of child hygiene in the California State Board of Health. In addition she has been sanitarian of the bureau of social hygiene in the California State Board of Health and physician to various children's homes and institutions in San Francisco, besides contributing to medical and health journals.

PERU LEAGUE ENDORSES WOMAN ON SCHOOL BOARD.

An unqualified endorsement of the principle of a woman on the school board and the continuation of that idea for the coming term was the outstanding action taken by the Board of Directors of the Peru League of Women Voters, which met with Mrs. Edwin F. Miller, May 28. As a result of the discussion of school affairs, an unqualified endorsement of the work performed by Mrs. Richard Edwards, the first woman member of the local school board, was passed and a resolution that the board of directors go on record as favoring and actively working for the election of a woman member to fill the place made vacant in June, was unanimously adopted. Early in June the League will hold a tea and market for the benefit of the local Community Service at the home of Mrs. E. A. Gould.

Mrs. P. A. Shepard is the chairman of arrangements. Mrs. L. O. Arnold reported on her work as school attendance officer, and arrangements were made for the board to assist her in her work. The members of the board of directors who were present are as follows: Mrs. Katherine L. Turpie, Mrs. E. F. Miller, Mrs. Arthur Ganske, Mrs. D. M. Coppock, Mrs. Charles C. Flaag, Mrs. J. W. Bossard, Mrs. Harvey Hawley, Mrs. Riley King, Mrs. A. E. Cathcart, Mrs. W. E. Burke, Mrs. L. O. Arnold, Mrs. E. A. Gould, Mrs. P. D. Landgrave, Mrs. Noah Murphy, Mrs. A. E. Cline, Mrs. Etelka Rockenbach and Miss Mary Gallahan.

THE WOMAN VOTER

MRS. DOUGLAS, PRESIDENT.

The Shelbyville League of Women Voters elected Mrs. Bernard Douglas president at the annual business meeting of the organization, May 27. Mrs. Frank G. Clark was chosen vice-president; Mrs. L. E. Webb, secretary; and Mrs. George Torrence, treasurer. The Board of Directors includes the officers and Mrs. Harry Moberly, Mrs. O. W. Cotton, Mrs. H. C. Jones, Mrs. Russell Goodrich and Miss Laura Kent.

The Bloomington League of Women Voters met May 22 with Mrs. J. E. Luzadder. Mrs. Chester A. Evans gave a report of the National Convention held in Baltimore, and reports from the State Convention, which was held in Lafayette were given by Mrs. J. A. Neill, Mrs. J. E. Henley and Mrs. J. B. Wilson.

The last general meeting of the season for the Terre Haute League of Women Voters was held June 5 at the Chamber of Commerce. The formal election of officers was held, and the old officers, with the exception of two, were re-elected. Mrs. Fred Ballard will again serve as president. Mrs. Gertrude Callahan, who was nominated as secretary, was forced to resign and Mrs. George Moorhead was chosen to fill her place. The annual reports pointed to a successful year and a forecast of the year's work was given by Mrs. Ballard. The League will work along legislative lines in co-operation with the State League.

Mrs. John Goodwin presided at the regular meeting of the Brookville League of Women Voters, June 2. By invitation, the candidates, Mr. Peine, Mr. Tague, Mr. Chambers and Mr. Meyer opened their campaigns at this meeting. The general public was invited.

The Remington League of Women Voters met at the Library May 22. Mrs. Ora Ross and Mrs. Fred Phillips of Rensselaer were present, and they, with Mrs. Helene Guy, gave an interesting report of the Third Annual Convention of the Indiana League.

FORT WAYNE ELECTS OFFICERS.

The Fort Wayne League of Women Voters held an important meeting Friday, June 2, at the Chamber of Commerce. The following officers were elected for the new year: Miss Flora Wilbur, president; Miss Agatha Diek, first vice-president; Miss Bertha J. Medsker, second vice-president; Mrs. Samuel Foster, third vice-president; Mrs. Joe Gaskins, fourth vice-president; Mrs. L. G. Ellingham, secretary; Mrs. W. H. Rohan, treasurer; and Mrs. Francis Lomont, secretary of finance. The nominating committee, Mrs. C. E. Hadsell, Miss Carrie Snively and Mrs. Elizabeth Hedekin Moynihan, was appointed by the president.

G. O. P. CLUB CHARTERED.

The Indiana Woman's Republican Club was incorporated May 30, filing its articles with Secretary of State Jackson. The directors, all residents of Indianapolis, are: Haute Booth Tarkington Jameson, Helen Hobbs, Dr. Amelia R. Keller, Katherina Fertig, Mathera A. Stubbs, Rose Sussman, Louise Weisenberg, Myrtle Huggins, Mrs. Helen Robinson, Mrs. Sophia Reidel and Mrs. May B. Spellman.

JURY WOMEN.

The first women of DeKalb County to sit on a jury were Mrs. O. B. Fink and Mrs. V. E. Buchanan, who helped ten men in a breach of promise suit.

On May 25 a thrill was given the spectators in the Pike Circuit Court when Judge Dillon ordered Sheriff Wayne to fill the jury box with women. Five regular jurors were in the box when the judge issued the orders. The sheriff soon had the court room filled with women and from this number a jury was easily selected. The following women served on the jury: Mesdames John O. Miley, O. D. Harris, Robert Fowler, James Way, Mrs. Rosa Carpenter, Mrs. Edna Wilhite and Mrs. Emeline Rickrich. This is the first mixed jury in Pike County.

On June 5, for the first time since women began serving on juries in Allen County there was a majority of women on the jury in Superior Court. Seven of the panel were women and five were men. The members of the jury were: Mrs. Bertha Kayser, Mrs. J. J. Cavatier, Mrs. Johnan Fries, Mrs. Clyde Miles, Mrs. George Houser, C. F. Garmin, Christian Kroemer, Mrs. Zola Augsberger, Mrs. W. E. Bowers, Edward Sordlett, Otto Goegline and Grant Ginther.

At 6:45 Wednesday evening, May 24, the first jury of women ever hearing a case in a Posey County court brought in a verdict of guilty in the case of Bert Rider and Thomas Moore, Mt. Vernon youths, tried together in a city court, on a charge of disposing of "white mule." Mrs. W. D. Lawrence was chosen foreman of the jury. Members of the jury were: Mrs. Tim Crunk, Mrs. Phil Hagemann, Mrs. H. H. Sugg, Mrs. Fred Wilbern, Mrs. E. Q. McElhaney, Mrs. A. K. Grant, Mrs. W. D. Lawrence, Mrs. J. M. Hale, Mrs. Thomas Phillips, Mrs. Ed. Green, Mrs. A. V. Weisinger and Mrs. Ed. Spencer.

MRS. McMULLEN ON SCHOOL BOARD.

For the first time in the history of Aurora, Indiana, a woman has been made a member of the Aurora School Board. Mrs. Harry McMullen, vice-president of the State League of Women Voters, has been selected for this honor.

JURY OF WOMEN ACQUITS WOMAN IN MARION.

A jury of six women tried Iva Coat in the city court of Marion, Indiana, Friday, June 2. The verdict of the women jury trying a woman defendant was not guilty, and the verdict was returned after an hour's deliberation.

Miss Esther O'Keefe, Democratic nominee for representative from the Thirteenth District, addressed a large audience in the Y. W. C. A. at Elkhart, May 24. Miss O'Keefe declared that woman's place is no longer limited to the home.

Six women were called to serve on the circuit jury in Elkhart County.

News of the Leagues

NOTED ENGLISH WOMAN SPEAKS IN ELKHART.

On Thursday, June 15th, the Elkhart League of Women Voters entertained at afternoon tea in honor of Miss Mary Sheepshanks of London. The event, which was held at the home of the president, Mrs. Wilbur Templin, formally closed the season's activities. The League extended an invitation to the members of the other women's clubs to meet Miss Sheepshanks.

The meeting was very largely attended and Miss Sheepshanks made a most forceful and illuminating talk. Very interesting plans for the new year were formulated, embodying progressive innovations in the work of the League.

INDIANAPOLIS LEAGUE GIVES PAGEANT.

The pageant, "Kar-A-Ban" was given at the State Fair Grounds by the Indianapolis League of Women Voters, June 19, 20, and 21. There were over six hundred persons taking part in this historic pageant, 300 of whom were dancers. The pageant was given by the finance committee of the League, composed of Mrs. Ira Holmes, chairman; Mrs. Edward Ferger, Mrs. E. L. Burnett, Miss Adah Bush, Mrs. Marie Karrer, Miss Eldena Lauter, Mrs. E. E. Eschbach, Mrs. William Everly, Mrs. David Lurvey, Mrs. E. O. Anthony and Mrs. C. V. Coder.

DELPHI MEETING.

A very important and interesting meeting of the League of Women Voters of Delphi was held Thursday, June 15th. The meeting was held at eight o'clock in the Public Library. Reports of the State Convention and election of officers held the interest of the members.

The Stroh League met in the Methodist Episcopal Church Wednesday afternoon, June 14th.

LAS TMEETING OF SEASON.

The Frankfort League formally closed the activities of the year at the meeting held June 19th. The annual election of officers took place.

The New Carlisle Chapter of the League held an organization meeting, Monday, June 5th. Mrs. L. S. Fickensher, county chairman of the organization, was present and assisted in drawing up the constitution. Meetings are to be held on the second and fourth Tuesdays of every month.

ANNUAL MEETING OF JASPER LEAGUE.

The annual meeting of the Jasper County organization was held June 9 at Rensselaire, Ind. Mrs. Ora T. Ross, Tenth District Chairman, entertained the Leagues

of Jasper County at her beautiful home. Mrs. Carina C. Warrington of Fort Wayne, State Probation Officer, gave a most instructive and inspiring talk relating to her work among delinquent children and especially the need of the juvenile docket which prevents the trial of minors in the criminal court. A general discussion of the employment and care of delinquent children followed, and it was decided to ask that some member of the Board of Children's Guardians be appointed to serve as general probation officer. Reports by Miss Florence Ryan, the school attendance officer, and Miss Boyer, the Red Cross community nurse, brought out many facts of interest. A picnic preceded the program and a business meeting followed, at which officers were elected for the coming year. President, Mrs. A. A. Hoover; first vice-president, Miss Rose Remmek; second vice-president, Mrs. A. C. Ross; secretary, Mrs. C. G. Halsey; treasurer, Mrs. M. L. Sterrett; directors: Mrs. Frank Meader and Mrs. Jasper Guy of Remington. Marion township officers are as follows: President, Mrs. A. F. Long; vice-president, Mrs. Mary E. Drake; secretary, Mrs. J. W. Stockton.

ANDERSON LEAGUE ELECTS OFFICERS.

The sixteen members on the board of the League of Women Voters met June 12 at the Public Library and elected the following officers: President, Mrs. J. W. Sansberry; first vice-president, Mrs. O. E. McWilliams; second vice-president, Dr. Etta Charles; third vice-president, Mrs. W. E. Thompson; fourth vice-president, Mrs. Charles Miller; secretary, Mrs. W. L. Starrett; treasurer, Mrs. M. G. Reynolds; eighth district chairman, Mrs. I. E. May, and county chairman, Mrs. Jessie F. Croan. The League adjourned to meet the first Wednesday in October. The organization will be rejuvenated and a great deal of interest is anticipated. Money was pledged to assist with the state pledge. At the meeting in October each board member is to bring five new members.

The Newburg League of Women Voters met at the Library June 5. Mrs. Lois Hopkins talked on "How It Feels to Be a Candidate." Dr. Mary D. Phelps spoke on her trip to the Republican Convention to which she was a delegate. Reports of proceedings of the State Convention at Lafayette and the Pan American Convention of Women at Baltimore were given.

About 150 out of a total of 1,720 delegates to the Republican State Convention were women. The Democrats had a total of about 100 elected delegates out of a total of 1,274.

The Dubois County Post of the American Legion and the Jasper League of Women Voters held a joint meeting at the Legion hall and discussed plans for civic improvement.

The regular meeting of the Vincennes League of Women Voters was held May 29, at the Library. Mrs. H. B. Griffith gave a report of the State Convention. Miss Mildred Porter of Princeton gave a reading, and Mrs. Roy Greemore sang, accompanied by Miss Emily Devenot.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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Vol. II

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No. 11

"NO MORE WAR"

The Indiana League of Women Voters is co-operating with the National Council for the Reduction of Armament in planning a "No More War" demonstration July 29th and 30th. Two relatively simple undertakings are proposed:

1. Posting placards bearing the words, "No More War." (The leagues should co-operate with any activity that may be undertaken by local organizations for Reduction of Armament. Placards should be printed and posted by the leagues wherever possible.)

2. Having as many telegrams and letters as possible sent to the President of the United States, indicating to him that America is ready for another definite and concrete step toward world peace.

Official Washington must be impressed with the fact that the country still is vitally interested in disarmament. Will you help in your community? Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl is chairman of the Disarmament Committee.

Trustee of Normal School

Helen C. Benbridge of Terre Haute has been appointed to the board of trustees of the Indiana State Normal School, of Terre Haute, by Governor Warren T. McCray. She is the first woman to serve as trustee on this board.

Miss Benbridge has been identified with the activities of the League of Women Voters since its organization. She has been on the state board of directors of the League, has been chairman of the Efficiency in Government committee, has been chairman of the program advertising committee and the election committee of the state convention held in Lafayette. Miss Benbridge was president of the Franchise League in 1919-1920, the year in which suffrage was won. Before her presidency, she was organization chairman for the Franchise League and served on the state board for several years. The Terre Haute Sunday Star, editorially says:



"Terre Haute people are appreciative of the fact that when the time came to appoint the first woman to serve as a trustee of the Indiana State Normal School one of its own citizens was appointed. The office carries with it a real task incident to the enlargement of the program of the school. Miss Benbridge will bring into the deliberations of the board of trustees her experience and wide acquaintance and a new vision of the greater usefulness to the educational world possible through the school."

Federated Club Convention

The Sixteenth Biennial of the General Federation of Women's Clubs met in Chautauqua, New York, recently. The club women from Indiana who attended the convention were the recipients of special courtesies and attentions from the prominent women of the East who once made their home in Indiana. Mrs. Edward F. White, of Indianapolis, has been appointed chairman of the national legislative committee. Mrs. Felix T. McWhirter, of Indianapolis, was characterized by the convention as "the woman who could get things done that no one else could accomplish." For years, Mrs. McWhirter has had charge of the national transportation committee and has succeeded in obtaining concessions and rates from the railroads.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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FOR SENATE IN MINNESOTA.

Mrs. Anna Dickie Oleson, Democrat, of Cloquet, Minnesota, will be the first woman candidate ever supporter by a major political party for United States Senator in Minnesota. Her opponent will be Senator Frank B. Kellogg, just renominated by the Republicans.

For several years Mrs. Oleson has spoken over the state—at women's club conventions, farmer's meetings and county fairs, and has lectured for the extension division of the University of Minnesota. Active in club work since 1912, Mrs. Oleson has been vice-president of the Minnesota State Federated Clubs and a member of the Advisory Board of Directors of the Minnesota League of Women Voters. Her platform calls for "a people's bloc," a lower tariff, no subsidies for special interests, no sales tax, a bonus to be taken out of excess profits and repeal of the Esch-Cummins Act.

BUSINESS WOMEN.

The National Federation of Business and Progressive Women's Clubs has been holding the fourth annual convention of the organization at Chattanooga, Tennessee. A large delegation of Indiana business women attended the convention, and has been taking an active part in the proceedings. Miss Forba McDaniels, state president, was appointed secretary of the national nominating committee. Miss Florence Coffin, treasurer of the Indiana Federation, gave a talk on finance. Miss Merica Hoagland has been serving during the past year as chairman of one of the important national committees, and other Indiana women have been prominent in the work of the national body.

MADISON DESIRES CONVENTION.

"Madison is gaining a reputation as a convention city," the Madison Herald comments, after printing the article which appeared in a recent issue of the Woman Voter about the three cities asking for the next convention of the League of Women Voters. "With all the beautiful natural scenery surrounding Madison there is no reason why delegates to the convention should not enjoy their visit here and with proper effort it could be secured."

Madison women are interested in securing the next convention, according to Mrs. John Sample, president of the Madison League. If that is not possible Mrs. Sample hopes to be able to bring the board of directors to Madison for a meeting.

WOMEN VICE CHAIRMEN.

Miss Etelka Rockenbach, of New Albany, and Mrs. Daisy Douglas Barr, of Newcastle, are two of the three vice-chairmen named June 23 by the Republican State Central Committee.

Miss Rockenbach is active in the League of Women Voters and has been for more than a year Executive Secretary to Mrs. Richard Edwards of Peru, who has charge of the organization work of the National League of Women Voters.

Mrs. Barr is the state president of the American War Mothers.

MRS. HOOPER FOR SENATE.

Mrs. Ben C. Hooper, of Oshkosh, is the first woman in Wisconsin to receive indorsement of a political party for nominee as United States senator. At the recent state Democratic conference she was unanimously chosen to represent the party at the September primaries. This means that she will oppose either United States Senator Robert M. LaFollette or Dr. W. A. Canfield, nominees of two different factions of the Republican party.

For fifteen years Mrs. Hooper has been an ardent worker for woman suffrage. When women were given the right to vote, she was instrumental in organizing the Wisconsin League of Women Voters of which she has been president since its organization in 1919. She was a member of the National committee on armament reduction of the Wisconsin League.

PERU WOMAN ON SCHOOL BOARD.

Mrs. R. E. Hinman of Peru was elected on the fifth ballot at the June meeting of the Peru City Council as a member of the Peru school board.

The board of directors of the Peru League of Women Voters decided last January to work for the appointment of a woman on the school board when Mrs. Richard E. Edwards' term expired. Mrs. Edwards would not consent to serve again. It was decided to create sentiment in Peru for such an appointment during the months preceding the appointment.

The holdover members of the school board were both Democrats, and consequently the new member was required by law to be a Republican. The board of directors, at the May meeting, not wishing to be dictatorial, recommended three Republican women for the place. The League waged a vigorous campaign in Peru for two weeks, creating a public demand for a woman on the school board and bringing all influence possible to bear on the councilmen. Mrs. Hinman was one of the three women endorsed by the League.—By Mrs. D. M. Coppock.

IN DAVIES COUNTY.

The Davies County Republican Committee has appointed three women to important positions. Mrs. Hugh Lett has been selected as Chairman of the Republican Women's Organization, with Mrs. Nellie Blackwell as vice-chairman. Mrs. Rose Nugent was chosen as the Chairman of the Washington Township women.

THE WOMAN VOTER

News of the Leagues

The Terre Haute League of Women Voters late in June entertained out-of-town visitors attending the interstate educational convention at the Indiana State Normal School with a reception at the Elks Club House. In the receiving line with Mrs. Ballard were: Mrs. Albert J. Beveridge, Mrs. L. N. Hines, Mrs. Anna Sherwood, Miss Rebecca Turner and Mrs. Elizabeth Cooper Turner. Members of the league were hostesses-at-large.

The two senatorial candidates, ex-Governor Ralston and ex-Senator Beveridge, with President L. N. Hines, of the normal school, Phillip Woodworth and normal school faculty members were guests during the afternoon. Other out-of-town guests were Mrs. Beverly of West Virginia, Mrs. Ben Wilhite of Crawfordsville and Mrs. G. G. Derbyshire of Southport.

The Kiwanis orchestra and Leonard Callahan, tenor, gave a musical program.

The last meeting of the season of the Valparaiso League of Women Voters was held June 20 at the home of Mrs. J. M. Oldham. A luncheon was served on the lawn. Mrs. Meyers gave a comprehensive report of the Pan-American conference and the national convention held at Baltimore. The league has planned to have a current-event program at each meeting for the coming year and to take up the study of the legislative program adopted by the state convention.

The following officers were elected for the coming year: Mrs. G. R. Douglas, president; Mrs. Ross Winship, first vice-president; Mrs. C. W. Boucher, second vice-president and chairman of the finance committee; Mrs. E. M. Parker, secretary; Mrs. Ira Tilton, treasurer; Mrs. Sherburne, publicity chairman; Mrs. W. H. Lloyd, chairman first ward; Mrs. L. H. Trott, chairman second ward; Mrs. J. W. Larue, chairman third ward; Mrs. O. N. Owen, chairman fourth ward.

The Columbus League held its last meeting of the year Friday, June 9, at the Chamber of Commerce. A questionnaire, "Know Your Own Community," was conducted by Mrs. Ed. Romine and Mrs. Alice Wells, the special subject for the day being "Tasks of City Government."

The Howe League met Wednesday, June 14, at the Methodist Church. The principal speaker, Miss Mildred Kingley, who recently returned from China where she attended the World's Student Conference, spoke on "Women of the Orient." Mrs. Reo Hershberger spoke of "Women as Bankers."

The Frankfort League of Women Voters met Tuesday evening, June 20, at the Chamber of Commerce, for their last meeting of the season.

Election of officers resulted in the re-election of Mrs. Paul Meifeld, president; Mrs. Helen B. Dugan, first vice-president, and chairman of the program committee; Mrs. H. C. Sheridan, second vice-president and chairman of local affairs; Mrs. W. J. Dawson, third vice-president and chairman of finance; Mrs. W. A. Doty, fourth vice-president and chairman of memberships; Mrs. W. P. Phillips, secretary; and Mrs. Clifford Scripture, treasurer. The appointment of Miss Katherine Maish as county chairman was ratified.

The league plans an early campaign for new members, and an interesting program for the year's work will be ready for the members at the October meeting.

The Elkhart League held an important meeting June 16th at the home of Mrs. Wilbur Templin, the president. Mrs. A. H. Beardsley presented the League's program for the year, and this was endorsed by all of the members.

The League expects to have its own home by fall—plans have been approved by the board, and are now ready to be put in operation.

The following five departments were decided on and the work will be carried out under the supervision of a vice-president acting as chairman for each department:

1. Visual Education, (to be in operation by fall.)
2. Civics and Politics, (including local affairs and forms of political work.)
3. Literature.
4. A "Little Theatre."
5. Child Welfare, (this department already has achieved splendid results.)

IN THE TENTH DISTRICT.

Mrs. A. H. Hopkins, Jasper County chairman of the Indiana League of Women Voters, has been appointed vice-chairman of the Republican 10th District Central Committee.

ALLEN COUNTY.

Mrs. Edith Longfield, upon the recommendation of the Allen County Republican Women's Club, has been named as Republican Woman Chairman of the county. She served in the same capacity last year during the local campaign.

TERRE HAUTE RECEPTION.

Miss Emma May, of Terre Haute, entertained with a reception at her home on June 17th in honor of Mrs. Adelbert Flynn, of Logansport, vice-chairman of the State Democratic Committee, and Miss Gertrude McHugh, of Indianapolis, secretary of the State Committee.

Among other state Democratic leaders present were: Mrs. James Riggs, Sullivan, national committeewoman; Mrs. Nellie Catlin, vice-chairman of the Fifth District; Mrs. Lillian Kenfers, New Albany; Mrs. Della Swineheart, Clinton; Mrs. Laura Diswander, Danville; Miss Lucy Heinger and Mrs. John Rawley, Brazil; and Mrs. J. S. McFaddin and Mrs. Fred Leatherman, Rockville.

Money Talks

Everyone in the Indiana League of Women Voters helps. The interest of every woman is invaluable. But money talks, too. From time to time the Woman Voter plans to publish news about contributions made and league dues paid.

Bloomington First.

The Bloomington League was the first league in the state to pay a substantial part of its state pledge. A week after the state convention at Lafayette the Bloomington League gave \$100 to the state treasurer.

Mrs. Cox Pays.

There are many suffragists in the state who remember Mrs. L. J. Cox, formerly of Terre Haute, now of New York City. Mrs. Cox recently paid one hundred dollars to the National League of Women Voters, and asked that this amount be credited to Indiana.

Personal Checks.

Personal contributions have come to the state office from Mrs. Lena Reinstainer, Miss Annie B. Ford, Mrs. Mabel Schloat and Miss Eldena and Miss Sara Lauter.

Regional Director Pays.

Mrs. Wm. J. Hibbard, of Winnetka, Ill., sent \$25.00 to the Indiana League. Mrs. Hibbard recently was elected Regional Director of the Fourth Region of the National League, which includes Indiana. Many of the delegates to the Lafayette convention had the pleasure of meeting Mrs. Hibbard.

Gaston and Milton.

The Gaston League has sent in dues for twelve new members and the Milton League has paid for eleven new members.

"Now!"

Helen C. Benbridge, of Terre Haute, sent in a substantial payment on her pledge given at the Lafayette Convention, "because," she wrote, "I know you need the money now!"

Converted Early.

David N. Foster, of Fort Wayne, in replying to a letter from Miss Adah Bush asking for contributions, writes: "You want my help to the extent of at least one dollar. I'll go you five dollars. I have been a Woman Suffragist for sixty-five years. That was very long before you had an opportunity to get into the work. Henry Ward Beecher converted me to the cause about 1857, when I used to go over from New York to Brooklyn on Sunday evenings to hear him preach. With the enthusiasm of youth I thought the reform would come before I reached an age that would permit me to vote. Reforms do not travel in seven-league boots.

ON FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Mrs. William L. Elder has been chosen by Democratic National Committeeman Charles A. Greathouse, to serve for Indiana with J. E. Frederick of Kokomo, on the finance committee of the Democratic National Committee.

MONROE COUNTY.

Mrs. William Tucker, wife of Professor Tucker of Indiana University, has been appointed Republican Woman Chairman of Monroe County and Mrs. Otto Rogers, vice-chairman.

IN RIPLEY COUNTY.

Mrs. Edna Gordon of Versailles, Ripley county, widow of the former County Assessor, has been placed on the Republican ticket as a candidate for County Assessor. Mr. Gordon was a candidate for re-election at the time of his death a few weeks ago.

Mrs. Bertha Machlan, one of the pioneer party workers among Democratic women, has been elected president of the newly organized Democratic Women's Club of Ft. Wayne.

On Wednesday, July 12, Mrs. B. B. White of Terre Haute, entertained Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, Mrs. John Boss, Miss Helen Boss and Mrs. J. J. Littrell of Elkhart; Mrs. Homer McCray of Kendallville; and Mrs. Maude Murray of Helmer at her summer home at Rome City. One of the delightful features of the day was a trip around the lake and a stop at the home of Gene Stratton-Porter, "The Limberlost."

CONGRESSIONAL HEADQUARTERS

532 Seventeenth Street N. W.
Washington, D. C.
Telephone Main 6700
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321 Meyers Arcade, Minneapolis, Minn.

THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Vol. II

August 1, 1922, Indianapolis, Indiana

No. 12

Our National President

Mrs. Maud Wood Park, who heads the National League of Women Voters as its president, presents an interesting contrast in personality. Under the exterior of a New England gentlewoman of culture is masked a rapier-like mind. Men say of her that her mind works like a man's and women say of her that she has all the charm and dignity of the best of American womanhood.

A graduate of Radcliffe with highest honors in 1898, Mrs. Park became a lecturer. After the death of her husband, she spent two years in the Orient and there gathered material for a series of lectures on Women in the Far East. Always interested in the affairs of women, she obtained her practical knowledge of social and industrial conditions with a year's residence at the College Settlement House in Boston, followed by nine years in her own rooms in a tenement house, where she took active part in neighborhood work.

Inevitably she was drawn into the suffrage cause. Her general knowledge of the handicaps working women encountered and her wide acquaintance fitted her for her next line of work. She had been associated with suffrage interests in Boston as Executive Secretary of the Boston Equal Suffrage Association and as a member of the state board. Next as Vice President of a College Equal Suffrage League she organized college branches of suffrage supporters from coast to coast.

In January, 1917, she was made Congressional Chairman of the National Suffrage Association and directed the final years of the campaign for the passage of the suffrage amendment through congress. During these two years Mrs. Park set a new standard for lobbyists, educating and converting congressmen, rather than threatening or offering trades or deals, and she emerged from this struggle with the admiration and respect of the men of Congress, whether they were in sympathy with her or not.

As President of the National League of Women Voters, Mrs. Park gathers around her in her headquarters in Washington assistants from the various state leagues. She is chairman of the Women's Joint Congressional Committee, composed of representatives of the great national organizations co-operating for the support of federal legislation affecting the interests of good government. Mrs. Park led the delegations of women which appeared before the National Conventions of the Republican and Democratic parties in 1920, asking of their platform committees support of the League's citizenship and legislative projects. At the Agricultural Conference, Mrs. Park was one of the twenty-six women delegates appointed, and was the only woman member of the forestry Sub-Committee, of which Gifford Pinchot was chairman.

Treasurer's Report, June, 1922

Receipts—

Balance from Mrs. Homer McCray, former treasurer	\$ 24.97
Adah E. Bush, financial chairman	1,325.87
Contributions—	
Mrs. Lena Reinsteiner	1.00
Mrs. Mabel Schloat	1.00
Personal Pledges—	
Eldena Lauter	10.00
League Pledges—	
Bloomington	100.00
League Dues—	
Milton	2.75
Woman Voter	1.50

Total receipts

Balance from May

Total

Disbursements—

Moving Expense—

Roberta Stahr	\$ 2.65
Mrs. A. H. Beardsley	25.00
Central Transfer Storage Co.	5.15
Convention Expense—	
Sentinel Printing Co.	1.82
Central Press Clipping Bureau	1.50
Central Union Telephone Co.	8.65
Mrs. Pattie Ruffner Jacobs	68.50
Lafayette Telephone Co.	3.80
Indianapolis Engraving Co.	6.17
Mrs. R. E. Edwards	9.30
Hoosier Printery Co.	8.00
Truth Publishing Co.	36.25
Cash Fund—Office Expense	50.00
Office Rent	40.00
Salary—Miss Hand	71.60
Indiana Bell Telephone Co.	12.00
Postage	10.00
Moving and Uncovering	6.25

Total disbursements

Balance

Paid to National by Mrs. L. E. Cox,
credited to Indiana's quota

Note due July 12, at First National Bank,

Ekhart

THE WOMAN VOTER

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by the

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Indianapolis, Indiana.

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of March 3, 1879.

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The Two Cent Stamp

A member of the Board of Directors of the Indiana League of Women Voters, when asked for advice concerning the organization of the state headquarters, made this remark: "Don't forget that a two cent stamp today saves a long distance telephone call tomorrow." The wisdom of her remark has been amply demonstrated during the past two months, and no doubt during the past two years. But the writer has had only first hand knowledge of the state headquarters for two months. Of the three telephone calls and the two telegrams that have been sent, one telegram was in response to a telegraphed appeal from the National President and went to one of Indiana's Congressmen in Washington, and the other arranged a most important conference. If the function of the two cent stamp on a letter had not been delayed because the recipient of the letter was out of town and could not answer in time, only one telephone call would have been absolutely necessary.

The principle of the board member's remark goes deeper than merely applying to telephone calls, however. Whenever perfect teamwork makes possible a great deal of work accomplished with a small expenditure of time, energy and money, it is another case of the "two cent stamp today." The same member of the Board of Directors went on to say, "All Indiana is divided in my mind into those women who answer letters and those who do not answer letters." This is no doubt an unjust classification, because often a good executive is too busy to answer letters. Yet it is inevitable if the only contact between two people is through letters, to judge by this standard. It is natural that a telegram or a telephone call should seem much more urgent than a letter, but for the good of our finances, let us all get into the habit of using the two cent stamp on a letter today, rather than waiting until the telegram is necessary.

A bulletin from the National League Headquarters, says:

A plea of the opposition to the Sheppard-Towner act that care of mothers and babies is the business of individual states has no stronger supporter than Mrs. Minnie Fisher Cunningham, executive-secretary

of the National League of Women Voters. Mrs. Cunningham is quite unable to see how anybody could ever have supposed that it isn't. The state which accepts the government's offer of expert advice on the subject is merely accepting expert advice on the conduct of its own business—doing exactly what the farmer does when he writes to the Department of Agriculture for the latest pamphlet on soil or grains; what the housewife does when she gets federal printed aid in preserving vegetables. Mrs. Cunningham says:

"The Sheppard-Towner idea is that government experts should be called in by states in regard to care of mothers and babies just as they are called in when others matters are to the fore, and the use of the experts the government selects is a broadening of the work of education for which hospitals and physicians have so long been fighting. Pre-natal care has reduced the maternal death rate of one large Brooklyn hospital to one tenth the rate in general city practice. Women are taught there, first of all, the importance of consulting physicians early in pregnancy and of following their advice, which means frequent visits. Small-town and country practitioners know the tragedies which result from ignorance of this necessity. They are used to being sent for when it is too late; when complications early consultation could have avoided cost the life of mother and child. Every well-trained physician hails with heart-felt relief a plan which will lesson that appalling ignorance and bring to the country women some of the help the clinic-visiting city woman enjoys. The discussion of the Sheppard-Towner Act provisions has brought to her physician many a woman who five years ago would have been sacrificed to ignorance and to old-wives' advice.

"No one supposes that the new plan is to take over the work of either the physician or the county nurse. The very small sum set aside for each state means that education in the real need for pre-natal care will begin to be nation-wide, not confined to cities; that the state boards of health will give the benefit of expert advice in ways and means of lessening unnecessary agony and preventable death.

"It is the province of the federal government to stimulate state health work and to co-operate with official state organizations. The conquering of yellow fever and bubonic plague prove what that co-operation means. The Sheppard-Towner Act means just such stimulation and co-operation for women and children, and the state which does not accept its provisions will have difficulty in explaining on what grounds its refusal is based. There is no cry that the Department of Agriculture dictates to any farmer how he shall farm his land. It merely puts trained men and minds at his disposal. The Sheppard-Towner plan does precisely the same thing for the health departments which are everywhere waking to the need of such help."

Board Letter

The July state board meeting of the League of Women Voters was held at the Claypool Hotel, Thursday, July 20th.

FINANCES. The treasurer's report was read by Mrs. Chester Evans, Bloomington.

PUBLICITY. The publicity possibilities in the state were discussed. Mrs. Raymond Stone, an experienced newspaper woman, was unanimously appointed publicity director and editor of the Woman Voter. Mrs. Stone will take charge of the work August 15th.

APPOINTMENTS COMMITTEE. The report of the appointments committee was as follows:

Standing Committee Chairmen:

Committee on Living Costs—Mrs. Frederick Lauenstein, Evansville.

Advisory Committee—Miss Mary Matthews, director of Home Economics, Purdue University; Miss Elizabeth Cowan, director of the Home Economics Bureau of the Fletcher Savings and Trust Company, and Mrs. Albion Fellows Bacon of Evansville.

Committee on Child Welfare—Mrs. Wilbur Templin, Elkhart.

Advisory Committee—Miss Blanche Merry, state school attendance officer of Indianapolis; Dr. Ada Schweitzer, chairman of the Child Welfare Division of the State Board of Health; Dr. Edna Hatfield Edmonson of Bloomington, president of the State Parent-Teachers Association and Miss June Gray, president of the State Nurse's Association of Indiana.

Committee on International Cooperation to Prevent War—Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl, Chairman.

DISTRICT CHAIRMAN. Mrs. Maude Murray of Helmer, nominated by the county chairman of the Twelfth District, was elected Twelfth District Chairman by unanimous vote.

EXTENSION DIVISION. Mrs. Charles Arthur Carlisle, South Bend has been made the chairman of the Extension Division of the League. This division is to be organized for the purpose of developing interest in and understanding of the League among other organizations.

RESOLUTION TO THE GOVERNOR. A resolution, calling to the attention of the Governor a request made by the League, which asked that a woman be placed on the Industrial Board of the State and that the Women's and Children's Bureau of the Industrial Board be made one of the main divisions of the board, was presented to the board and adopted.

THE WOMAN VOTER. After a discussion of the problems of the Woman Voter, the president was empowered to appoint a Woman Voter Advisory Committee.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE. The report of the finance committee, Miss Adah Bush, Chairman; Mrs. E. A. Gould and Miss Sara Lauter, gave the development of a plan for a Directory of Indiana Women. The project was referred back to the Finance Com-

mittee for investigation and final report at the next board meeting.

ORGANIZATION. With the approval of the District Chairmen present, it was decided to hold a district conference for the purpose of discussing organization plans and problems. The chair asked for the names of women in unorganized communities to whom literature might be sent, as a preparation for organization later on. Mrs. Richard Edwards and Mrs. E. A. Gould, organization chairman, announced a class for organizers to be held in Peru in the near future.

LEGISLATIVE. The legislative program was discussed thoroughly. In accordance with a request from the national League, it was decided to send a questionnaire to the congressmen from Indiana asking their position on the following questions: 1. Should the United States take the initiative in international cooperation to prevent war? 2. Should adequate financial support be given "The Children's Bureau," "The Women's Bureau in the Department of Labor" and the "Home Demonstration Work in the Department of Agriculture?" 3. Should federal provision be made for the removal of illiteracy?

It was also decided to send a questionnaire to the candidates for the Indiana state legislature, asking their positions on the legislative program adopted at the state convention.

It was decided to request the Manufacturers Association to make an investigation of working conditions of women and report the results of their investigation to the League.

NEXT BOARD MEETING. The state board decided to dispense with the August board meeting, and to hold the September board meeting in Indianapolis. The meeting will be, therefore, the third Thursday in September.

ANNA HOWARD SHAW MEMORIAL. Mrs. Grace Julian Clark, State chairman of the Anna Howard Memorial, reported \$35.00 of Indiana's quota raised since the state convention. She also requested that chairmen be appointed for the districts not yet represented.

Members of the State Board present were: Mrs. T. A. Stuart, Lafayette; Mrs. C. A. Evans, Bloomington; Mrs. Guy Osbon, Jasonville; Mrs. M. L. Sterrett, Rennselaer; Mrs. C. C. Warrington, Ft. Wayne; Mrs. Ella B. Kehrer, Anderson; Miss Helen C. Benbridge, Terre Haute; Mrs. R. E. Edwards, Peru; Mrs. I. E. May, Anderson; Mrs. A. S. Brown, Clay City; Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl, Muncie; Mrs. Homer McCray, Kendallville; Mrs. Isaac Brn, Indianapolis; Mrs. Olive Belden Lewis, Indianapolis; Mrs. J. E. Henley, Bloomington; Mrs. E. A. Gould, Peru; Mrs. H. O. Long, North Vernon; Miss Adah E. Bush, Indianapolis; Mrs. Walter S. Greenough, Indianapolis. The guests present were: Miss Sara Lauter, Mrs. Allen Fleming, Mrs. A. T. Cox and Mrs. Grace Julian Clark, all of Indianapolis.

News of the Leagues

The Osgood League of Women Voters nominated women for the various offices at a meeting held July 7th at the home of Mrs. George Ashman, and elected the officers at the meeting held July 14th at the home of Mrs. P. A. Row.

Mrs. Hugh Beaver, assisted by her husband and sister, Mrs. Ora Stevens, entertained recently, at her home near Fairview, Indiana, the members of the Fairview township unit of the League of Women Voters. The program included the following talks: "Ten Reasons Why You Should Join the League," Mrs. Minnie Stevens; "Need of the League," Mrs. Dora Rees; "The Mysterious Voter," Mrs. James Rees; "The Educational Phase of This Line of Women's Work," Mrs. Charles Freeman. Miss Anna Vandeventer of the Indianapolis College of Music, accompanied by Mrs. Doris Scholl, gave the musical program. Mrs. W. S. Saxon, delegate to the state convention, gave a report of the achievements of the League and spoke of the evolution of women as public speakers. The home of Mrs. Beaver was attractively decorated.

The Fort Wayne League of Women Voters met Friday, July 12th, for a dinner session at the Chamber of Commerce. A large part of the program was devoted to a conference with the members of the committee from the civic and municipal bureau relating to the "Better Yards" campaign. This city-wide beautification plan will reach its climax with the selection of the finest gardens and the awarding of prizes in September. Chairman M. S. Mahurin heads the "Better Yards" committee, while Miss Flora Wilbur is the newly elected president of the league. The Fort Wayne League has taken over the field work in the "Better Yards" campaign as a civic duty and is co-operating with the chamber of Commerce in this service to the city.

NEW LEAGUE.

A league has been organized in Owensville by Mrs. Benson Woods, chairman of Gibson County, First District, and Miss Pearl Barker, Gibson County Secretary. Mrs. Mildred Emerson was elected president and Mrs. Hazel Manck, secretary. Mrs. Woods is planning to perfect other organizations during the summer.

The Indianapolis League held a community "hop" and card party at the Canoe Club, Tuesday, July 18th. The club was elaborately decorated with Japanese lanterns. Mrs. Alfred Lauer directed the sale of tickets for the district north of Fall Creek, Mrs. A. B. Graham, for the district south of Fall Creek and Mrs. Carrie Lombard for the south side.

The Washington Township League met at the county home of Mrs. Sam Milhollin, Wednesday, July 5th. The program consisted of readings by Mrs. Seth Boyle, Ralph Hall and G. C. Hinton.

Money Talks

Kokomo Pays.

The Kokomo League, through Mrs. Earl Walker, president, and Maude Rossetter, treasurer, has sent a check for twenty-five dollars to state headquarters as payment on its pledge.

Mrs. Warrington.

Mrs. Carina C. Warrington of Fort Wayne, state probation officer, and member of the board of directors of the League of Women Voters, sent \$25 to the treasurer, to "help tide over the slack time between now and fall."

Mrs. Cox Makes Payment.

Mrs. A. T. Cox, head of the Department of Women and Children of the State Industrial Board, after hearing the financial report given at the July board meeting, handed over ten dollars as a partial payment on her pledge.

National Pledge.

A substantial payment on the national pledge has been made by Mrs. Homer McCray, Kendallville, Ind.

One Hundred Dollars.

Jasper County, Tenth District, has sent \$100 to state headquarters as the result of the report of the July state board meeting brought back by Mrs. M. L. Sterrett, who represented Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross, Tenth District chairman at the meeting. Mrs. C. A. Ross, finance chairman, said in her letter, "Enclosed please find draft for \$100. We are not as rich as this sounds, but at our last county meeting five township units pledged ten dollars each and Marion township (Rensselaer) fifty dollars, so the board felt justified in borrowing the hundred for we are deeply interested in the welfare of the state organization." Dr. Rose M. Remmek, first vice president of the Rensselaer League, has written to state headquarters concerning the interesting plans for Woman's Day at the annual Chautauqua to be held at Fountain Park. Mrs. A. T. Cox will speak for the Tenth District Federated Clubs and Miss Etelka Rockenbach will speak for the Tenth District League of Women Voters.

VACATION NOTES.

Mrs. W. W. Black, president of the Bloomington League, is spending the summer at Indian River, Michigan.

Mrs. Harry McMullen of Aurora, third vice president of the state League, spent the month of July at Diamond Lake, Cassopolis, Michigan.

Mrs. J. J. Littrell, of Elkhart, thirteenth district chairman, has motored through Wisconsin during the summer.

Mrs. B. B. White of Terre Haute, a member of the board of directors of the state League, spent the month of July at Rome City, Indiana.

Mrs. Charles Arthur Carlisle of South Bend, vice president of the state league, is spending the summer at Les Cheneaux Club, Mackinac Island, Michigan.

THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

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Politics Sizzle as Vacation Time Ends

Indiana women are facing this fall one of the heaviest responsibilities which has been placed upon them since they were granted the ballot. They must help choose the men and women who are to represent them in national and state legislative bodies and the men who are to be in high state offices. In their own counties they are to have a voice in deciding the personnel of the officials who will uphold the law and maintain order at their own doorsteps during the next few years.

The work of the Indiana League of Women Voters, therefore, is cut out for it for the next two months. Not to take up the cause of any candidate or group of candidates, but to do three definite things which are in line with league policy. In the first place, the league will make a vigorous effort to get the women, and the men too, out on registration days. Secondly, it will do all in its power to encourage intelligent study of the candidates and their records and will ascertain the stand of the various candidates on questions which concern the welfare of women and children. When election day draws near it will assist in getting out the vote. The first two steps in the program are well under way.

Registration dodgers have been circulated, informing all voters, men and women, that they must register not later than October 9, if they wish to vote on November 7. In many counties September 9 also, is a registration day.

Among the approximately 500 candidates for national, state, and county offices, the league has circulated questionnaires asking for definite pro or con statements on proposed legislation which forms a part of the league program. Answers to the questionnaires are being published in the Woman Voter as they come in, and every woman who expects to vote is urged to give careful attention to the replies from the men whose names will appear on the ticket which will be handed to her on November 7. The statements of the men are being published without comment.

First News from the Candidates

Within a week after the sending out of questionnaires to the approximately 500 candidates for state and national offices, twenty-four replies are filed away at league headquarters. Each mail is bringing more answers. Of the seven national candidates who have been heard from, four have replied affirmatively to the four questions asked by the league. Samuel M. Ralston, Democratic nominee for senator, replied "Emphatically Yes" to each question. Others who are favorable to the entire program of the national

league are as follows: Oscar E. Bland, Republican, present Congressman from the Second district; Samuel A. Lambdin, Republican candidate for Congress from the Third district; and Arthur H. Greenwood, Democratic candidate for Congress from the Second district.

A. H. Vestal, Republican, present Congressman from the Eighth district, is opposed to the United States entering into any foreign entanglements, he writes in reply to the question, "Are you in favor of having the United States take the initiative in international co-operation to prevent war?" He is favorable to adequate financial support for the Children's Bureau, for the Women's Bureau in the Department of Labor, and for the home demonstration work in the Department of Agriculture. As to federal provision for the removal of illiteracy throughout the United States, Mr. Vestal replies that he is in favor of federal aid to assist the states in the removal of illiteracy.

Harry C. Canfield, Democratic candidate for Congress from the Fourth district, makes no promises, he says, but writes that he is in favor of the League of Nations, and that the home demonstration work in the Department of Agriculture is something that everyone should help in every way possible. He favors laws for removal of illiteracy, and is kindly disposed toward the Children's Bureau and the Women's Bureau in the Department of Labor.

R. N. Elliot, Congressman from the Sixth district, replies that he is in favor of the United States keeping out of all foreign squabbles. As to the appropriations, he says that he favors them, insofar as the evidence shows such departments to be of value to the people.

Of the candidates for the state legislature the league asks for an attitude on five proposed legislative measures indorsed at the last annual convention of the organization. They are as follows: A mandatory law requiring county commissioners to furnish suitable detention homes for juvenile delinquents whenever the occasion demands, to prevent their being placed in jails or police stations; establishment of citizenship classes in public schools and providing means of financing same through state legislation; an appropriation by Indiana to match federal aid on the Sheppard-Towner act; an amendment to the provision for Mothers Aid, making it mandatory upon the counties to provide the machinery for carrying out the provisions of said Act, and further in case no special fund is provided and allowed by the county council for payment for said Mothers Aid, the same may be taken from any fund already existing in said county for the care of orphans; the eight hour day for women in industry.

The following men have replied "Yes" to the five
(Continued on Page 8)

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Clip This and Ponder It

Much red fire, floods of pamphlets and cards, handshakes running into the millions, oratorical eruptions of varying degrees of intensity are being and will be turned loose in ninety-three Indiana counties during the brief two months which precede the election. Much has been done to perfect party organizations for the campaign, and everywhere candidates are getting busy.

No more important duty rests on every member of the League of Women Voters than an intelligent study of the candidates for office. Scrutinize each candidate even as though he were an aspirant for your hand or the hand of your daughter. His character, his record, but most important of all, the platform on which he stands, should come in for your careful consideration before you decide definitely whom you will support. The league proposes to help you to the limit of its ability.

Every man and woman voter in the state is expected to vote for the list of officials printed below. Keep this list, and mentally fill in the names as you study the candidates:

National Ticket:

U. S. Senator.
Congressman for the Congressional District in which you reside.

State Ticket:

Secretary of State.
Auditor.
Treasurer.
Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Clerk Supreme and Appellate Courts.
Judge Supreme Court—2nd District.
Judge Appellate Court—1st and 2nd Districts.
Senator or Joint senator of the senatorial district in which you reside.

County Ticket:

Prosecuting Attorney.
Judge Circuit Court.
Representatives.
Clerk Circuit Court.
Auditor.
Recorder.
Treasurer.
Sheriff.

Coroner.
Surveyor.
Assessor.
Commissioner for district in which you reside.
Councilman at large and councilman.
Trustee for township in which you reside.
Advisory Board in township in which you reside.
Justice of the Peace in township in which you reside.
Assessor in township in which you reside.
Constable in township in which you reside.
Do not fail to register on September 9 or October 9, so that you can vote on November 7.

MONEY TALKS.

Governor Warren T. McCray has re-affirmed his interest in the Indiana League of Women Voters by a gift of \$100.

Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl of Muncie has sent to state headquarters a \$25 contribution, and also a payment of \$50 on her national pledge.

The headquarters has received the following contributions: \$50 from Miss Adah Bush, Indianapolis; \$15 from Miss Mary Gallahan, Peru; \$25 from Mrs. Harry McMullen, Aurora; \$5 from Mrs. James Woodburn, Bloomington; \$10 from Mrs. Victor Despard, Valparaiso; \$5 from the Jasper League, sent by Mrs. Emma Wilson; \$25 from Mrs. Homer McCray, Kendallville; \$10 from Miss Blanche Merry, Indianapolis; \$5 from Miss Eldena Lauter, Indianapolis; and \$5 from Miss Sara Lauter, Indianapolis.

Subscriptions to the Woman Voter have been received from Mrs. Cora Douglas of Hammond; Miss Julia Landers, Indianapolis; Mrs. M. L. Sterrett, Rensselaer.

WOMAN'S FOUNDATION FOR HEALTH, INC.

The National League of Women Voters is one of fifteen organizations of women co-operating in the formation of the Women's Foundation for Health, inc., which opened headquarters July 5 at 43 East Twenty-Second Street, New York City. The Foundation has issued a set of six pamphlets entitled the Positive Health Series, also a set of six posters illustrative of the series. Mrs. James S. Cushman is president of the Foundation, Mrs. Philip North Moore is vice-president, and Mrs. Gertrude S. Martin is secretary.

VACATION NOTES.

Mrs. G. R. Douglas, chairman of the Valparaiso League, spent July and August at the Chautauqua Assembly, Chautauqua, N. Y.

Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross of Rensselaer, is in Minneapolis, Minnesota, for several weeks.

Mrs. Cora I. Douglas of Hammond spent the summer in Osborn, Ohio.

For the first time in the history of Vincennes, a woman has been elected as president of the school board. Mrs. Dora Prather was chosen at a meeting on August 13.



MRS. FREDERICK W. LAUENSTEIN.

In every home is a woman who is struggling to provide properly for her family and at the same time to keep the cost down to a minimum. Recognizing this to be a subject of universal interest to women, the National League of Women Voters established recently a standing committee on living costs, with Mrs. Edward P. Costigan as chairman. Mrs. Frederick W. Lauenstein of Evansville is newly appointed state chairman of the committee. Her characteristic energy, well known to the women of Indiana, will be turned to household budgeting, systematic buying, and suggestions for better methods of food distribution. Much interest is attached to Mrs. Lauenstein's first report to the state league. Members of her advisory committee are Mrs. Albion Fellows Bacon, Evansville; Miss Elizabeth Cowan, Indianapolis; and Miss Mary Matthews, Lafayette.

WHAT OTHER WOMEN ARE DOING.

Nurses from all parts of the state will be in Indianapolis, October 2 to 4, when the annual conventions of the Indiana State Nurses' Association and the Indiana League of Nursing Education will be held. Problems of Nursing Education, Private Duty Nursing, and various phases of Public Health and Red Cross Nursing will be discussed and speakers of prominence in both the nursing and medical professions will be on the program. The speakers will include Miss Carolyn Gray, Western Reserve University, Cleveland, O.; Miss I. Malinde Havey, American Red Cross, Washington, D. C.; Miss Josephine Mulville, Indianapolis City Hospital; Miss Mary E. Gladwin, Educational Director, State Board of Examination and Registration of Nurses; Dr. J. N. Hurty, former secretary of the State Board of Health, and Miss Edna Foley, Director of the Visiting Nurse Association of Chicago.

Features of entertainment will include a banquet, Tuesday evening, October 3, at which Mrs. Demarchus Brown of Indianapolis will be the principal

speaker and an outing at Fort Harrison, Wednesday, October 4, for ex-service nurses attending the convention.

Following the State Nurses Convention an informal conference of Public Health Nurses of the state will be held under the direction of Miss Ina Gaskill, Director of Public Health Nursing of the State Board of Health. Attention will be given to Maternity and Infant Welfare, School Nursing, Tuberculosis Nursing and Social Hygiene. Speakers will include Dr. Rachelle Yarros of the U. S. Public Health Service; Mrs. C. C. Warrington, State Probation Officer; Dr. Ada E. Schweitzer, Director Infant and Child Hygiene Division, State Board of Health; Miss E. Culbertson of the U. S. Veteran's Bureau; and Public Health Nurses from elsewhere over Indiana.

Miss Gaskill was on the program of the biennial convention of the National Nursing Association which was held in Seattle in July. Miss Mary A. Meyers of Indianapolis presided over the section on tuberculosis nursing. Approximately 3,000 nurses attended the convention. Sectional meetings were held on child welfare, tuberculosis nursing, school nursing and industrial nursing.

The Sheppard-Towner act came in for a large share of discussion and the general opinion among the nurses was that enforcement of the law will lend considerable stimulus to maternity and infant welfare work throughout the country. The National League of Women Voters was actively interested in the passage of this law by the last Congress.

Mrs. William Love is newly elected president of the Hammond League, and other officers are as follows: Mrs. Cora Douglas, vice president; Mrs. F. M. Furner, secretary; Mrs. W. F. Bielfeldt, assistant secretary; and Mrs. Grace Convoy, treasurer. Directors were elected as follows: Mrs. Aubray, first ward; Mrs. LaGrande T. Meyer, second ward; Mrs. J. R. Graves, third ward; Mrs. J. M. Leonard, fifth ward; Mrs. Speelman, sixth ward; Mrs. Dickey, seventh ward; Mrs. W. H. Meyers, eighth ward; Mrs. Pearl Whinery, ninth ward; Mrs. Parker, eleventh ward. Mrs. Maurine Steffey was chosen delegate to the county meeting, and Mrs. A. A. Young an alternate.

Officers of the Delphi League were elected at a recent meeting as follows: Mrs. A. G. Clauser, president; Mrs. James P. Wason, first vice president; Mrs. Claude Wall, second vice president; Mrs. Bess Wilson, secretary; Miss Faye Snyder, treasurer.

The Peru League of Women Voters and the Peru Chapter of Tri Kappa gave a Japanese carnival and frolic on the evening of July 27, for the benefit of the community service. The affair was attended by parties coming from Kokomo, Rochester, Logansport, Wabash and other cities. East sixth street, where the dancing took place, was transformed into a Japanese garden of cherry blossoms and wisteria, lit by Japanese lanterns. Refreshments were served from attractive booths in this garden by Japanese maidens.

Look Them Over

Worthy of the attention of every voter are the two statements of policies adopted by the major political parties in Indiana for 1922. A perusal of the two platforms brings out several outstanding facts. Both the Republican and Democratic parties in Indiana declare for protection of women workers in industrial occupations, and maintain that wages should be based on occupation, not sex. Both recognize women on an equal basis with men in the party organization. It is of interest that both parties favor federal adjusted compensation for World War veterans. The two platforms in their most important details, are printed below.

Indiana Republican State Platform

We congratulate President Harding upon the accomplishments of the first year of his administration, which have left his fellow countrymen and the world his debtors. Under his leadership there was initiated and carried to a successful conclusion the greatest single move ever made toward the end of all war—the Conference for the Limitation of Armaments, conceived and called by President Harding, its product being promptly ratified by a Republican Senate.

We hail the treaties agreed upon in that Conference as great forward steps in the interest of the world and humanity.

We commend the business administration of President Harding. The increase in value of government securities and the abolition of the nuisance taxes, as well as the improvement in general business, are due to the cumulative effect of the policies of the Republican administration.

The enactment of the splendid budget law by a Republican Congress, in response to a request of a Republican President, is but typical of the hearty co-operation and harmony which exists between the legislative and executive branches of the government under its administration by the Republican party.

We commend our Republican Congress for its splendid record; for the several acts which extend legitimate aid to the basic industry of agriculture; for the laws for the revision and reduction of taxes.

We commend Congress for handling the industrial situation as a problem in which all Americans are vitally concerned and for its avoidance of all efforts to cure industrial depression with radical and socialistic remedies which would only work greater injury to the wage earners. By lifting the burden of taxation, Congress benefited the working men particularly, because they are the ultimate consumers who bear the brunt of the heavy taxes. As a result, business is experiencing a revival. The number of unemployed is less than half of that a year ago, industry is on the upgrade, payrolls are being increased and the wage earner is assured that relief is at hand from the in-

dustrial depression in which the Democratic administration left them.

We favor the earliest possible repeal of the present Democratic tariff law, under which there has been wide-spread depression and unemployment before and since the World War, and the enactment of a protective measure extending to American labor and enterprise tariff rates fully equalizing the cost of production at home and abroad. We predict that the enactment of a tariff law adequately protective of American labor, in conjunction with the other constructive measures of the Harding administration, will be followed by a complete resumption of industry and an era of prosperity without parallel in our national history.

We unqualifiedly indorse the records of Senators Harry S. New and James E. Watson and the Republican members of the lower House of Congress. They have played a leading part in the constructive legislative program of Congress and have given the fullest and most sympathetic co-operation to the executive branch of the government.

We would emphasize the fact that to complete the program which the Republican party has initiated, it is necessary to continue the heartiest co-operation which now exists between the Congress and the President, and to this end we pledge our efforts to the election of that statesman and scholar, former Senator Albert J. Beveridge, and a solid Republican delegation in the lower House of Congress.

We endorse the administration of Governor Warren T. McCray. It stands out as an efficient, business-like administration. His honest, frank manner and his sound business judgment are an asset to the State in his position.

The last General Assembly took a long step in the direction of providing adequate and equal opportunities for the education of all the children of the State, rich and poor alike, by removing unequal advantages and by providing for a scientific survey of the school system so that it may be placed upon a sound, economic and efficient basis, and the welfare of the faith-

(Continued on Page 7)

Indiana Democratic State Platform

We indorse the administration of Woodrow Wilson. We reaffirm our stand upon the League of Nations and Versailles Treaty.

We condemn the bill now in Congress, providing for higher tariffs and the bill providing for taxes on retail sales in place of excess profits income tax.

We pledge our party by constructive legislation and reduced taxation to give opportunity to capital and labor, and by remedial legislation change the many laws under which unnecessary officers are employed.

We declare for the immediate creation by the national government of hospital facilities for the adequate care of our disabled veterans. We favor the immediate enactment by the federal government of legislation providing adjusted compensation for all veterans of the World War with provision made for cash, paid up insurance, home or farm aid, and land settlement options.

We especially call the attention of the voters to the record made as Governor of Indiana and as Vice-President by Thomas R. Marshall; to the splendid administration of Samuel M. Ralston as Governor of Indiana, under whose four year term the state debt was fully paid and who on his retirement left an unexpended balance in the State Treasury of \$3,500,000. This balance is now gone and the state in debt about \$1,500,000, and increased debt and increased taxes assured the taxpayer under the present administration.

We favor the decentralization of autocratic power delegated to concentrated in, and exercised by commissions, which serve the appointive power and not the people. We declare the right of the citizenry of the civil units of the state, to determine their domestic civic duties and responsibilities, without dictation or domination of arrogant and extravagant appointed apostles of governmental power.

We declare the question of Taxation and the restoration of home rule to the people to be the paramount issue in this campaign.

We favor the enactment of a law that will make it necessary to submit all bond issues over a certain limited amount to the vote of the people. And we further favor the enactment of a law that will place a limit on tax levies that can not be exceeded without a majority vote of the community affected. In this way, local self government, which was taken from the people by the Goodrich Tax Law and vested in the State Tax Board, can be restored.

We pledge the Democratic party to put the maintenance department of the State Highway Commission, by amendment of the law, on a stricter economical basis and in the hands of practical road men and road engineers so that the people shall have better roads at a saving of several million dollars. The State Highway Commission has sufficient funds for all proper purposes from its tax levy. The revenues now received by that Commission from inheritance taxes and from automobile license fees, should be turned back to the counties where they belong.

We favor such legislation as will limit the powers of the State Board of Health in its arbitrary condemnation of school houses and other public buildings.

We pledge to restore the public service commission to its original purposes and standing.

Any necessary public utility is entitled to fair returns on its bona fide investment, but should be compelled to furnish adequate service to the people in return.

We pledge our party to limit the powers of the State Board of Accounts to its statutory duties as defined by the Appellate Court, and to reduce its expenses of operation.

We favor the abolition of some of the obsolete boards and commissions of the state, the combination of others under fewer heads and the curtailment of the authority and spending power of many others.

We reaffirm the declaration of our 1920 State Platform "Useless Commissions must be abolished and no more such commissions created, and when commissions or boards are necessary and practical they must confine their activities to their statutory duties and powers. Indiana must not be regulated and governed by commissions acting under assumed powers not contemplated by the legislature which created them."

We pledge our party to return to the people the rights and privileges of local self-government, to which they are justly entitled.

We pledge the power of our party to the enactment of a federal law that will give to the farmer banking facilities that will adequately meet his needs; to the enactment of the "Truth-In-Fabric" bill, and we denounce Senator Watson as an enemy of the farmer because of his active opposition to this measure.

We favor the return of railroads to State control and such a reduction of freight rates that farmer's produce may move freely to all markets. We favor the enactment of such tariff legislation as will give to agricultural products easy access to the markets of the world. We point to the proposed tariff of \$25.00 per ton on agricultural potash and nitrate of soda, now a part of the Fordney Tariff Bill, and denounce it as a monstrous and indefensible tax on Indiana farmers.

We reaffirm the political philosophy of equal rights to all and special privileges to none. We pledge the Democratic nominees for representatives and senators to favor legislation which will give constitutional protection to the citizens of the state. We are committed to the principles of collective bargaining and recognize that labor, as well as capital, has the right to organize for the betterment of its working conditions. Labor as well as capital is entitled to adequate compensation. Each has the indefeasible right of organization, of collective bargaining through representatives of their own selection. We believe in a wage which will insure a high standard of living and sufficient to guarantee to the worker a comfortable home, moral and healthful surroundings, and one which will

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guarantee to the thrifty workman financial security in sickness and old age. In private industrial disputes, we are opposed to compulsory arbitration as a method, plausible in theory but a failure in fact.

We believe in protecting the women and children workers of the state in their hours of work and living conditions, and wages should be based on occupation and not sex, and adequate to guarantee moral and healthful surroundings and add to the safety and prosperity of our people.

The Democratic party gave to the people of Indiana a Workmen's Compensation Law, and we pledge ourselves to make such amendments as time and practical experience will justify and keep forever in mind the industrial needs of the worker.

We resent and oppose every effort to infringe upon the sacred constitutional privileges of the citizens of free and lawful assemblage, freedom of the press, freedom of speech and freedom of labor.

We believe in the education of our people and favor now, as always, such laws as will maintain our schools at a high standard of efficiency.

We condemn the Republican removal of the Reformatory from Jeffersonville at a cost in excess of \$5,000,000, to be paid by the taxpayers of the state at a time when the burden of taxation is almost unbearable.

We favor liberal appropriations for all our benevolent and charitable institutions consistent with economy and an enlightened conception of public duty.

The Democratic party has already given women full and equal opportunities and representation, placing them in all party affairs on the same footing as the men, eliminating all party distinction between the sexes. We appeal to their intelligence, to their sense of justice, to their sense of right, not as women, but as voters, in the great state of Indiana, and ask them to join with us in the support of this declaration of principles.

We denounce the Republican apportionment law of the last legislature, so drawn to make the General Assembly Republican even when the state gives a Democratic majority of over 50,000. We pledge our party to pass a fair apportionment law.

We pledge the limitation or abolishment of the Absent Voters' Law, which is so shamefully used and abused in primaries and elections that it is a disgrace and menace to the secret ballot.

We demand the salaries of all public officers be put on a pre-war basis.

News of the Leagues

Woman's day at the Fountain Park Assembly, near Remington, was celebrated Tuesday, August 22, in charge of the League of Women Voters and the Federation of Clubs, of the Tenth district. Reports were made at the morning session. In the afternoon Mrs. A. T. Cox, head of the department of women and children of the state industrial board, spoke for the clubs, and Miss Etelka Rockenback of the national organization department of the League of Women Voters,

spoke for the league. The Tenth district League women have taken action asking that Fountain Park be made a state reservation.

The Shelbyville League maintained a tent at the annual Chautauqua, open to all members of the organization and their friends. A hostess was in charge each hour.

The Terre Haute League has decided that getting women out to register will be its main activity from now until after October 9. The league has placed cards, lettered in yellow and blue, in all down town windows, carrying instructions as to dates and method of registering. Mrs. J. B. Smith and Mrs. Henry Wolff, members of the league, have been instructing foreign born women in voting.

The Anderson League placed a large placard bearing the slogan, "No More War," on the court house square as its part in the propaganda carried on by the national league for abolition of war. An open letter to the press on the subject of "No More War," written by Mrs. Carrie Sansberry, president of the league, has attracted much favorable comment.

New officers of the Aurora league are as follows: Mrs. Charles Olcott, president; Mrs. Thomas Carmichael, first vice president; Mrs. Thomas Ewing, second vice president; Mrs. May Whiting, secretary; and Mrs. Louis Kassebaum, treasurer. Directors are: Mrs. E. J. Libbert, Mrs. Henry Funke, Mrs. J. R. Houston, Mrs. George Stedman, Mrs. Thomas Cooper, Dr. Ella Holmes, Miss Abbie Holman, Mrs. Harry McMullen.

The Ft. Wayne League of Women Voters, of which Miss Flora Wilber is president, is carrying on a "Better Yards" contest, with the co-operation of the Chamber of Commerce and of Adolph Jaenicke, superintendent of parks and city forester. The city is divided into ten districts and fifty-one sub-divisions, with Miss Agatha Diek in general charge of the field work. Yards are to be judged on the basis of ten requirements, which are as follows: Yards with minimum weeds; lawns neatly cut, edged and trimmed; flowers and vegetables; shrubs; trees; hanging baskets, window boxes, trellises; general appearance of front yard including park strip; general appearance back yard, including alley; general appearance house, outbuildings, etc.; general conditions of fire hazard. The yards which are entered in the contest will be judged the first time on their appearance between August 15 and September 1, and again between September 1 and September 15. The campaign was opened with a dinner largely attended by league members. One of the meetings of the judges and interested persons was held at the home of Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch, which is surrounded by beautiful grounds laid out with shrubs, trees and flowers in great variety.

Members of the Indianapolis League of Women Voters are assisting at the filling stations of the Tiona Refining Company on the last Monday of each month, and are receiving the proceeds of the sales for the day. The first day's work netted the League \$50.

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INDIANA REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM (Continued from Page 4)

ful teachers, who in many places throughout the State were underpaid, was well provided for, to the end that they may receive reasonable compensation and continue in their good work and the School Attendance Law was added and is making education as nearly universal as possible.

The removal of the Reformatory from the extreme southern end of the State to a central location on better lands, and the preparation for the construction, without waste or extravagance, of a modern institution, has been a matter of considerable effort on the part of this administration, but the work has been well done and is of great value to the State.

During the administration of Governor McCray, the Budget Law was enacted and has been placed in operation, whereby the financial affairs of the State have been systematized and placed upon a business basis, the result of which will be a general saving to the taxpayers and better returns for the moneys expended.

Under the Republican administration, a system of State highways has been provided for, laid out, established, improved and maintained, to the general good of the public, and we pledge continuation of the same efficient management of this department, which has continuously reduced the cost of administration until it has reached the low mark of 2.87 per cent, leaving all other moneys to be expended directly on construction and maintenance of the highways of the State.

In addition to that, the laws governing the construction and maintenance of local roads were strengthened, including the patrol system, which has proven to be very practical, so that every little community in the State will soon be connected with the great State highway system by roads improved under the law providing for county and township highways.

Another one of the beneficial laws brought into existence and perfected under Republican administration, is what is known as the "Blue Sky Law," which is one of the best laws upon the subject in the United States and which has proven to be a great protection to the small savings of the general public against those who formerly preyed upon them.

Under the administration of Governor McCray, the various State departments have been working in perfect harmony and have been making every effort to bring about efficiency on the most economical basis, and the entire State government is, at this time, working so carefully and earnestly as to be a matter of pride to the party which is furnishing to the State this administration.

We are opposed to the creation of additional departments, boards or commissions, in connection with the administration of government, and declare for the abolition of all useless boards and commissions and the reduction of the expense of those maintained without impairing their efficiency. We favor the discharge of official duties by officers elected by the people.

We recommend that the next Legislature either abolish the Democratic Public Utilities Law, or so

amend it as to make it responsive to the people's welfare.

The Republican party has always stood for orderly government. We shall resist any effort to overthrow the fundamental principles of our government. We pledge ourselves to encourage a deeper devotion to our Federal and State Constitutions, our laws and our system of government, whose beneficent results have proved a blessing to the American people for more than a century and which shall continue to be the bulwark of our liberties, for lawful and orderly government resulting in the well being and happiness of our people. We reaffirm that every citizen is entitled to the protection of the law and that, reciprocally, every citizen is bound to protect and respect the law.

The aggressions of mob violence are a serious menace to the stability of our American institutions. The continued lynching and burning of men and women at the stake is a terrible blot upon American civilization. We urge and favor the immediate passage, by the United States Senate, of the Dyer Bill, already passed by the House of Representatives, making lynching and burning a Federal crime.

We favor absolute devotion to Americanism and all steps necessary thereto. The Republican party is proud of the fact that a Republican Legislature submitted to the people the constitutional amendment requiring full citizenship for suffrage, which is now a part of our State Constitution.

Recognizing that the voting strength of the Republican party is composed equally of men and women, we believe that women should have an equal representation and vote in all the legal organizations and committees of our party throughout the State, including the State, District and County Committees and the executive committees thereof.

We favor placing upon our State Executive Committee, with full voting power, two or more representative women, one of said women to be known as vice chairman and to be recognized as having the powers and duties in organization work equivalent to the State Chairman and entitled to preside over meetings of these committees in the absence of the Chairman.

We further pledge the Republican organization to give its strongest support and assistance to all women now candidates upon the Republican ticket.

We believe that money judiciously invested in education is well invested and will bring abundant returns, and we declare ourselves strongly in favor of such legislation and policies as will promote the education of our people.

We express our unqualified indorsement of the State's exertions in making a complete and exhaustive survey of the schools and their various interests, and we promise a most careful and sympathetic consideration of the report of the Indiana Educational Survey Committee, to the end that any school legislation that may be enacted will be thoroughly sound and in keeping with the best interests of the State.

Realizing that no child should be brought up in improper or immoral home conditions, we favor the enactment of such additional laws as will insure their proper home life at all times; and we also favor such

increased facilities for earlier recognition and improved training of mentally defective and delinquent children, so that our schools will not be retarded or impaired by those of low mentality or our courts clogged by cases of preventable juvenile delinquency.

We acknowledge our indebtedness and our gratitude to the veterans of all wars, many of whom have given to the nation their lives. In innumerable instances many others have sacrificed their health, and all have made heavy sacrifices. To those of our veterans who are in pain or in need and to their dependents, we give our sincere assurance that it will be our purpose, as it has been in the past, to aid and assist them. We publicly acknowledge this as the greatest obligation which rests upon our nation which must be met in the true spirit in which their sacrifices were made. We favor Federal adjusted compensation for World War veterans.

The Republican party was born out of the issue of free labor, and it is pledged to keep labor free by opposing all legislation curbing its lawful activities.

The Republican party is opposed to class government and believes in a government that is ever supreme and always dealing out exact social and industrial justice and equality to all elements of its people. Complete emancipation of unjust and unfair industrial conditions and the granting of a living wage, based on the American standard of living, is the surest preventative of industrial disorder and the most effective cure of radical and anarchistic tendencies.

We recognize the right of labor to organize for the betterment of its working condition and of both labor and capital to bargain collectively, having due regard for the public welfare, with a view of securing a wage commensurate to the high standard of living desired by the American people.

The prosperity of labor and capital will be best conserved by government not attempting to regulate their activities, and we are opposed to the principles of compulsory arbitration of industrial disputes, but we favor such impartial investigation on the part of the government as will enlist the influence of enlightened public opinion, believing that such a method is more effective in the settlement of industrial disputes than boards and commissions appointed with arbitrary powers.

We favor equal opportunity for women under such restriction as may be necessary to safeguard their health and to conserve and promote the public welfare, and we favor improving working conditions and believe that wages should be based on occupation and not sex and should be adequate to maintain the proper standard of living.

We believe in the principle of the Workmen's Compensation Law and pledge ourselves to make such amendments as practical experience may prove to be just and equitable to the employe, the employer and the public.

We reaffirm our faith in the great constitutional guaranty of free and lawful assemblage, freedom of the press, freedom of speech and freedom of labor.

We realize that the fullest development of our agricultural interests is indispensable to the well being

of our people in State and nation. We congratulate that great American President, Warren G. Harding, and a Republican Congress for having the wisdom to realize the necessity of returning prosperity, first, to that great producing majority, the American farmer, and we especially commend the last Republican Congress for having passed more righteous legislation in the interest of the farmer than has been passed by any half dozen preceding Congresses.

We commend our President and Congress for the passage of the Emergency Tariff act, which has been a life buoy to our farmers during the trying period of emancipation from Democratic mismanagement. We congratulate this Republican administration for amending the Sherman Anti-Trust Act, making possible the formation of co-operative marketing service for farm products, and we again commend them for the revival of the powers of the War Finance Board, making possible the extension of much needed credit to our farmers, and we have faith in future tariff legislation. We believe that the present Republican Congress will be guided by the fundamental principle of protection of our products from competition with those produced by the underpaid and poorly fed labor of other lands.

POLITICS SIZZLE AS VACATION TIME ENDS.

(Continued from page one)

questions: Norman B. Ficken, Republican candidate for senator from Dubois county; Ray W. Southworth, Republican candidate for Senator from Benton and Tippecanoe counties; Thomas B. Brown, Republican candidate for representative from Vanderburg, Posey and Warrick counties; John S. Alldredge, Republican candidate for Senator from Madison, Henry and Hancock counties; Stroude E. Wiseman, Republican candidate for representative from Crawford and Harrison counties; John G. Klein, Democratic candidate for representative from Decatur and Jennings counties; Mrs. Culla J. Vayhinger, Republican candidate for senator from Grant county; J. Russel Landreth, Democratic candidate for representative from Hendricks county.

Weldon Lambert, Republican candidate for senator from Union, Franklin, Decatur and Bartholomew counties, replies "Yes" to four questions and asks for a little more time to investigate the Shepard-Towner act. Others who reply favorably to a part of the program are as follows: Shirley Leveson, Democratic candidate for representative from Knox county; Leo Van Hess, Democratic candidate for representative from St. Joseph county; Charles S. Arford, Republican candidate for representative from DeKalb county; Walther Lieber, Republican candidate for representative from Marion county; John W. Kitch, Democratic candidate for representative from Marshall county; George L. Saunders, Democratic candidate for senator from Wells, Adams and Blackford counties; J. G. Schwing, Democratic candidate for representative from Decatur and Ohio counties; C. V. McCloskey, Democratic candidate for representative from Cass and Carroll counties.

The detailed reply of each candidate will be published in a later issue of the Woman Voter, showing which measures he favors and which he opposes.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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INFANT WELFARE WORK TO BE PUSHED DURING COMING YEAR.

Appointment of Mrs. Templin.

"The Indiana Better Baby leads them all," was the slogan for Better Babies Week at the Indiana State Fair, and the Indiana League of Women Voters proposes to back the slogan with a comprehensive child welfare program during the coming year. The appointment of Mrs. Wilbur Templin of Elkhart as chairman of the standing committee on child welfare has been announced by Mrs. Walter S. Greenough, state president. Mrs. Templin was president of the Elkhart league for three years. During that time she had charge of a number of child welfare clinics and was instrumental in raising several thousand dollars for the work. On her advisory committee are the following specialists: Dr. Ada E. Schweitzer, director of the division of infant and child hygiene of the State Board of Health; Dr. Edna



MRS. WILBUR TEMPLIN.

Hatfield Edmondson, president of the Indiana Parent Teacher association; Miss Blanche Merry, state school attendance officer; Miss June Gray, president of the Indiana State Nurses association.

Mrs. Templin's first working idea is that every league encourage mothers to see that their babies' births are registered.

"If they desire a birth certificate," she said, "it will be mailed from the State Board of Health. Then the child never will have any trouble about proving birth when passports are desired, and in connection with legacies and other legal matters."

"I like to quote Herbert Hoover's 'The attitude of a nation toward child welfare will soon become a test of its civilization!' And another of his sayings: 'If we could grapple with the whole child situation for one generation, our public health, our economic efficiency, the moral character, sanity and

stability of our people would advance three generations in one'."

The Better Babies exhibit at the State Fair was in charge of Dr. Schweitzer, and was one of the outstanding attractions during the week.

PROGRAM FOR SEPTEMBER MEETINGS

Mrs. W. W. Black, chairman of the program committee, and Mrs. Wilbur Templin, child welfare chairman, have collaborated in preparing the program for September meetings of the leagues. It is announced as follows:

1. Business.
2. Organize to secure registration of all women voters.
3. Discussion of the importance of an election; for example, the coming election. See list of offices to be voted for, in September 1 political issue of the Woman Voter. In this same issue are the party platforms.) By members of the league or outside speaker.

4. Legislative program for coming year.
 - a. A child welfare division—By Mrs. Templin. Appropriation by Indiana to match federal aid on the Sheppard-Towner Act.

1. The Sheppard-Towner maternity bill was passed by congress, November, 1921. (See the Woman Voter for December, 1921).

2. A brief summary of the bill is as follows:

- a. A federal board to pass on the plans submitted by the states. The administration of the act is given to the Children's Bureau.
- b. Ten thousand dollars is given each state, annually, gratis, for one year; \$5,000 annually, gratis, after the first year.
- c. A minimum of \$5,000 to be matched dollar for dollar is to be given to each state out of the million dollars before it is pro-rated according to population.
- d. A five-year limit has been placed on the operation of the law.

- b. References.
 - "Maternity Bill Explained"—Good Housekeeping, March, 1922, by Dr. Harvey Wiley.

- "Promotion of the Welfare and Hygiene of Maternity and Infancy," text of act of November 23, 1921 and maximum amounts available to the states—U. S. Department of Labor, Children's Bureau.

- "Minimum Standards for Child Welfare"—Adopted by the Washington and regional conferences on child welfare in 1919—U. S. Department of Labor.

- "News from the Child Welfare Field, Federal Aid for Child Welfare"—The American Child, May, 1922.

- "State Rights and Baby Welfare"—A report of the Children's Bureau, Washington, D. C.

- "Maternity Benefit Systems in Certain Foreign Countries," by Henry Harris, U. S. Department of Labor.

- "Illegitimacy As a Child Welfare Problem," Children's Bureau.

- "The Child Welfare Special, a Suggested Method of Reaching Rural Communities," Children's Bureau.

- Mother and Child Magazine, published by American Child Hygiene Association, Washington, D. C., July, 1922 articles—

- "Child Welfare in Our Half of the World," Dorothy Kirchway Brown;

- "Babies of 1921," Philip Van Ingen. Statistics given.

- "Why Do Our Mothers and Babies Die?" April Ladies Home Journal, April, 1922.

- Year 1921-22 in the state legislatures. Maternity and infancy bills. Bulletins of the Consumer's League of New York, Vol. 1, No. 4, April, 1922.

5. Plan a campaign for increasing the membership of local leagues.

6. Arrange for payment of dues and state pledge for the year.

MONEY TALKS.

The state office has received \$5 from State College, Pennsylvania, from Mrs. Ervin S. Ferry, a member of the Lafayette League. Other gifts received during the last two weeks are as follows: Mrs. Richard E. Edwards, Peru, \$25; Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross, Rensselaer, \$25; Mrs. G. R. Douglas, Valparaiso, \$10; South Bend League, \$8.75; Mrs. B. B. White, Terre Haute, \$5; Mrs. Burkhart, Jasonville, \$10; Mrs. I. E. May, Anderson, \$25; Mrs. Wilbur Templin, Elkhart, \$5; Mrs. Eva Marble Bondy, Valparaiso, \$10; Mrs. Esther Rosencrans, South Bend, \$1.

This is the Way They Stand

The state office now is ready to make its first detailed report of the answers of political candidates to questionnaires which were sent out to all nominees for state and national legislatures. Approximately seventy-five replies are on file at the headquarters and more coming in every day. Some candidates explained their answers in detail, while others answered the questions in categorical fashion. On account of the shortage of space the longer replies had to be summarized here but all the answers are on file at headquarters and the files are open to all league members.

The questionnaire sent to candidates for the national congress follows:

1. Are you in favor of having the United States take the initiative in international co-operation to prevent war?
2. Are you in favor of adequate financial support for:
 - A. The Children's Bureau?
 - B. The Women's Bureau in the Department of Labor?
 - C. The Home Demonstration Work in the Department of Agriculture?
3. Are you in favor of Federal provision for the removal of illiteracy throughout the United States?

Not as a part of the questionnaire but informally the league asks for the attitude of candidates toward the direct primary.

The questionnaire sent to candidates for the state legislature is as follows:

1. Are you in favor of a mandatory law requiring county commissioners to furnish suitable detention homes for juvenile delinquents whenever the occasion demands, to prevent their being placed in jails or police stations?
2. Are you in favor of the establishment of citizenship classes in public schools and providing means for financing same through state legislation?
3. Are you in favor of an appropriation by Indiana to match federal aid on Sheppard-Towner Act?
4. Are you in favor of an amendment to the provision for Mother's Aid, making it mandatory upon the counties to provide the machinery for carrying out the provisions of said Act and further that in case no special fund is provided and allowed by the County Council for payment of said Mother's Aid, the same may be taken from any fund already existing in said county for the care of orphans?
5. Are you in favor of the eight-hour law for women in industry.

Replies from Nominees for National Senate

DEMOCRATIC.

Samuel M. Ralston—"Emphatically yes," to all questions."

Republican reply not yet received.

Replies from Nominees for National House of Representatives

DEMOCRATIC.

Joseph P. Turk, seventh district—"Yes" to all questions. Will oppose any attempt to repeal direct primary law.

Arthur H. Greenwood, second district—"Yes" to all questions. In favor of direct primary.

George L. Moffett, ninth district—"Yes" to all questions. Strongly in favor of direct primary.

Harry C. Canfield, fourth district—Makes no promises, but expresses personal opinions as follows: Number 1. Went on record as favoring the League of Nations. 2. Have not looked into question of Children's Bureau thoroughly, but if it is a good move am for it. Women's bureau in Department of Labor will be good if properly conducted. Everyone should help home demonstration work in every way possible. 3. The sooner laws are made for removal of illiteracy, the better it will be for every citizen."

John W. Tyndall, eighth district—"Yes" to all questions. Favors primary but believes it should be modified so as to be less expensive.

Esther Kathleen O'Keefe, thirteenth district—"Yes" to all questions. Believes the women of America should unitedly strive to outlaw war. Heartily in favor of direct primary.

Charles H. Bidaman, fifth district—"Yes" to all questions. Favors direct primary and higher rate of pay for those who serve on election boards.

William F. Spooner, tenth district—"Yes" to 1 and 2. 3. "Yes, insofar as it does not interfere with our state rights."

REPUBLICAN.

R. N. Elliott, sixth district—1. In favor of United States keeping out of all foreign squabbles, as far as is possible to do so. 2. In favor of making such appropriations as the evidence may show such departments to be of value to country. 3. In favor of federal government providing funds where necessary to assist in removing illiteracy. If anything is wrong with direct primary law, it should be amended, not repealed.

A. H. Vestal, eighth district—1. Opposed to United States entering into any foreign entanglements. 2. Yes. 3. In favor of federal aid to assist states in removal of illiteracy. Favorable to the principle of the direct primary.

Fred S. Purnell, ninth district—"Yes" to all questions. Thinks the primary law needs amending but does not advocate its entire repeal.

Everett Sanders, fifth district—1. Cites the achievements of the limitation of armaments conference, which he favored. Opposed the League of Nations covenant. 2. Yes. 3. In favor of such federal aid as is necessary for educational institutions of states. In favor of direct primary.

Andrew J. Hickey, thirteenth district—1. Favors any action by the United States looking to a better understanding among the peoples of the world, but does not believe that end can be achieved by United States intermeddling in politics of Europe. 2. Voted for recent appropriations for the three departments and will be pleased to vote for reasonable appropriations to continue their activities. 3. Favors action looking to removal of illiteracy but is inclined to believe that educational matters should be left to the states. Direct primary is a matter for the state, and not the federal legislature.

John S. Benham, fourth district—1. Favors international co-operation to prevent war but is not in favor of Wilson League of Nations. 2. "I have always supported and voted for measures for the promotion of the betterment of women and children and shall continue to do so. 3. I am in favor of governmental aid in removing illiteracy as far as is constitutional." Unqualifiedly in favor of primary for nominations in the smaller units. As state wide proposition it closes the door of opportunity for preferment to those of small or moderate means. This evil should be corrected.

Oscar E. Bland, second district—"Yes" to all questions. No comment on primary.

Samuel A. Lambdin, third district—"Yes" to all questions. Favors direct primary.

Milton Krauss, eleventh district: 1. "Yes, but we are at once confronted with the character of the initiative." 2. "Yes." 3. Clearly a state function. "I was one of the earliest advocates of the direct primary but am gaining the impression that there is great need of not leaving the system so absolute." Suggests return to county and district conventions.

Replies from Nominees for State Senate

DEMOCRATIC.

George L. Saunders, Wells, Adams and Blackford counties—1. "Yes." 2. "Local proposition." 3. "No." 4. "I think yes." 5. "Conditions are usually made to apply to women workers without a law demanding it."

C. A. Perkins, St Joseph county—"Yes" to 1, 2 and 5. On 3 and 4, "Not decided, as I am not acquainted with provisions of the act." Does not regard primary as any improvement over convention system.

(Continued on Page 3)

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LEAGUE MEMBERS CONTRIBUTE BRYN MAWR SCHOLARSHIPS.

The Indiana League of Women Voters, co-operating with the women's and children's division of the state industrial board, is responsible for Indiana's contribution to a noteworthy educational movement, the founding of the Mary Anderson scholarship in Bryn Mawr summer school for women workers in industrial occupations. Two young women were enabled by the scholarship to attend the school which closed this month at Bryn Mawr College. They were Miss Eva Nash, boot and shoe worker of Lynchburg, Va., and Miss Naomi Brooks, tobacco worker of Durham, N. C.

The Bryn Mawr summer school for women in industry was started in 1921 as an experiment. It was so successful that it was continued this year on a much larger scale. When Mrs. A. T. Cox, director of the women's and children's division of the Indiana industrial board, was attending the national convention of the League of Women Voters in Baltimore and Washington, she was asked to attend a meeting of all women directors of similar departments who were attending the convention. At this meeting Miss Agnes Peterson, assistant director of the woman's bureau of the United States Department of Labor, proposed that the scholarship in the summer school be established as a tribute to Miss Anderson, director of the bureau and that the money be raised by directors of women's departments in states throughout the country which have established such departments in their industrial boards. Approximately fourteen states have the departments. Indiana was the fourth in the country to establish one.

When Mrs. Cox returned to Indiana, she attended the meeting of the State League of Women Voters at Lafayette, and there broached the subject to several prominent league members. The first three women whom she approached volunteered to contribute the entire amount, but Mrs. Cox refused to accept it. By making the subscriptions more general, she said, she hoped to arouse a more widespread interest in the project. The result is that the amount which was requested from Indiana was doubled, and instead of one scholarship, two were awarded.

"While this was not primarily intended to be a League of Women Voters activity," Mrs. Cox said, "it proved to be so in Indiana, as no one else contributed except League members and the staff in the office of the women's and children's division of the state industrial board."

The list of subscribers is as follows: Mrs. Walter S. Greenough, Miss Sara Lauter, Miss Adah Bush, Indianapolis; Mrs. Virginia C. Meredith, Mrs. Charles B. Stewart, Lafayette; Mrs. Richard Edwards, Mrs. E. A. Gould, Peru; Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross, Rensselaer; Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl, Muncie; Mrs. Homer McCray, Kendallville; Miss Helen Benbridge and Miss Alice Hammerstein, Terre Haute; Mrs. C. C. Warrington, Mrs. Austin Stultz, Miss Bertha Medsker and Miss Agatha Diek, Ft. Wayne; Mrs. Cox, Miss Edith Venn, Miss Sarah Louise Proctor, Miss Beryl Reed, and Miss Beulah Lewis, of the women's and children's division office in the State House.

(Continued from Page 2)

J. C. Crosby, Whitley and Huntington counties—"Yes" to all, and offers to father an eight-hour bill. Heartily favors direct primary.

J. Francis Lochard, Dearborn, Ripley and Jennings —1. "I would favor county commissioners to properly care for such children, no time to increase expenditures in new buildings." 2. "Only in so far as it will not increase the burden of the taxpayer." 3. "Only in case state is financially able to do so." 4. "In general no, for the need of all communities is not same, and local units should care." 5. "If the working women want it." "Am in favor of very radical changes in primary law."

Charles S. Ball, Sullivan and Vigo counties—1. "Yes." 2. "Yes, if it can be done without increasing the cost of taxation." 3. "Yes, if it can be done without great expense." 4. Do not know the act to which reference is made." 5. "Yes."

REPUBLICAN.

Weldon Lambert, Union, Franklin, Decatur and Bartholomew counties—"Yes" to 1, 2, 4 and 5. On number 3, "I think I am, have open mind, will investigate." Friendly to primary law.

Ray M. Southworth, Benton and Tippecanoe counties—"Yes" to all questions, and in favor of direct primary.

John S. Alledredge, Madison, Henry and Hancock counties—"Yes" to all questions, would favor a six-hour law for women instead of eight. Uncomprising for primary.

Mrs. Culla J. Vayhinger, Grant county—"Yes" to 1, 3 and 5. Number 4—"Any surplus fund."

F. W. Merry, Jay and Randolph—"Yes," to 1, 2 and 4. Asks for time to look up the act before definitely answering 3. 5. "A national law covering a minimum wage and the number of hours a woman should be employed would be more effective and more just than a state law."

Murray S. Barker, Tipton, Hamilton and Boone—1. "I would favor." 2. "I would favor." 3. "I think I would oppose." 4. "If it could be arranged so aid could be given where mothers are a real benefit to the child and the aid really be used properly, I would favor this." 5 "Do not think it altogether desirable." Favors direct primary.

Replies from Nominees for State House of Representatives

DEMOCRATIC.

John G. Klein, Decatur and Jennings counties—"Yes" to all questions. No comment on direct primary.

J. Russell Landreth, Hendricks county—"Yes" to all questions. Direct primary—"Expensive and unnecessary."

Shirley Leveson, DeKalb county—1. "Yes." 2. "Yes." 3. "No." 4. "No." 5. "Yes." In favor of direct primary.

Leo Van Hess, St. Joseph county—1. "I do." 2 and 3—no answer. 4. "Orphans must surely be taken care of." 5. "Men have eight hours, why not women?" "The primary law in my opinion has not given satisfaction."

John W. Kitch, Marshall county—1. "Yes, if properly framed." 2. Does not understand exactly what league contemplates. 3. Pleads ignorance as to provisions of act. 3. "Yes," unless amendment contained other objectionable features. 5. "Yes." Against repeal of direct primary.

J. G. Schwing, Decatur and Ohio counties—1. "Yes, suitable, but not expensive." 2. "Yes, but not expensive." 2. "Yes, but without extra expense." 3. "Don't know what the act is." 4. "Will look it up and think it over." 5. "Yes."

C. V. McCloskey, Cass and Carroll—1. "Yes." 2. "Yes." 3. "Can't answer until better informed." 4. "Yes." 5. "Yes." Primary—"Not worth what it costs."

(Continued on Page 4)

THE WOMAN VOTER

John M. Maxwell, Marion county—Cannot see what can be gained by replying to questionnaire in categorical manner at this time. "If bills proposed by you women contain any element of increased taxation, I shall do all I can to defeat them."

J. P. Chrisney, Perry and Spencer—To 1, 2, 3 and 4—"If elected will give due consideration." 5. "Yes." Favors direct primary.

W. J. Powell, Greene county—"Yes" to 1, 2 and 5. No answer to others.

A. B. Clapp, Clark county—1. "Emphatically Yes." 2. "Yes." 3. "Probably yes, but only after more consideration." 4. "Yes." 5. "Yes." No comment on primary.

Edgar A. Perkins, Marion county—1. "I do not know." 2. "I am not." 3. "I am not." 4. Might be advisable to provide means for carrying out provisions of act, but as to second part of query, would answer in negative. 5. Would favor the passage of an eight-hour law for women if provision were made protecting the rights of organized wage earners. Favors direct primary.

John W. Pugh, Cass county—"Yes" to all questions. Absolutely in favor of direct primary.

Martin H. Walpole, Marion county—"Yes" to all questions. No comment on direct primary.

W. T. Paul, Delaware county—1. "Yes." 2. "Yes." 3. "Not at this time." 4. "As soon as funds can be secured without subjecting the people to greater taxes." 5. "Yes."

REPUBLICAN.

Thomas B. Brown, Vanderburg, Posey and Warrick counties—"Yes" to all questions. "I believe the voice of the people is heard best through the direct primary."

Stroude E. Wiseman, Crawford and Harrison counties—"Yes" to all questions. Qualification to 4. "In counties where necessary." In favor of direct primary.

Charles S. Arford, DeKalb county—1. No answer. 2. "Yes, where needed." 3 and 4. No answers. 5. "Women should not be required to work longer than men." "Many voters in my county are opposed to the primary law." Answers on 1, 3, and 4 deferred until more information is obtained.

Walther Lieber, Marion county—1. "Very much so." 2. "Yes." 3. "No." 4. "Yes." 5. "Yes." Favors a revision, modification or repeal of direct primary law on account of its great expense; favors the theory.

Walter B. Remley, Montgomery county—1. Favors segregation of juvenile delinquents, youthful and first offenders, etc., from more seasoned criminals. 2. Hardly necessary except in foreign districts of larger cities. 3 and 4. Really does not feel qualified to express an opinion, although knows that it is absolutely necessary to economize expenses of government at this time. 5. Positively in favor. Opposed to direct primary.

F. J. Duryea, Allen county—Is not making any statements before the election, but gives assurance that if elected he will give the questions sincerest consideration.

Mr. C. Murray, Lagrange and Steuben counties—"Yes" to 1, 3, 4, and 5. "No" to 2. Primary law should be amended to reduce expense to counties and candidates.

Elizabeth Rainey, Marion county—1. Not sure she understands what is meant. If it means an institutional home, is not sure without further information that this would be needed in all the counties. 2. Strongly in favor of citizenship instruction as part of regular curriculum. 3. Believe Indiana should take advantage of opportunity and secure federal aid provided. 4. "No doubt but that provision for the carrying out of the law should be mandatory and if a new law is found to be necessary for that, I am for it." 5. Not in favor. In favor of reasonable restriction which applies to men and women alike. In favor of strengthening and improving primary law.

George F. Ogden, Wabash county—1. "Yes." 2. "Need to know more about the matter before I make a statement." 3. "Not as familiar with this bill as I should be and cannot answer." 4. "I am in favor of doing anything reasonable in this matter, but want to see what is proposed before I pledge." 5. "Yes." Direct primary has many things in its favor, and there are some objections. Favors the thing that comes nearest to giving the people the right to choose candidates in the most unhampered way.

Harry Kretschman, Benton and White counties—"I had decided early in campaign not to commit myself on any proposed legislation, or for the repeal of any measure in force or proposed without careful and conscientious study. Therefore I hope you will not consider me abrupt in declining to answer the questionnaire."

B. F. Haines, Noble county—"Yes" to all questions. Primary law could be improved but is much better than old convention system.

John W. Thiel, Lake county—"Yes," to 1, 2 and 3. 4. "Yes, on conditions." "Yes." Favors direct primary under proper safeguards.

T. G. Murden, Cass county—1. "Yes." 2. "Yes." 3. "Not familiar with the act. Please send me copy." 4. "Please send me more complete information." 5. "Under certain conditions."

J. N. Hurty, Marion county—1. "Yes." 2. Would like to have more information. 3. "Yes." 4. Do not clearly understand what is wanted. 5. "Yes."

I. H. Hull, Laporte and Stark counties—1. "I favor the principle but wonder if the conditions in all the counties would justify the expenditure." 2. "With the information at hand I feel favorable toward this move." 3. "Yes." 4. "If this bill is properly drawn it should be passed." 5. In sympathy with purpose of act, but as a general principle not favorable to government regulation of prices, wages, nor hours. Favors retaining and strengthening the primary.

L. C. Carter, Washington and Orange counties—"Yes in principle," to 1, 2, 3, and 4. "Yes" to 5. In favor of maintaining direct primary.

H. E. Rowbottom, Vanderburg county—"Yes" to 1, 2 and 3. 4. "Let's make a special fund. Then there will be no kick back." 5. "In some cases." "I would have voted last session to retain the primary. I don't believe I have changed."

Chester C. Miller, Jackson and Brown counties—"Yes" to all questions. Favors direct primary.

H. E. Butler, Fulton and Pulaski counties—"If I am elected will be the representative of the people and will act in harmony with the wishes of my constituency. I am not conversant with the facts you state above, therefore could not act consistently now."

Elwood Morris, Madison and Hancock counties—"Yes" to 1, 2 and 5. No answer to 3. "Undecided" on 4. "The direct primary has a place with us notwithstanding the large expense and many features undesirable in its working."

Lemuel A. Pittenger, Delaware county—1. "Unquestionably." 2. "Depending on definition of citizenship." 3. My mind is open. So far as raising the money is concerned I am for it, but I fear the proposition of overcentralization of supervision. I shall be and do the best thing for all. 4. "I am for mothers' aid but question the precedent of transference of funds." 5. "Yes." "I am for the direct primary."

Thomas M. Dexter, Marion county—"Yes" to all questions. No attitude on direct primary stated.

Charles A. Phelps, Allen county—"Yes" to 1, 3, 4 and 5. To 2. "Under certain conditions yes." No attitude on direct primary stated.

Charles F. Riede, Vigo county—"Yes" to 1, 2, 4, and 5. 3. "Am not familiar with this act at present. Will investigate before giving answer."

Dr. I. N. Trent, Delaware county—1. "My past professional life naturally makes me sympathetic with and responsible for any measure that has for its object the aid and relief of needy women or children." Favors direct primary.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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CHILD WELFARE AND HEALTH WORKER APPOINTED DEPARTMENT CHAIRMAN.

With the appointment of Mrs. Ella Bagot Kehrer of Anderson as chairman of the department of administration, the list of department chairmen for the year is completed. Mrs. Kehrer, who is a vice-president of the League, is widely known throughout the state for her activities in child welfare, anti-tuberculosis, and general health work. She served as chairman of the League's child welfare committee for two years. The department of administration acts in an advisory capacity to the details of office routine.



MRS. ELLA B. KEHRER

The three other vice-presidents of the league have been appointed to the chairmanships of the following departments: Speaker's bureau, Mrs. Harry McMullen, Aurora; Extension department, Mrs. Charles Arthur Carlisle, South Bend; Organization, Mrs. E. A. Gould, Peru.

Mrs. Earl C. Hummer of South Bend is the newly appointed chairman of the committee on public relations. Miss Alma Sickler of Indianapolis is chairman of the literature committee, and Mrs. W. W. Black of Bloomington, chairman of the program committee.

Chairmen of standing committees which conform to the national departments of work are as follows: Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl, Muncie, disarmament; Mrs. Alice Foster McCullough, Ft. Wayne, education; Miss Sara Lauter, Indianapolis, efficiency in government; Dr. Carrie Banning, Ft. Wayne, social hygiene; Miss Helen C. Benbridge, Terre Haute, uniform laws

for women; Mrs. Frederick W. Lauenstein, Evansville, living costs; Mrs. Wilbur Templin, Elkhart, child welfare. The women in industry committee chairman has not yet been appointed.

RADICAL CHANGE IN POLICY ANNOUNCED BY DIRECTORS.

Beginning November 1, the Woman Voter will be enlarged, to include advertising, and will be sent to every member of every league monthly. This decision was made by the board of directors at the monthly meeting at the Claypool Hotel, Indianapolis, on Thursday, September 21. The action of the directors carried out the instructions of the state convention in Lafayette last May. Miss Helen Rogers Hand, executive secretary, has announced that the new membership blanks will be sent out immediately and that they must be filled out and returned to the state office at once, in order that the subscription list may be made up. The postal regulations demand that the names be on file in the state office before the paper can be sent to every member. The decision to send the Woman Voter to every member was occasioned by a general sentiment that its circulation be more widespread than at present.

Another important decision made by the board was to bring Mrs. Lewis Rose, of Hartford, Conn., to Indiana about November 15 for a speaking tour among the branch leagues. Mrs. Rose is first vice-president of the Connecticut League. She is recognized as a brilliant orator and organizer. Returning from a trip to Europe which she made early in the summer for the purpose of studying conditions among European women, she was engaged by a Chautauqua for a speaking tour through the middle west. She will return to the Chautauqua platform next summer, and in the meantime is speaking and organizing for the league. Many branch leagues probably will plan open meetings for Mrs. Rose during her stay in Indiana. She has announced her willingness to speak twice a day.

The meeting of the board of directors on September 21 was preceded by a conference of district chairmen on Wednesday afternoon, September 20, and a meeting of the appointment committee Wednesday evening. Mrs. Ora Thompson Ross, of Rensselaer, presided at the district chairmen's meeting. It was decided that district legislative committees will be organized to work in conjunction with the state legislative committee to put over this year's legislative program. With the organization of strong district committees, comprising, probably, a member from each county, it will become possible to interest the constituents in the legislative program, and through them to influence the legislators.

THE WOMAN VOTER

SUGGESTIONS FOR THE YEAR'S PROGRAM.

In response to a demand from leagues in many parts of the state which are making up their year books, an outline of suggested programs for the year has been prepared and is printed below:

OCTOBER PROGRAM.

1. Business meeting.
2. Local affairs report:
Free discussion of present campaign issues, by a well-informed speaker.
3. Discussion of present campaign issues:
By two opposing local or district candidates.
4. Legislative program:
(a) Social Hygiene division, Dr. Carrie Banning, Ft. Wayne, chairman. Mandatory law requiring county commissioners to furnish suitable detention homes for juvenile delinquents whenever the occasion demands, to prevent their being placed in jails or police stations.

NOVEMBER PROGRAM.

1. Business meeting.
2. Local affairs committee:
Election report. Percentage of voters who cast ballots. Comparative numbers of men and women voting.
3. Legislative program:
(a) Committee on education, Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch, Ft. Wayne, chairman; establishment of citizenship schools in public schools and providing means for financing same through state legislation.

DECEMBER PROGRAM.

1. Business meeting.
2. Local affairs committee:
Recreation: Playgrounds, municipal swimming pool, community "sings".
3. Legislative program:
(a) Uniform laws committee, Helen C. Benbridge, Terer Haute, chairman. Amendment to the provisions for Mother's Aid, making it mandatory upon the counties to provide the machinery for carrying out the provisions of said act and further that in case no special fund is provided and allowed by the County Council for the payment of said Mother's Aid, the same may be taken from any fund already existing in said county for the care of orphans.

JANUARY PROGRAM.

1. Business meeting.
2. Report of local affairs committee:
Public health agencies: Hospitals, baby clinics, public health officers and nurses, child welfare stations, tuberculosis associations, etc. fare stations, tuberculosis associations, etc. fare stations.
3. Report of the legislative work to date.
4. Legislative program:
(a) Women in industry committee, chairman. An eight-hour law for women in industry.

FEBRUARY PROGRAM.

1. Business meeting.
2. Report of local affairs committee:
Prevention of juvenile delinquency: 1. Number of juvenile delinquents; 2. Causes; 3. Remedial measures.
3. Report of legislative work.
4. The Direct primary.

MARCH PROGRAM.

1. Business meeting.
2. Report of local affairs committee:
Charitable institutions: 1. Number; 2. Conditions; 3. Remedial measures.
3. Final report of legislative work.
4. Living costs committee, Mrs. Frederick Lauenstein, Evansville, chairman.
(a) Housing.
(b) The budget system.
(c) 1. Necessities; 2. Savings; 3. Recreations; 4. Developments.
(d) Food supply and demand.
(e) 1. Terminal markets; 2. Closer connection between producer and consumer; 3. Problem of seasonal over and under supply.
(f) Clothing problems.

APRIL PROGRAM.

1. Business meeting.
2. Report of local affairs committee:
(a) Resume of school conditions:
1. Average health of school children; 2. Woman on the school board; 3. Efficiency of school board; 4. The care of the physically defective and mentally handicapped child; 5. Inter-relation of parents and teachers; 6. The use of the public library as an educational factor.
3. The courts:
(a) National judicial system:
1. Co-ordination with legislative and executive departments.
(b) State judicial system:
1. Supreme Court:
(a) Five judges elected by the people for a term of six years.

(b) Two terms of court are held each year, beginning on the fourth Mondays of May and November.

2. Appellate Court:
(a) Six judges elected for a term of four years.

(b) The court sits in two divisions of three judges each, thus doing the business of two separate courts.

3. The Circuit Court:

(a) One judge is elected by the voters of a circuit for a term of six years.
(b) A circuit consists of one or more counties, depending on population and amount of business to be transacted.
(c) Sixty-nine judicial circuits in the state.

1. Exclusive jurisdiction in all cases of law and equity, including criminal cases, actions for divorce, settlements of estates and guardianships.

2. Each circuit has a prosecuting attorney, who is elected for a term of two years.

4. Superior Court:
(a) There are thirteen superior courts in the state.

MAY PROGRAM.

1. Business meeting.
2. Report of local affairs committee:
(a) The municipal pocketbook: How it is filled and how emptied.
3. International co-operation to prevent war committee, Mrs. Elizabeth Claypool Earl, Muncie, chairman.

(a) How our nation spends its income:

1. 3%, public works; 2. 3.2%, administration of the government; 92.8%, for war, divided as follows: Present armaments, 25%; past wars, 67.8%.

(b) The next war:
Competitive armaments of the future. See "The Next War," by Will Irwin; "Shall We End War?" by Harry Emerson Fosdick, D.D. (Distributed through the Clearing House for the Limitation of Armaments.)

(c) The waste of war:
1. Lowering the efficiency of the race, by
(a) Killing or maiming the young and strong; 2. Saddling the survivors with huge burdens of debt.

NEWS OF THE LEAGUES.

It seems safe to say that hundreds of women throughout the state will register and vote this fall who would have neglected to do so had it not been for the "registration drives" which are being carried on by branch leagues in many cities and towns. Terre Haute is making this its major work until after the election. At the tea at the home of Mrs. C. A. Carlisle which opened the season for the South Bend League, registration literature was passed around. In most cases the League sends two women from door to door in each precinct—a Republican and a Democrat. After the Peru League had decided to start a canvass of this kind its task was taken over by the political parties.

As a result of the Better Yards campaign which has been carried on by the Ft. Wayne League of Women Voters, there is a widespread improvement in the condition and appearance of yards throughout the city. This was reported at a meeting of committees which has been inspecting the yards preliminary to scoring them under the rules of the contest.

The Washington Township League met September 4 with Mrs. E. J. Jones. Mrs. Jones spoke on "Child Labor Laws of Indiana," and Mrs. Leda Warren on "Rural Child Labor." Mrs. Albert Ferris played a piano solo, Mrs. Alice Gresh gave a reading, and Mrs. Wallace Warren sang "Indiana."

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A CONSCIENTIOUS CITIZENSHIP.

(By Mrs. Walter S. Greenough.)

"The man or woman who fails to vote this autumn ought to have a white feather pinned on," says Mrs. Maud Wood Park, president of the National League of Women Voters. "Such a man, such a woman, is a slacker. In time of war, there are several ways of betraying the country; in time of peace there is only one—failure to cast a conscientious vote. Men and women who will not vote are doing all they can do to destroy democracy, for no country in which elections are decided by the votes of the minority, no country with a great body of voters, too lazy of mind to take part in elections, is anything but a despotism, the rule of the indifferent many by the selfish few.

"The working out of a real democracy has only two problems—how to get men and women to vote in every election and how to get them to look at public questions from the view point of the good of the whole people. Our League works all the year round to make voters to take the National not the Gopher Prairie viewpoint, and for the next two months its members must make a special effort to help create the voting habit, the habit of fighting in the great peace-time army. Every woman must do her utmost to assure that no woman in her community shall neglect to vote either out of ignorance of the processes of voting or of the importance of voting. It is not the business of the League to tell women for whom to vote, but how to vote, why to vote, and when to vote. This year, I think it will not be amiss for the League to add as its business, candid expressions of opinion as to slackers. The men and women who fail to vote are nothing other than slackers and I am not at all sure that 'slacker' is not too mild and polite a word to apply to them."

The Indiana League of Women Voters has spread broadcast over the state Mrs. Park's pledge of conscientious citizens, and its individual members can honestly say that they believe in and practice this pledge. This is the pledge:

Believing in Government by the People, for the People, I will do my best—

First. To inform myself about public questions, the principles and policies of political parties and the qualifications of candidates for public office.

Second. To vote according to my conscience in every election, primary or final, at which I am entitled to vote.

Third. To obey the law even when I am not in sympathy with all its provisions.

Fourth. To support by all fair means the policies that I approve of.

Fifth. To respect the rights of others to uphold convictions that may differ from my own.

Sixth. To regard my citizenship as a public trust.

It is this organization, with such high ideals of citizenship, pledged to develop the woman citizen into an intelligent and self directing voter, and to turn her vote toward constructive social ends, that has developed a powerful nation-wide organization within the past two years. A network of efficient state leagues stand back of and support the national headquarters, and in many states, as it is in Indiana, not only every congressional district in the state has its strong representation, but practically every county in every congressional district is organized, with many of these counties organized to the last possible unit, the township. No wonder the possibilities of the League are bounded only by capacities of its leaders. The League has within it the power to attain to distant goals of service of incalculable value to the state.

ANY OF THESE WOMEN IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD?

The Indiana League of Women Voters recognizes an achievement which carries with it a new obligation in the news from Washington that Congress passed the bill providing for independent citizenship for married women. The bill has been signed by the President and now is in effect. This is the second big piece of congressional work accomplished by the National League of Women Voters, the first having been the Sheppard-Towner Act.

The obligation is getting the newly enfranchised women in Indiana registered before October 9, that they may vote in November. Word has been sent from the state office to every league and to every registration board that American born women who are married to unnaturalized foreigners now are entitled to vote. The leagues will give the widest possible publicity to this fact and in addition will make personal efforts to find and register women entitled to vote under the new law.

Mrs. Richard Edwards of Peru, first vice-president of the National League, pointed out to the state board of directors that the new law is not retroactive—it does not disfranchise any woman who has been voting on her husband's citizenship. Its effect then is to enlarge the electorate. In the future, however, foreign born women will be required to take out independent citizenship papers, even though they marry American citizens. The requirements for a married woman's full naturalization, however, are not quite as stringent as for a man.

The new law has a double interest in Indiana as it is directly related to the new amendment to the Indiana constitution providing that no man or woman can vote in this state until he or she has become a fully naturalized citizen. The amendment was passed last year at a special election following a strenuous campaign in its favor waged by the Indiana League. The fact that it was the only one of nearly a score of proposed amendments which was passed seems to indicate that the league was largely responsible for its success.

THE WOMAN VOTER

CANDIDATES' REPLIES STILL COMING IN.

Several more replies to questionnaires sent to political candidates have come into the state office. Wellon Lambert, Republican candidate for the state senate from Union, Franklin, Decatur and Bartholomew counties, who had formerly replied "Yes" to questions 1, 2, 4 and 5, but had asked for time to investigate the Sheppard-Towner Act, has sent a second communication, saying: "I wish, after some consideration of the Sheppard-Towner Act, to say that I desire to answer your question as to that act in the affirmative." Another one who asks for time to investigate that act, and promises to reply to that question before the election is James M. Knapp, Republican candidate for representative from Wayne County, who answers "Yes" to the other four questions. John A. Tokarz, Democratic candidate for representative from Lake County replies affirmatively to all questions, and favors the direct primary.

J. E. Luckey, Democratic candidate for representative from Noble county, makes the following replies: "1. The principle involved here seems good. 2. This might be worked out to great advantage. 3. That depends? 4. I believe the question is worthy of investigation. 5. Yes, providing they don't ask any other body to work over eight hours." He says, "I am in favor of repealing a lot of fool, unjust laws that are now on the statutes of Indiana and reducing the tax and eliminating a lot of unjust expense and extravagant expenditure of state funds. I am in favor of just and equal taxation."

Cecil Sharp, Republican candidate for representative from Clark County, answers as follows: "1. No. Elect county officials who will take proper care of juvenile delinquents without putting the county under additional state domination. 2. No. Need for and expense of citizenship classes varies too much in the various counties. Rural communities and counties with low percentage of foreign element would be required to pay for benefits accruing to industrial centers. 3. Yes, if funds are administered by a department of the state government which is already established. No, if another commission or department is necessary. 4. Yes. If the law is good its provisions should be carried out. If it is bad it should be repealed. 5. No, if applied to women only." He says, "I believe the direct primary is a burden upon the taxpayers from which they do not receive benefits proportionate to the cost thereof. Let political parties select their own candidates as they see fit and at their own expense."

Marshall Thatcher, Republican candidate for representative from Clinton county, replies that there are so many contingencies before a candidate for office that he has not given specific subjects much consideration, and that he has no judgment to pronounce as to his attitude, or to draw any real conclusions. He continues: "I assure you that I shall always maintain an open mind and respectfully hear any arguments or reasons that may be given on all public questions. I believe in the superior judgment of women on social, home and school propositions and welcome them to assume and take part in all the responsibilities of all citizens."

D. C. McIntosh, Democratic nominee for state superintendent of public instruction has filled out and returned a questionnaire as follows: "1. Yes. 2. In some places. 3. If left entirely to state control. 4. Yes, under certain conditions. 5. Yes."

Officers of the Kokomo League were elected at a meeting at the Carnegie library September 6, as follows: Mrs. Frank Rosseter, president; Mrs. Paul Gerhart, first vice-president; Mrs. Mary Lappin, second vice-president; Miss Jean Somers, secretary-treasurer. Mrs. Nora T. Gause and Mrs. Mary Lappin were appointed to investigate the mothers' pension law, which the state league is interested in amending. The secretary was instructed to write a letter to C. E. Hinshaw, commending his recent statement that teachers not only should be compelled to attend institutes but that classes should be formed and teachers required to do recitation work.

A "Boston tea party," at the home of Mrs. Warren T. McCray on Friday afternoon, September 29, opened the season for the Indianapolis League. In the receiving line with Mrs. McCray were Mrs. Thomas Marshall, Mrs. Albert J. Beveridge, Mrs. Samuel M. Ralston, Mrs. Walter S. Greenough, president of the state league; Mrs. Allen T. Fleming, Indianapolis president, and Mrs. Isaac Born, Seventh District chairman. One of the features of the program was the recital of an original poem, "The Boston Tea Party," written by Miss Alma Sickler and Mrs. F. E. Ellis, by Helen Frances Starr. Others on the program were Miss Helene Harrison, harpist; Miss Margaret Harrison, violinist; Franklin N. Taylor, baritone; Mrs. Rhea Hall Behymer, soprano, and Miss Janet Shirley, reader. The committee on arrangements was as follows: Mrs. F. E. Ellis, chairman; Mrs. David Lurvey, Mrs. Felix T. McWhirter and Mrs. J. F. Edwards. Mrs. Edwards was in charge of the program.

The South Bend League opened the season's activities with a reception at Carlisle Manor, the home of Mrs. Charles Arthur Carlisle, president of the League, Saturday afternoon, September 23. Mrs. Walter S. Greenough, state president, was the speaker of the afternoon, her subject being "The True Patriot." The affair was in charge of Mrs. F. G. Perkins, who was assisted by Mrs. William M. Shirley, Miss Mariam Dunbar and Miss Frances Thurman. Mrs. Carlisle was assisted in receiving by Mrs. L. S. Fickenscher, Mrs. T. J. Swantz, Mrs. George Phillips, Mrs. W. K. Sherman, Mrs. Walter Bloomfield and Mrs. William Stover. The program was arranged by Mrs. Earl Hummer, Mrs. Eli Seebirt and Mrs. Frederick Ingersoll. Mrs. J. E. Neff was chairman of transportation, and had on her committee Mrs. A. E. Martin, Mrs. R. S. Hollowell, and Mrs. I. J. Turner. Mrs. Lenn J. Oare was chairman of the refreshment committee and was assisted by Mrs. J. Albert Harris, Mrs. Dalton Moomaw, Mrs. Charles Russ, Mrs. William Benitz, Mrs. Richard Elbel, Mrs. F. E. Lambert and Mrs. Thad Keller. Mrs. L. E. Greenan and Mrs. Granville Ziegler presided at the tea table.

THE WOMAN VOTER

PUBLISHED BY THE INDIANA LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Vol. II

Indianapolis, Indiana, October 15, 1922

Number 17

DO THIS AT ONCE!

If there is any league which has not sent to state headquarters its list of members, for the subscription list of *The Woman Voter*, it should do so at once. The board of directors decided that *The Woman Voter* is to be sent to every paid up member, beginning November 1, but this is not possible unless the complete list is on file at the headquarters. This is a requirement of the United States post office department. The subscription list for the November 1 issue must be made up before October 23. Therefore, it is up to the branch leagues to see that their membership lists are on file at the headquarters before that date.

NEW CHAIRMAN OF EDUCATION.

Much of the serious effort of the league toward making loyal American citizens falls within the education committee, which is headed by a small but exceedingly capable person. Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch of Ft. Wayne is the new chairman of the committee on education. Under the league plan education includes Americanization activities, and in this connection the education committee is charged with the carrying out of two important pieces of legislation which were brought about largely through the efforts of the League of Women Voters.

The first was the amendment to the Indiana constitution which makes full naturalization a requirement for voting in Indiana. The other is a national law, the Cable law providing for independent citizenship for married women, which was signed by President Harding on September 16. The President presented the pen with which he signed the bill to Mrs. Maud Wood Park, president of the national league, in recognition of her tireless service in support of the measure. In 1921 and again this year she was the only woman to appear before the House Committee on Immigration and set forth the reasons why the women of the country favor the measure. The Cable law affects principally two classes of women: an alien woman marrying an American citizen after the passage of the above act, or any woman whose husband is naturalized after the passage of the act; and a woman who before the passage of the act was an American citizen and lost her United States citizenship by marriage to an alien. In both classes, these women must take out independent naturalization papers, instead of becoming naturalized automatically when their husbands do so, as was the former law. The requirements for naturalization of these women are different from requirements for men, and it will be the work of the education committee to spread this information and to urge naturalization of married women in order that they may be voting citizens of the United States.

Citizenship instruction, too, is a concern of Mrs. McCulloch's committee, which proposes to broaden

the Americanization idea to include all native born people in need of citizenship instruction as well as all foreign born. The obtaining of citizenship classes in public schools is one of the planks in the league's program for the 1923 state legislature.



MRS. ALICE FOSTER McCULLOCH

The Indianapolis League will hold its first open meeting of the season Monday, October 16, at the Chamber of Commerce with superior and criminal court candidates of both political parties as speakers. The Women's Department Club of Indianapolis, of which Mrs. Felix T. McWhirter is president, will have a discussion luncheon Wednesday, October 25 at the clubhouse, when the subject will be "The League of Women Voters." Speakers will be Mrs. Walter S. Greenough, state president; Mrs. Allen T. Fleming, president of the Indianapolis League; and Miss Adah Bush, a member of the state board of directors.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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ELECTION TIME APPROACHES.

"The time has come," the Voter said,
"When I must meditate
On senators and congressmen
Both national and state.

"And who shall sit on judgment bench
Appellate and supreme.
And county offices to fill—
A score or more, 'twould seem."

The length of the ticket which will confront men and women voters at the polls on November 7 is an indication of the importance of the coming election. The Indiana League of Women Voters is doing everything possible to prepare its members to vote intelligently. Now that the last opportunity to register has come and gone, the leagues will concentrate on getting out the vote. The greatest interest of course centers in the national senatorial contest, but the league wishes to emphasize strongly the importance of careful voting in regard to members of the state legislature. These are the men—and women, probably—who will decide finally whether the league's committee program is a success, or whether further efforts will be required to bring about needed reform legislation for the women and children of Indiana. In this connection, members of the branch leagues are urged to study carefully answers of candidates to questionnaires on league policies. Within the next week, the state headquarters will send out to all candidates explanations of the five proposed measures in the league's legislative program. This is being done in response to a number of requests from candidates for further information on the proposed bills. It indicates the interest which the candidates are showing in the league program.

The list of officials for which every registered voter is expected to cast a ballot on November 7 follows:

National Ticket:

U. S. Senator.
Congressman for the Congressional District in
which you reside.

State Ticket:

Secretary of State.
Auditor.
Treasurer.
Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Clerk Supreme and Appellate Courts.

Judge Supreme Court—2nd District.
Judge Appellate Court—1st and 2nd Districts.
Senator or Joint senator of the senatorial district
in which you reside.

County Ticket:

Prosecuting Attorney.
Judge Circuit Court.
Representatives.
Clerk Circuit Court.
Auditor.
Recorder.
Treasurer.
Sheriff.
Coroner.
Surveyor.
Assessor.
Commissioner for district in which you reside.
Councilman at large and councilman.
Trustee for township in which you reside.
Advisory Board in township in which you reside.
Justice of the Peace in township in which you reside.
Assessor in township in which you reside.
Constable in township in which you reside.

FOR CHILD WELFARE PROGRAMS.

A quantity of material for child welfare programs is available from various sources. Dr. Edna Hatfield Edmondson of Bloomington, a member of the advisory committee of the state child welfare committee of the league, has suggested the use of the package libraries sent out by the Indiana Extension division, and this has been heartily indorsed by the state child welfare chairman, Mrs. Wilbur Templin of Elkhart. Mrs. Templin suggests that the package library is of special benefit to the women in the smaller communities. The package sent out by the extension division contain pamphlets and clippings on the desired subject, and may be kept for two weeks and renewed for one week on request. Among the material offered by the extension division is child welfare and child care, bulletin 65, home economics series of the Federal Board for Vocational Education, 1921. The seven sections of the bulletin deal with the following topics: health problems of mother and infant; development, general hygiene, and feeding of the child; problems related to safeguarding the health of the child; child mentality and management; play and recreation; child labor; children in need of special care. The package libraries may be obtained from the Bureau of Public Discussion, I. U. Extension Division, Bloomington.

The Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, 848 North Dearborn street, Chicago, has announced that it will supply, at the request of the branch leagues, stereoptican slides on "Infant Welfare" and "The Health of the Child."

The Children's Bureau, Washington, has a film on the public health nurse in the small town. This may be borrowed for transportation charges, according to Mrs. Templin.

The National Tuberculosis Association has plays suitable for presentation by local talent of all ages, from the primary grades up. The association also has a new film entitled "The Kid Comes Through."

News of the Branch Leagues

The educational bureau of the South Bend League is sponsoring a civic art exhibit in the Tribune auditorium from October 14 to October 23 inclusive. The exhibit presents 200 examples of the best work of contemporary American artists from the art galleries of Carson, Pirie, Scott and Co., Chicago. Edwin S. Barries, manager of the galleries, personally supervised the hanging of the pictures. On the opening night and again Sunday afternoon, Dudley Crafts Watson made gallery tour talks. Guy Wiggins and Wilson Irving, American landscape artists are guests during the entire ten days of the exhibit. It is the hope of the civic art committee that this exhibit may lead to plans for a permanent art gallery in South Bend. Mrs. Emily Hawley Sherman is chairman of the general committee. Members of her committee are Mrs. C. A. Carlisle and Mrs. Eli F. Seebirt. The hospitality committee is as follows: Mrs. John J. Woolverton, chairman; Mrs. H. A. Briggs, vice chairman; Mrs. John F. Reynolds, jr., Mrs. Carlisle, Mrs. H. M. Sanders, Mrs. J. C. Birdsell, Mrs. Frank Mayr, jr., Mrs. George M. Studebaker, jr., Mrs. Lafayette L. Porter, Mrs. C. Frederick Cunningham, Mrs. W. D. O'Brien, Mrs. George Stephenson, Mrs. R. L. Sensenich, Mrs. James Oliver II, Mrs. W. G. Crabill, Mrs. F. A. Bryan, Miss Catherine Oliver, and Mrs. J. Albert Stephenson. A travel talk by Mrs. Carlisle, president, featured a meeting of the South Bend League on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. M. Fish. Members of the Optimistic Club were guests of honor, and the program was in charge of Miss Elizabeth Turner, chairman of the amusement and blind bureau of the league.

Mrs. Frank Rossetter, newly elected president of the Kokomo League, has announced committees for the year as follows: Program, Mrs. Harry Letsinger, Mrs. Emma Whitson Moore, Mrs. C. H. Havens, Miss Mary Whitson; membership—Mrs. Paul Gerhard, Mrs. Frank Fawcett, Mrs. Mary Lappin, Mrs. M. A. Findley; publicity—Miss Frieda Haseltine, Miss Lena Shannon; local affairs—Mrs. Casper Butler, Mrs. Nora Gause, Mrs. Elizabeth Jackson. The league decided to place The Woman Voter in the public library. At the regular meetings of the league, on the second and fourth Thursday of the month, political candidates are the speakers.

Mrs. A. H. Beardsley, formerly state president, is the newly elected president of the Elkhart League, for the coming year. Other officers are as follows: Miss Helen K. Boss, recording secretary; Mrs. A. E. Hansen, corresponding secretary; Mrs. W. H. Russell, treasurer; Mrs. Joel Russell, registrar; Mrs. Wilbur Templin, chairman of the child welfare department; Mrs. J. C. Boss, chairman of politics, civics and economics. The league has adopted a new constitution, which raises the dues from fifty cents to five dollars. Mrs. H. L. Carr was chairman of the committee on revision of constitution, and was assisted by Mrs. Beardsley, Mrs. Harry Sibbet, Mrs. Boss and Mrs. Joel Russell. The board of directors and child welfare

department held open house at the home of Mrs. Beardsley last Monday for members and friends of the league. Mrs. A. T. Cox of Indianapolis, and other women who were attending the state conference of charities and corrections in South Bend at that time, were special guests. Mrs. Cox made a short talk on "The Present Situation in Regard to Child Welfare in the State and Nation."

The Anderson League gave a tea Wednesday afternoon, October 4, at the home of Mrs. James D. Sansberry, open to the women of Anderson.

The Frankfort League opened its season's activities with a reception Friday evening, October 6, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Maish. Members and friends were invited.

Officers of the Remington League for the coming year are as follows: Mrs. Helene A. Guy, president; Mrs. Harriet Rainier, vice president; Mrs. Ella M. Stoudt, secretary-treasurer. At the opening meeting of the season, at the public library, the Republican and Democratic state platforms were read by Mrs. Laura Norwood and Mrs. Lowell Gilbert respectfully. Miss Mary Roush spoke on "Things We Should Know about our Government," and Mrs. Luce Barton spoke on "Our Need of the Sheppard-Towner Bill."

Miss Jessie Pierce entertained the Stroh League at her home with a dime tea.

The Valparaiso League opened its year's work Monday afternoon, October 2, with a meeting at the home of Mrs. Harry Doepker. Mrs. G. R. Douglas, president, outlined the program for the coming year. Mrs. O. M. Owen had current events. Miss Sibby Kitchen, county nurse, was the speaker of the afternoon, talking on her work. Mrs. Doepker was assisted by Mrs. Despard and Mrs. Harry Pagin.

The Lafayette League resumed its monthly luncheons Saturday October 7. Mrs. E. A. Gould of Peru, state organization chairman, was the principal speaker.

The Washington Township League met Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Matilda Barton in Milton. Denver Harlan spoke on taxation.

The Vincennes League met Tuesday afternoon at the public library. The six vice presidents were hostesses of the day.

Mrs. Homer McCray was elected president of the Kendallville League for the coming year at the first meeting of the season held at the city hall. Other officers were elected as follows: Mrs. H. L. Kiser, first vice president; Mrs. Elmer Baker, second vice president; Mrs. G. E. Trombold, third vice president; Mrs. Guy Rickett, secretary; Mrs. D. C. Wilson, treasurer.

THE WOMAN VOTER

The Newburg League met Monday afternoon in the library building. Mrs. W. B. Strong spoke on "What Clubs have done for Women."

All candidaes on the Republican and Democratic county tickets were invited to address an open meeting of the Peru League last Thursday in the public library. Each of the twenty-eight candidates was asked to speak three minutes upon his own views of public issues. Mrs. Harvey Hawley, secretary, enclosed in her invitation to each candidate a questionnaire on matters in which the league is most interested, to be filled out and returned to her. The questions follow: 1. Are you in sympathy with the effort of the Miami County League of Women Voters to have the laws of the city enforced so that Peru may be clean, free from disease and free from crime? 2. Have you given any thought to the fact that there are great numbers of mentally defective children in Indiana, sixty-seven in the Peru schools, and that the presence of these children in the public schools constitutes a burden to the taxpayers from which they get no return and retards the progress of other pupils? What do you suggest to help this condition? 3. Do you think that the presnt system of city government as administered in Indiana is the most efficient for the amount of money spent? Can you suggest anything better? 4. In what way can you be an effective instrument for public good in the office for which you are a candidate?

A new League has been organized at Elwood by Miss Eleanor Laird, national organizer, under the direction of Mrs. E. A. Gould of Peru, state organization chairman. Officers are as follows: Mrs. Frank K. Bradley, president; Mrs. Eli P. Meyers, first vice president; Mrs. J. Lewis Small, second vice president; Mrs. Jessie Crouse, secretary. Members of the organization committee are Mrs. Bradley, Mrs. Meyers, Mrs. Small, Mrs. W. H. Cluggish, and Mrs. Frank M. Daniel.

The Evansville League held its first meeting of the season at the Chamber of Commerce. There was a round table discussion of plans for the year, and reports of the state convention, held last May in Lafayette.

The Brookville League met in the Court House. Mrs. Myrtle Crist of St. Petersburg, Fla., made a brief talk.

A League has been organized at Haubstadt, Gibson County, by Mrs. Benson Woods, county chairman, and Mrs. Mabel Benton, secretary of the Union Township League. The officers are as follows: Miss Frieda Sasse, president; Mrs. James Tribble, secretary.

The questionnaire which has been sent to the candidates for state and national legislatures was the topic of discussion at a meeting of the Columbus League. Mrs. W. A. Stevens read the replies which had been published in the Woman Voter. Miss Birdella Beam read a sketch of Mrs. Maud Wood Park,

national president. Mrs. Laura D. Fix read a discussion of Lady Astor's visit to the United States.

"We study in our leagues; we vote in our parties" was adopted as a slogan by the board of directors of the Crawfordsville League, at a meeting held at the home of Mrs. C. B. Leavenworth, president, for the purpose of outlining a program for the year.

The Olive Township League, St. Joseph County, opened the year with a tea at the home of Mrs. C. M. Hauser in New Carlisle. The first regular meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Ed. White. Mrs. Fred H. Smith is publicity chairman.

The Hammond League held its first meeting of the season Friday evening, October 6, in the Chamber of Commerce. Mrs. William Love, president, told of plans for the year's work, and announced committee appointments as follows: Program—Mrs. E. Dickey, chairman; Mrs. Aubry, Mrs. W. M. Bigger, Mrs. W. Bielefeld, Mrs. Frank Letts, and Mrs. Walter Wise. Membership—Mrs. A. C. Ehber, chairman; Mrs. M. Curley, Mrs. Harry Young and Mrs. Elsie Reilley. Local affairs—Mrs. J. M. Turner, chairman; Mrs. M. Parker, Mrs. LeGrande T. Meyer, and Mrs. William H. Myers. Child Welfare—Miss Rena Ames, chairman. Women in Industry—Mrs. LeGrande T. Meyer, chairman. Legislation—Mrs. Pearl Whinery, chairman. Social Hygiene—Mrs. W. H. Myers, chairman. Publicity—Mrs. Cora I. Douglas, chairman. The county chairmen of Republican and Democratic parties had been asked to talk on Registration. Mr. White, Democrat, responded, and as Mr. Roberts was unable to be present Judge Reiter talked in his place. Mrs. William H. Myers, county president, spoke on "Why Join the League of Women Voters." Mrs. Ruth Webster Cross gave some readings and Mrs. Freeman sang, accompanied by Mrs. Houser. A resolution was drafted favoring the community service movement in Hammond. Several new members were received.

MONEY TALKS

The headquarters has received \$25 from Miss Etelka Rockenback, New Albany, her convention pledge. Mrs. Frederick Lauenstein of Evansville has sent a gift of \$10, and Mrs. Eva Marble Bondy of Valparaiso has spent \$10, her convention pledge, Mrs. Esther Rosencranz of South Bend has sent \$1. Subscriptions to the Woman Voter have been received from Mrs. L. G. Kramer, Michigan City; Mrs. Rebecca Erb, Rennselaer; Mrs. A. L. Long, Rennselaer; Miss Mary Louise Carmichael, Muncie.

Mrs. A. T. Cox, Indianapolis, has given the league \$10. The Newburg League has sent \$5. Mrs. Vivian Wheatcraft of Whiteland has sent \$5, her convention pledge. Subscriptions to The Woman Voter have been received from Mrs. Charles Olcott of Aurora, Carrino Brink of Goshen, and Ivy Chamness of Bloomington.

The Valparaiso League has sent \$100 to the state office as a gift. The League had a refreshment booth at the county fair. Mrs. G. R. Douglas is president, Mrs. Eugene M. Parker is secretary, and Esther R. Tillen is treasurer of the league.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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Committee on Women In Industry

With the re-appointment of Mrs. Arthur T. Cox, of Indianapolis, as chairman of the women in industry committee, the standing committee list of the league is completed for the year. Mrs. Cox, as chairman of the department of women and children of the state industrial board, is particularly fitted for this place.



MRS. ARTHUR T. COX

She worked untiringly in the 1921 legislature to obtain passage of the child labor and school attendance bill which became a law largely through the efforts of the league.

The Labor Review of the United States Department of Labor, in the issue of June, 1922, contains Mrs. Cox' report of the department of women and children. Her report shows that inspections were made in seventy nine cities, and that 536 plants were inspected. These plants employed 24,708 men, 10,764 women and 3,489 children under sixteen years of age.

The department investigated 850 cases of industrial injuries to minors and found that 448 of such minors were illegally employed, and their injuries therefore were not compensable under the Indiana workmen's compensation act. The number of accidents to children under sixteen years of age, as recorded by the workmen's compensation board, decreased 51 per cent in the fiscal year 1920-21, as compared with the preceding year. As there seemed to be little or no decrease in the number of children employed, the accident decrease is attributed "almost entirely to more effective law enforcement."

For the League Presidents

The state office is anxious to know more about the individual ideas of the presidents of branch leagues on league affairs. To obtain this data, the office requests each president to send in a communication of about 200 words, telling what she believes is the most interesting thing her league has done during the last year, or is planning to do during the coming year. This may be a money raising plan; it may be a civic project, or a matter relating purely to league membership or organization. Presidents are requested to send this material to headquarters as soon as possible. It will be used not only in organization, but in the publicity department.

Several leagues have appointed publicity chairmen recently. They are as follows:: Columbus—Miss Celia Kremer, of the Republican; Fairview Township, Miss Nannie McCrory, Falmouth; Peru, Miss Mary I. Gallahan; Anderson, Miss Irene Byrum; Aurora, Miss Eleanor Cannelton, of the Aurora Bulletin; Hammond, Mrs. Cora I. Douglas.

What Other Women Are Doing

The usual autumn conventions followed one another in rapid succession during October. Early in the month the Indiana War Mothers met in Indianapolis and re-elected Mrs. Daisy Douglass Barr of Newcastle as president. Mrs. Mindwell Crampton Wilson, of Delphi, a league worker, was elected state regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution, at the annual convention at Lafayette. The Women's Christian Temperance Union, meeting at Wabash, re-elected Mrs. Elizabeth Stanley of Liberty as president. Miss Vida Newsom, of Columbus, president of the Columbus League of Women Voters, was made president of the State Board of Charities and Corrections, at its annual conference in South Bend. The Indiana Parent Teacher Association, which met in Indianapolis during the sessions of the State Teachers' Association, elected Mrs. G. G. Derbyshire, of Southport, as president. Miss Elsa Huebner, of Indianapolis, was honored by being made president of the Indiana State Teachers' Association which enrolls approximately 16,000 members.

The Indiana Federation of Clubs, which met in Indianapolis, did not elect a new president this year. Mrs. W. J. Torrance, of Evansville, holds over until 1923.

The Crown Point League held its first meeting in the public library, with the newly elected officers in charge. Mrs. Starr Brownell is president; Mrs. Gracia Grant, vice-president; Mrs. Flynn Russell, secretary, and Mrs. J. W. Belshaw, treasurer. Mrs. Grant spoke on 'Child Welfare,' and Mrs. Dye on "Woman's Work."

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GETTING OUT THE VOTE

"Free government is more complicated than any other. Its form in our country, with our local, state and national divisions, is the most complex system ever devised in the history of mankind and it will not work automatically or by chance. It will work only by intelligent voters voting intelligent ballots."

This statement was made by John H. Clarke, retiring Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, in his first public speech following his retirement. It may be applied to the coming election, November 7, when the men and women of Indiana will be called upon to choose national, state, county and township officials.

Registration figures throughout the state completely disproved the old idea that women are not interested in politics. A number of precincts in the state reported larger registration of women than of men. In Newcastle, for instance, in the sixth precinct, the largest in the city, fifty-five more women than men registered. In Henry County out of a total registration of 17,337, there were only about 800 more men than women. Similarly, the women's registration figures run close to the men's totals throughout the state. In Noblesville, two precincts reported a larger registration of women than of men. An interesting fact is that several rural districts showed a larger registration of women.

It is important now, that every man and woman who is registered cast an intelligent ballot on November 7. This the league is urging in all parts of Indiana. All other affairs of league interest—organization, legislation, financial plans—have been laid aside until after the election. "Intelligent voters voting intelligent ballots," is the watchword of all league members for the next week.

THE NEW POLICY

This number of the Woman Voter is being sent to nearly 3,000 members of the Indiana League of Women Voters, representing the total number of names now on file at state headquarters as the result of the request to all branch leagues to send their membership lists to the headquarters. Many leagues have not yet responded. It is hoped that at least 5,000 names will be on file before December 1, so that by that time the Woman Voter may be enlarged to include advertising. A guaranteed circulation of 5,000 is necessary before advertising can be obtained. The state league enrolls more than 5,000 members, so that the subscription list can be completed quickly if all branch leagues will send in their lists immediately.

With the change in policy by which the paper is

sent to every member, the subscription fee is included in the membership dues. State headquarters calls attention to the fact that if a member has joined a branch league at any time during the last year her membership entitles her to receive the Woman Voter until her year expires and her dues are again due. A number of persons have sent in subscriptions to the Woman Voter during the last year. Some of these subscribers have signified their willingness to make their subscriptions contributions to the league. Paid subscribers who wish to make other arrangements are asked to notify state headquarters and the office will comply with their wishes.

ANNA HOWARD SHAW MEMORIAL

An appeal to every league member is contained in the report of Mrs. Grace Julian Clarke of Indianapolis, state chairman for the Anna Howard Shaw Memorial. The report follows:

"At the last convention of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, held in Chicago, February, 1920, it was decided to establish a memorial to Dr. Anna Howard Shaw in the shape of two foundations; one, a chair of political science at Bryn Mawr College, and the other a chair of preventive medicine at the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania. On the merging of the National Suffrage Association in the new League of Women Voters, the latter, of course, assumed responsibility for this wonderful undertaking, and committees have since been at work in every state. The goal is \$500,000, and Indiana's share is the modest sum of \$5,000. Distributing this among the thirteen Congressional Districts, each district should raise \$385.00. At the annual convention of our State League in LaFayette this committee reported \$1,030.90. Since the convention the sum of \$75.00 has been received and forwarded to national headquarters, making Indiana's contribution to date \$1,105.90. Much remains to be done, but with an active chairman in every district we ought to go far toward our goal before the next annual convention.

"Owing to a variety of causes several of the district chairmen for this fund have fallen by the way. The following remain: First District, Mrs. Wm. Ehrich, Evansville; Fifth District, Mrs. B. B. White, Terre Haute; Eighth District, Mrs. Ella Bagot Kehr, Anderson; Tenth District, Mrs. C. P. Pixley, Lowell; Twelfth District, Miss Agatha Diek, Fort Wayne; Thirteenth District, Mrs. J. C. Boss, Elkhart.

"Efforts should be put forth at once to complete the quota in each district. Appeals should be made at every district and county meeting throughout the State. Club Federations should be asked to help. They have already done this in some cases. Club women are as much indebted to Dr. Shaw as any others, for she was a torch-bearer for women everywhere, and her labors lightened those of all who have come and are to come after her. The practical nature of this memorial is the best thing about it almost, for it will go on and on, generation after

(Continued on Page 4)

News of the Branch Leagues

Candidates for state senator and representative were speakers at a meeting of the Gibson County league at the Princeton city hall.

Democratic and Republican candidates for prosecuting attorney and state representative addressed two political meetings of the Frankfort League in the Chamber of Commerce.

The Washington Township League held its last meeting at the home of Mrs. Lena Maynard, near Muncie. Responses to roll call were quotations from Riley. Mrs. Leota Boyle talked on the Riley Memorial Hospital and recited Riley's poem, "The Happy Little Cripple." Mrs. Carrie Leslie read a paper on the prohibition question. At a meeting on October 18, at the home of Mrs. Chester Blades, there was a round table discussion on "Our Candidates for Office."

An open meeting of the Kokomo League at the library auditorium. Mrs. H. R. McMullen reported on the district health conference which she attended recently. Miss Julia Spaeth also spoke on the conference.

An opening meeting of the Kokomo League at the Y. M. C. A. was addressed by William F. Mercer, of Peru, and James P. Davis, of Kokomo, Republican and Democratic candidates for joint senator from Miami and Howard Counties. At a later meeting the opposing candidates for national representative from the district—Fred S. Purnell, Republican and George L. Moffett, Democrat, were scheduled to speak.

After a vacation of three months, the Fairview township, Fayette County, League of Women Voters met on October 20, at the home of Mrs. W. S. Saxon. All the officers were re-elected, as follows: Mrs. Saxon, president; Mrs. Hugh Beaver, vice-president; Miss Nannie McCrory, secretary; Mrs. J. E. Walther, treasurer. Responses to roll call were vacation experiences. The topic of the meeting was child welfare. Mrs. Ora Stevens told of visits through the wards of the Cook County (Illinois) hospital and the tenement district of Chicago, telling particularly of the work which is being done to help crippled children. The hostess was assisted in serving by her daughter, Mr. Curtis Scholl. The November meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. James Rees.

Mrs. Alice Wells, vice-president, presided at the October meeting of the Columbus League in the absence of Miss Vida Newsom, president. The meeting was held October 20. Mrs. Wells told of the hanging of a portrait of Dr. Anna Howard Shaw in the library at Omaha, Neb. Mrs. Grace Moore told of the establishment in Goucher College, Baltimore, Md., of a two-hour course on the history of the women movement. Mrs. William Budd spoke on the appointment

of Mrs. W. H. Felton, of Georgia, to a seat in the United States Senate to fill the unexpired term of Senator Watson.

The LaPorte League discussed the Republican and Democratic platforms at the October meeting, which was held at the Bay Tree Inn. George Griewank gave a descriptive talk on the modern home, in the interest of a better homes campaign.

Thomas Roberts, Republican county chairman, and Emmett White, Democratic chairman, were speakers before the Hammond League meeting in the Chamber of Commerce rooms.

At a meeting of the Ft. Branch League, Mrs. Belle Sterne explained the Republican state platform and Miss Clara Garrison the Democratic state platform. Mrs. Will E. Daugherty, president, presided.

The Newburg League has elected officers for the year as follows: Mrs. Eldora M. Raleigh, president; Mrs. Dorcas Curtis, first vice-president; Mrs. Lottie Vanada, second vice-president; Mrs. Mary Ange Willett, secretary; Miss Lena Frank, treasurer.

Dr. C. H. Taylor, pastor of the Methodist church spoke on "The Importance of an Election," at the opening meeting of the Bloomington League at the home of Mrs. W. W. Black. Committee chairmen were named as follows: Mrs. W. M. Tucker, membership; Mrs. Fred Finley, finance; Mrs. Emma Booe, local affairs, and Mrs. J. A. Neal, publicity.

Mrs. H. J. Dexter, of Rensselaer, has been appointed president of the North Union Township League to replace Mrs. Otterberg, who is moving to Janesville, Wis., for residence. A luncheon was given by the league in honor of Mrs. Otterberg, on October 18.

Money Talks

Dues and pledges from the branch leagues are coming into headquarters daily. The pledges which have been received during the last two weeks are as follows: Anderson League, \$50; Michigan City League, \$100; Lowell League, \$10; Miss Betsy Edwards of Shelbyville \$25. Mrs. Claribel M. Henry, of South Bend, has sent \$1, and Miss Grace Brandstrator has sent a subscription to the Woman Voter. Dues received from leagues are as follows:

Anderson	\$4.00
Evansville	7.50
Shelbyville	2.25
Peru	31.50
Hammond	4.00
Haubstadt	2.75
Frankfort	6.00
Ft. Branch	3.75
Owensville	2.00
Fairview Township League	.75
Lowell	2.00
Aurora	8.60

MORE REPLIES FROM CANDIDATES

"You will see from the crumpled condition of the questionnaire that I have been using the same in my addresses."

This came in a letter to state headquarters from Mrs. Lillie M. Tweedy, who is a candidate on the Democratic ticket for state senator from Wayne County. Mrs. Tweedy's letter accompanied her answers to the questionnaire which the league sent to all candidates for the national and state legislative bodies. Mrs. Tweedy continued:

"I have used them in the way of showing the people what the league stands for, but without comment as to my individual position on same. I have also spoken on the position the league has taken on child labor and the various other good things. I congratulate you on your success in putting through the Cable law. Just what we need."

Mrs. Tweedy replies "Yes" to the first question in the list. To the second, which refers to citizenship classes in public schools, she replies: "Yes to the first part of question. No to the last. The schools should have classes in citizenship along with their studies and covered by school funds." As to an appropriation by Indiana to match federal aid on the Sheppard-Towner bill, the third question, she replies that she is undecided, and believes we should be governed by tax conditions in the state. To the fourth question her answer is the same as to the third. She says to number 5: "Am in favor of not more than an eight hour day except in domestic service." As to the direct primary, she says: "It is not perfect, but the best we have so far. Should be amended in some way to make it possible for a member of one party to vote for a candidate of another party."

The office has received nine more replies to questionnaires sent to political candidates. This brings the total number to approximately 100, about one-fifth of the number of questionnaires sent out. Merrill Moores, Republican, the present representative from the seventh district to the National House of Representatives replies that he has adopted the policy to which he has uniformly and invariably adhered, of giving absolutely no promises or pledges of any sort. He added that he is serving his fourth term in Congress, his record is easily available and by consulting it the league may find out how he stands on the questions asked. He continues:

"In a general way I am able to say that I favor adequate appropriations for all government activities. I know of nothing worse than a process of starvation such as the congress has applied to the Bureau of Efficiency ever since its establishment, and to several other similar activities. I am in favor of any measure which will tend to the removal of illiteracy throughout the United States; but I would not make any educational funds available for the use of any state which denies to men and women of negro blood equal opportunity for education with men and women whose ancestors came to this country from Europe or Asia, or were aborigines of this continent."

Frank R. Martin, candidate for Democratic senator from Lake County, replies "Yes" to questions 1, 2, 4,

and 5 in the questionnaire sent to candidates for the state legislature. In reply to (2) he says: "I think citizenship classes should be part of the school study, but would oppose any great outlay in money at this time. Economy is the greatest need in our state today." In reply to the question on the Sheppard-Towner law he says that he is not familiar with the law.

G. W. Sims, Republican candidate for representative from Vigo County, is favorable to all measures. In regard to the Sheppard-Towner law, he adds, "I think it one of the best bills passed by the national house for ever so long a time." He is in favor of the direct primary, he adds.

James J. Nedjl, Republican, holdover senator from Lake County, replies "Yes" to questions 1, 2, 3, and 5, and says in reply to 4: "Taking money from other funds would establish a bad precedent. I am in doubt."

John P. Kimmel, Democratic candidate for representative from Lake and Porter Counties, replies "Yes" to all questions and adds that he is in favor of the direct primary.

Frank F. Noll, Jr., Republican candidate for representative from Marion County, replies "Yes" to 1, 2, and 4. To 3 he says: "Am unable to reply, not being sufficiently advised. I expect my action to be governed largely by the desires of the women in this as well as in other matters which vitally concern them." To 5 he says: "As a general proposition, yes. Perhaps it might be shown there should be some exceptions." He says that in the past he was somewhat impressed with arguments against the primary, but recent events have convinced him that the people may use the primary effectively when sufficiently interested.

William A. Hill, Republican candidate for representative from Lake and Porter Counties, replies "Yes" to number 2, but strikes out the clause "and providing means for financing same through state legislation." He answers the other questions with question marks, and states that he is in favor of the direct primary.

W. F. Hodges, Republican candidate for senator from Lake County answers "Yes" to 1, 2, 3, and 5. He says to 4: "Some method should be adopted to carry out the act."

Claude S. Steele, Republican holdover senator from LaPorte and Starke Counties, answers "Yes" to all, qualifying 1 with "whenever needed" and 2 with "in a general way." He adds that he hopes to see the direct primary amended to do away with its bad features.

ANNE HOWARD SHAW MEMORIAL

(Continued from Page 2)

generation, helping women to help themselves and humanity. Memorials like this and the Riley Hospital are splendid testimonials to the civilization of our day."

Mrs. Christine Cunningham is the new president of the Princeton League and Mrs. F. D. Hirschberger is the new president of the Howe League.

THE WOMAN VOTER

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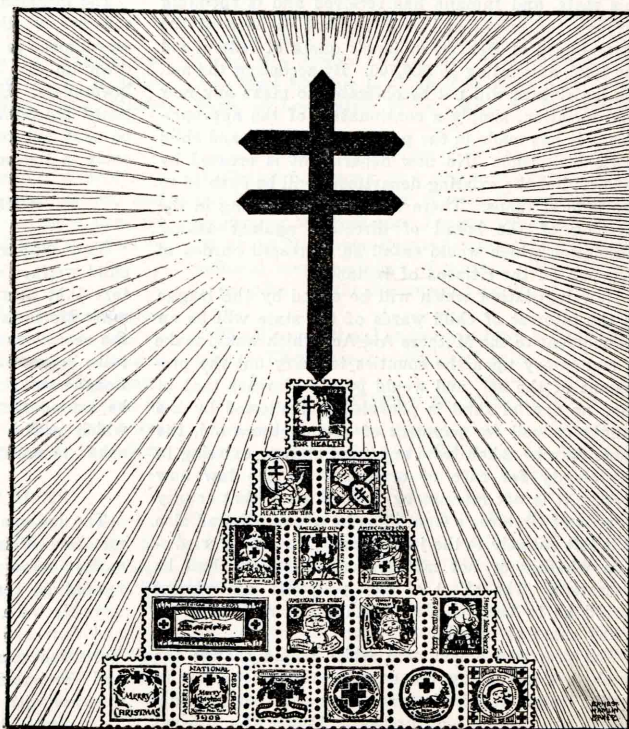
Indianapolis, Indiana, December, 1922

Number 19

Christmas

Christmas greetings! At this season of the year, when the hearthstones of our homes are glowing with the spirit of Christmas giving, we who are members of the League of Women Voters should feel deep satisfaction in the part we have taken in building a brighter fire on the community hearthstone. If we disbanded tomorrow and the records of our work were sealed for all time, enough constructive work already has been accomplished to repay us for our efforts. There is, however much to be done. We can enjoy our Christmas holidays, knowing that we have reached out helping hands to humanity during the past year, and realizing that we will have even greater opportunities for service in the coming year.

THE LIFE SAVER



CHRISTMAS SEALS

Through the years
have been the foundation
of

Anti-Tuberculosis
Work

BUY CHRISTMAS SEALS
AND HEALTH BONDS

THE WOMAN VOTER

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LEAGUE PLANS ADVANCED LEGISLATION

Two advance steps in child welfare legislation, and a change in the method of amending the state constitution will be sought by the Indiana League of Women Voters in the 1923 General Assembly of Indiana. The legislative program, in its final form, was mapped out at the November meeting of the board of directors at the Claypool Hotel, Indianapolis. The meeting was well attended and each proposed piece of legislation was discussed freely and fully.

The League will ask the legislature to accept for Indiana the Sheppard-Towner act. Governor McCray has already accepted the act, pending the meeting of the legislature, so that the league asks of the legislature simply a continuation of the governor's action. Through his action, the law has become operative in this state, and Indiana has received and is spending through the infant and child hygiene division of the State Board of Health, Indiana's quota of federal aid for 1922, amounting to \$20,700. By accepting the act, the legislature will not be obligated to make any new appropriation, simply a continuation of the appropriations it has made in the past for the infant and child hygiene division. No new department is created by the act; but the existing department will be enabled to use federal funds. There was a strong feeling in the meeting of the board of directors against asking legislation which would entail an increased burden of taxation on the citizens of Indiana.

New legislation which will be asked by the league in the interest of child wards of the state will be an amendment to the Mothers Aid Act which would make it mandatory upon the counties to carry out the provisions of the act, and would provide further that in case no special fund is provided and allowed by the county council for payment of said mothers aid, the same may be taken from any fund already existing in the county for care of orphans. As the law now stands, it is not mandatory, but optional, that county Boards of Children's Guardians be appointed, and also it is left entirely to the judge having juvenile jurisdiction whether or not mothers compensation shall be operative. The effect of the proposed amendment would be to keep children with their mothers in as many cases as possible.

The proposed amendment which would change the method of amending the constitution will be put in by the league at this time, as no constitutional amendments are pending at present. Under the present

system, a proposed amendment must pass two sessions of the legislature and then must be submitted to vote of the people. All votes cast in the election at which the amendment is voted upon are counted for or against that specific amendment. If a person votes on other questions in the election, but does not vote either way on the specific amendment, his vote is counted against the amendment. The League proposes that only the votes cast for or against a specific amendment be counted for or against that amendment. It is the League's contention that this will be a fairer method of procedure.

From League headquarters literature has been sent to all the newly-elected legislators explaining the League's reasons for advocating the proposed measures.

NATIONAL CONVENTION PLANS

The next annual convention of the National League of Women Voters will be held in Des Moines, Iowa, April 9 to 14, 1923. The place and date were decided by the governing board of the League at a meeting in Chicago. The subject to be discussed at the convention mass meeting will be "International Co-operation to Prevent War," and Miss Ruth Morgan of New York, chairman of the committee on international co-operation to prevent war, will preside.

DECEMBER PROGRAM SUGGESTION

The headquarters suggests that the branch leagues consider, at their December meetings, the proposed amendment to the Mothers Aid act. The League will draw up this amendment and will present it to the lawmakers. Literature on the original law, the proposed amendment and reasons for its adoption will be sent out to the leagues from state headquarters early in December.

CHILD WELFARE SPEAKER

Mrs. Wilbur Templin of Elkhart, chairman of the child welfare committee, has notified state headquarters that Mrs. Featherston of the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial, Chicago, will be in the state during the second week in January, and will be available for talks before branch leagues on child welfare problems. Leagues may obtain her for expenses only. She will be routed from state headquarters, and any league which wishes to avail itself of this opportunity is asked to notify headquarters.

RESULTS OF NOVEMBER ELECTION

The Indiana legislature will again have one woman member—Miss Elizabeth Rainey of Indianapolis. Nine women were elected as recorders in Indiana as the results of the county elections November 7; three were elected as county clerks; one as county treasurer; and four as auditors. In Vigo County Mrs. Dasie Valentine was elected a councilman and in Shelby and Vanderburg counties, Mrs. Lottie Kinsley Mardis, a widow with four children, and Mrs. Charles Georget, were elected township trustees.

THE WOMAN VOTER

NEWS OF THE BRANCH LEAGUES

The Valparaiso League, acting in conjunction with the Porter County nurse, Miss Sybil Kitchen, has created general interest throughout the county in conditions at the county farm. The report made by the State Board of Charities, following its recent inspection of the poor asylum, shows the institution to be in need of cleaning and renovating, shows the need of an improvement in administration, and of the employment of additional help.

Miss Edith Kessler, Allen County nurse, gave a demonstration of her work before the Stroh League at a recent meeting.

The department of visual education, with Mrs. C. D. Greenleaf as chairman, had charge of a meeting of the Elkhart League in the Haynes auditorium. J. F. Wiley, superintendent of schools, spoke on "The Value of Visual Education in the School." The motion picture, "Panama and Its Historical Significance," then was presented, with explanatory talk by Mrs. Ira Church. Mrs. Charlotte Chorpennig of Chicago, director of the dramatic department of the recreation training school at Hull House, spoke on Little Theater activities and community recreation.

The Hartford City League had a reception for new members at the home of Mrs. William Love Friday evening, November 17.

In observance of Cancer week, the Peru League met in the library to hear an address by Dr. E. H. Griswold on "Cancer," and a talk by Miss Yoder, Miami County nurse.

The Ft. Wayne League has joined the Woman's Club League, the parent-teacher organization, and other women's organizations in sponsoring a fire-prevention campaign which will extend over a period of about ten months.

Albert H. Vestal, Eighth district representative, has assured the Anderson League that he will do everything in his power toward obtaining adequate appropriation for the advancement of vocational training in home economics. The committee appointed by the League to interview Mr. Vestal in this regard was composed of Mrs. J. W. Sansberry, president; and Mrs. Jessie Fremont Croan.

Among the leagues which had opposing political candidates as speakers at meetings held shortly before the election, November 7, were the following: Olive Township (St. Joseph County); Michigan City, Elkhart, Remington, and Kokomo.

"The Political Parties Versus the Independent Voters" was the subject of a talk by Lloyd McClure before the Kokomo League at a meeting November 24 in the public library.

The Jasper County League discussed the state league legislative program and the subject of taxes at its November meeting. There was a discussion also of "Know Your Own County" topics, including care of Jasper County orphans and the question of the need of a probation officer.

The Indianapolis League is in the midst of a membership drive which will continue until December 15. Chairmen of teams are Mrs. S. E. Perkins, Mrs. M. D. Spellman, and Miss Sara Lauter. Each team has ten captains and each captain five workers who are expected to gain a minimum of five new members each. This League has started a collection of campaign songs, beginning with the time of Lincoln.

Mrs. W. H. Ehrich, president of the Evansville League, has appointed committee chairmen for the year as follows: Mrs. E. A. Torrance and Mrs. Merrill Wilson, co-chairman of ways and means; Mrs. Ed. Fehn, publicity; Mrs. Frederick Erlbacher, constitution.

The Haubstadt League, one of the newest branch organizations, enrolled twenty-five new members at its first regular meeting, and reports a great deal of enthusiasm among the membership.

Mrs. C. L. Olcott, president of the Aurora League, has appointed committees for the year as follows: Program—Mrs. Charles Carmichael, Dr. Ella S. Holmes, Miss Lillie A. Kappel. Local Affairs—Mrs. J. R. Houston, Mrs. Albert Teaney, Miss Julia Spaeth. Membership—Mrs. T. J. Ewing, Mrs. Everett McClure, Mrs. Henry Funke, Mrs. E. J. Martin. Publicity—Miss Eleanor L. Connelton, Miss Ann Bleasdale. News of Legislative Work—Miss Abigail Holman.

Mrs. James W. Morrisson of Chicago, formerly Mary Foulke of Richmond, now prominent in the affairs of the National League of Women Voters, addressed a meeting of the Richmond League Thursday, November 16, at the Morrisson-Reeves library. She spoke on the political responsibilities of women. Mrs. H. J. Vail is president of the Richmond League.

The Bloomington League will have a fruit sale, and later a Christmas handkerchief sale.

FOR WOMEN IN THE ORIENT

Indiana women are interested in the national movement to raise a fund of \$2,000,000 for the Women's Union Christian Colleges in the Orient, in order to obtain the \$1,000,000 offered by the Laura Spellman Rockefeller fund management. Mrs. Walter S. Greenough, president of the Indiana League of Women Voters, is an advisory member of the committee in charge of the Indiana campaign, of which Mrs. Felix T. McWhirter is chairman. A campaign is being carried on this month throughout the country to obtain the last \$1,000,000, which must be pledged before January 1 if the Rockefeller gift is to be obtained. Seven colleges in three nations—India, China and Japan—are to be supported by this fund.

NATIONAL VISITOR COMING

"The Renaissance of the European Woman" will be the subject of Mrs. Lewis Rose of Hartford, Connecticut, in her talks before branch leagues throughout the state this month. Mrs. Rose will open her Indiana tour in Anderson, where she will address an afternoon meeting on December 5. A number of district meetings are being planned, with Mrs. Rose as the principal speaker, and in most cases she will address evening meetings in order that the largest possible number of persons may hear her.



MRS. LEWIS ROSE

Early in the summer Mrs. Rose made a trip through Italy, Australia, Czecho-Slovakia, Germany, France, and England, where she talked with women leaders and members of Parliament, attended parliamentary sessions and meetings of women's organizations, all for the purpose of gathering information on the economic, social and political status of the European woman. She comes to Indiana from the west where she was sent as a special representative of the National League of Women Voters to attend the state conventions of Washington, Nevada and Utah. Mrs. Rose is known as a brilliant speaker, with great ability as an organizer.

Mrs. Rose will address an evening meeting in Rensselaer on December 7; a luncheon in Indianapolis on December 8, and a meeting in Shelbyville that evening; will address the sixth district meeting in Connersville on Saturday, December 9; on the following Monday will speak in Elkhart both morning and afternoon; will go to Terre Haute to speak Tuesday evening, and to Peru for Wednesday evening. She will speak in Valparaiso Friday afternoon and in Hammond Saturday afternoon, December 16, at a joint meeting of the Tenth district and Lake County organizations. She may speak also in Evansville, and at a Ninth district gathering, the dates to be arranged.

MONEY TALKS

Miss Helen I. Miller, secretary of the Hagerstown League, has sent to state headquarters the League's state pledge of \$25. This was made up by five members: Mrs. C. N. Teetor, Mrs. John Teetor, Mrs. Raymond Small, Mrs. Huston Fearis, and Miss Miller, in order that the state might have the use of the money at once. Other contributions which have been received are as follows: Walter J. Riley, East Chicago, \$100; Dr. J. A. Turner, Nashville, \$5; Mrs. George Kleider, Marion, \$5; Jasper League, dues, \$7.75; Miss Betsy Edwards, Shelbyville, for The Woman Voter, \$.25; Delphi League, dues, \$4.50; Logansport League, dues, \$6; Lowell League, dues, \$1; Clay City League, dues, \$5.50; pledge, \$5.50; Miss Sara Lauter, Indianapolis, pledge, \$15; Miss Eldena Lauter, Indianapolis, pledge, \$15; Mrs. Tibbles, Bloomington, for The Woman Voter, 50 cents; St. Joseph County League, dues, \$69.75; Mrs. Grayston Ruhl, Ft. Wayne, for The Woman Voter, 25 cents; Ft. Wayne, toward state pledge, \$25; Hammond League, dues, \$4.75; Goodland League, dues, \$2; Aurora League, dues, 50 cents; Mrs. Guy Osbon, Jasonville, state dues, \$1.

Mrs. Alice Foster McCulloch of Ft. Wayne, chairman of the education committee, entertained members of her advisory committee, district chairmen of education, Mrs. Walter S. Greenough, state president, and Miss Helen Rogers Hand, executive secretary, at luncheon in the L. S. Ayres and Co. tea room, Indianapolis, Saturday, December 2, when plans were discussed for educational activities throughout the state. The three most important phases of the work of this committee are follow up work on the citizenship amendment to the state constitution, the enforcement of the new federal law providing for independent citizenship for women, and follow up work on the child labor and school attendance law passed by the last state legislature. These three pieces of legislation were sponsored by the League of Women Voters. Members of Mrs. McCulloch's advisory committee are as follows: Miss Clara Gilbert, Kendallville; Miss Agatha Diek, Ft. Wayne; Mrs. Richard Edwards, Peru. District chairmen of education are as follows: First, Mrs. Nora B. Corn, Petersburg; second, Mrs. Walter Hottell, Bloomington; third, Mrs. H. C. Knapp, Huntington; fourth, Miss Kate Jackson, Seymour; fifth, Mrs. Herbert Sutton, Clay City; sixth, Mrs. W. S. Saxon, Falmouth; seventh, Miss Alma Sickler, Indianapolis; eighth, Mrs. Faye Smith Knapp, Decatur; ninth, Miss Mary Whitson, Kokomo; tenth, Miss Stella Fox, West Lafayette; eleventh, Mrs. Robert E. Hinman, Peru; twelfth, Mrs. R. Earl Peters, Ft. Wayne; thirteenth, Mrs. W. J. Fealloch, Michigan City.